City of Wichita, Kansas

Incorporated 1870 City of 1st Class 1886 Council-Manager Form of **Government Adopted 1917**

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004



CITY COUNCIL

Carlos Mayans, Mayor Carl Brewer, Vice Mayor (I) Sue Schlapp, Council Member (II) Phil Lambke, Council Member (III) Paul Gray, Council Member (IV) Bob Martz, Council Member (V) Sharon Fearey, Council Member (VI)

City Manager

George Kolb

Department of Finance

Kelly Carpenter, Director of Finance Tom Smith, Acting Interim Director of Finance

> Prepared by Controller's Office Department of Finance

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal	i-ix
Certificate of Achievement	Х
Organization Chart	xi
Principal Officials	xii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Auditors	A – 1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	A – 3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	A – 13
Statement of Activities	A – 14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	A – 16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Assets	A – 18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Governmental Funds	A – 20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	A – 22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	A – 23
Balance Sheet – Proprietary Funds	A – 24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	A – 28
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	A – 30
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	A – 34
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	A – 35
Notes to the Financial Statements	A – 36
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress:	
Wichita Employees Retirement System	A – 74
Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System	A – 74
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types	B – 1
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	B – 2
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	B – 6
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances (Deficits) – Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types	B – 9
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	B – 10
Combining Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	B – 14
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis):	
General Fund	B – 16
Special Revenue Funds:	
Tourism and Convention Promotion Fund	B – 20
Downtown Trolley System Fund	B – 21
Special Alcohol Program Fund	B – 22

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	Page
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: (continued)	
Special Revenue Funds: (continued)	
Special Parks and Recreation Fund	B – 23
Ice Rink Management Fund	B – 24
Landfill Fund	B – 25
Landfill Post Closure Fund	B – 26
Central Inspection Fund	B – 27
Economic Development Fund	B – 28
Sales Tax Construction Pledge Fund	B – 29
Property Management Operations Fund	B – 30
State Office Building Fund	B – 31
Gilbert /Mosley TIF District Fund	B – 32
North Industrial Corridor TIF District Fund	B – 33
East Bank TIF District Fund	B – 34
Old Town TIF District Fund	B – 35
21 st and Grove TIF District Fund	B – 36
Central and Hillside TIF District Fund	B – 37
Old Town Cinema TIF District Fund	B – 38
Main and Murdock TIF District Fund	B – 39
Self Supporting Municipal Improvement District Fund	B – 40
City/County Flood Control Fund	B – 41
City/County Metropolitan Planning Fund	B – 42
Art Museum Board Fund	B – 43
Debt Service Fund	B – 44
Enterprise Funds: Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	C – 1 C – 2
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	C – 3
Schedule of Budgetary Accounts:	
Water Utility Fund	C – 5
Sewer Utility Fund	C - 6
Storm Water Utility Fund	C – 7
Internal Service Funds:	Б. 0
Combining Balance Sheet	D – 2
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	D – 4 D – 6
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	D – 6
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	D 40
Fund Net Assets – Self Insurance Funds	D – 10
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	D 44
Information Technology Fund	D – 11 D – 12
Fleet and Buildings Fund	D – 12 D – 13
Stationery Stores Fund	D – 13
Fiduciary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	E-1
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	E-2
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	E – 3
Component Unit:	- 1
Statement of Cash Flows – Wichita Public Building Commission	F – 1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	Page
Combining, and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: (continued) Additional Information:	
	G – 1
Reconciliation of Bonds Payable	G – 1
Summary of Debt Service Charges to Maturity:	
	G – 2
	G - 3
	G – 4
	G-6
	G – 8
STATISTICAL SECTION	
,	H-2
	H-2
	H – 4
	H – 4
	H – 5
	H – 5
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Government Expenditures	H – 6
	H - 7
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and	
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	H - 8
	H – 10
	H – 12
Schedule of Sewer Utility Revenue Bond Coverage	H – 12
Principal Taxpayers H	H – 13
Demographic Statistics	1 – 14
Bank Deposits and Construction Activity	H – 14
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	I – 1
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program,	
the Passenger Facility Charge Program and Internal Control Over Compliance with OMB	
Circular A-133 and the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide	1-3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	I – 6
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1-8
	I – 10
Notes to the Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges	I – 11
WATER & SEWER UTILITIES	
Message to the Bondholders	J - 1
Water & Sewer Utility Statistics	J - 3
Water & Sewer Utility Revenue Schedule	J - 4
Water & Sewer Utility Combined Balance Sheet	J - 5
Water & Sewer Utility Combined Statement of Cash Flows	J - 6
Water & Sewer Utility Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Notes to Water & Sewer Combined Statements	J - 7 J - 8

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— INTRODUCTORY SECTION —



Department of Finance Controller's Office City Hall – Twelfth Floor 455 North Main Wichita, Kansas 67202

April 22, 2005

The Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Wichita, Kansas

Dear Mayor, Council and Manager:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Wichita for the year ended December 31, 2004, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City and its component units. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Kansas Statutes require an annual audit of all funds of the City by independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 are free of material misstatement. The firm of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik L.C. has included their opinions in the report. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State Statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures from federal awards, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with

applicable laws and regulations, are included in the single audit section of this report. The audit for the year ended December 31, 2004, disclosed no reportable conditions, material weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Wichita is the largest city in Kansas, population 354,980, and is the county seat of Sedgwick County. The City is located in south central Kansas, 161 miles southeast of the nation's geographic center and 124 miles from the North American geodetic center. The City's incorporated area is 152 square miles.

In 1917, the City became one of the first municipalities in the United States to adopt the Commission-Manager (also known as the Council-Manager) form of government. In 1987, the form of government was modified to a Council-Manager form with City Council members nominated by district and elected at large. One member of the Council was appointed annually to serve as Mayor. In 1989, the form of government was again modified to a Mayor-Council-Manager form with a Mayor elected at large and other City Council members elected by district. The City Council was expanded from five to seven members, including the Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible to them for the management of all City employees and administration of all City affairs.

The City of Wichita and its component units provide a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, parks and recreation programs, libraries, art museum, public housing, public health and social services, infrastructure improvements, bus transportation, airports, water and sewer utilities, planning and zoning, cemetery maintenance, internal support services, and general administration.

The Budget Process: The budget process is a marketplace where past practices, present needs and future strategic objectives from all departments are brought together. The City of Wichita actually produces three operating budgets: 1) revising of the current year budget; 2) proposing and adopting a budget for the next year, which will become the Adopted Budget upon Council approval; and 3) projecting a budget for the year following, which becomes the basis for the proposed budget next year. Each year the departments are required to submit requests for appropriation by April to the Budget Office in the Department of Finance.

The Finance staff reviews the requests and prepares an analysis and recommendations to the City Manager. Department directors also present an overview to the City Council so the City Council may be better informed in its direction to the City Manager and Finance staff concerning priorities and desired objectives of the budget. The City Manager reviews the budget requests and recommendations to develop a proposed budget, presenting a recommended budget to the City Council for review in July. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than August 25.

Budgetary Control: The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at an individual fund level, but is monitored by function and activity within an individual fund. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, however, lawful encumbrances are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. As demonstrated by statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, the comparison is presented on page A-23 as part of the basic financial statements, as well as a more detailed presentation beginning on page B-16. For governmental funds, other than the general fund with appropriated annual budgets, the comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report which starts on B-1.

THE LOCAL ECONOMY

The Wichita area economy has begun to show signs of recovery. Retail sales are increasing, employers are calling employees back to work, the Wichita State University (WSU) Index of Leading Economic Indicators is on the rise, and major new employers such as INVISTA are entering the market. However, the economy still faces challenges. While some aircraft workers have been called back, it is only a small fraction of the nearly 15,000 laid-off employees laid off since September 11, 2001. Additionally the sale of Boeing Wichita's commercial operations to Onex Corp. adds an unknown risk to the local recovery. On balance, indicators suggest the economy will improve in 2005, but the improvements will be modest.

The WSU Current Conditions Index has been on a downward trend for five months, driven by a 6.6 percent decrease in new and existing home sales and a 2.4 percent decline in outbound airfreight shipments at Mid-Continent Airport. Despite the decline in the Current Conditions Index, the WSU Leading Economic Indicators Index has been rising for the past five quarters and is higher than it has been since early 1999.

The Consumer Expectations² Index declined significantly from January to February of 2005. Fewer people (13 percent fewer) believed the local economy was better than a year ago, and 12 percent fewer believed to was a good time to buy a major household item. The deterioration in expectations is the lowest index in seven months. Despite the decline in overall confidence, nearly 64 percent of the employed respondents expect their salary to increase over the next year.

Labor Market

Wichita's labor market is showing signs of recovery. Total wage and salary employment in 2004 declined 0.1 percent compared to 2003. Fourth quarter employment increased over the same period in 2003 to provide a turnaround in employment from ten quarters of declining employment.³

Initial claims filed for unemployment declined in 2004 by 29.9 percent. In 2004, 44,194 initial claims were filed compared to 63,066 in 2003. The unemployment rate is down to 5.7 percent in 2004 from 7.1 percent in 2003. Nonetheless, that translates into an average of 16,553 unemployed in the 12-month period ending December 2004 compared to 20,458 unemployed in the previous 12-month period.

The average hours worked per week in manufacturing are up in 2004 and the average hourly earnings were also up 8 percent to \$20.02 per hour. The CEDBR expects total wage and salary employment to increase modestly in 2005, projecting an increase of 4,300 jobs.

Production Sectors4

Employment is up in the construction sector driven by higher demand, but companies are strugging to maintain profit margins as construction input prices soar. Employment losses continue in the manufacturing sector, however, employment has remained stable in the mining sector as profits and production have increased with rising oil prices. The CEDBR is forecasting 2.2 percent employment growth (1,600) jobs amont the production sectors in 2005.

<u>Construction and Housing:</u> New residential construction has experienced significant growth in 2004. The inflation adjusted value of new residential construction permits is up 13.6 percent and the inflation-adjusted value of new commercial construction permits is up 26.9 percent.

¹ The economic analysis has been provided by the Center for Economic Development and Business Research, Wichita State University (CEDBR).

The Consumer Expectation Index is derived from the results of a monthly survey of approximately 400 households in the Wichita metropolitan statistical area.

³ Seasonally adjusted non-farm wage and salary employment.

⁴ CEDBR has defined the production sectors to include the manufacturing, construction and mining industries.

During the past five years, the USD 259 bond construction work totaled nearly \$285 million. The USD 259 work should be completed by the end of 2005 with no public construction projects of similar magnitude on the horizon. In November, Sedgwick County voters approved a one-cent sales tax increase to fund the construction of a new downtown regional events center. The construction of the \$133 million facility is not expected to begin before 2006. Another project on the horizon is a \$150 million project to build a new terminal at Mid-Continent Airport.

In summary, the outlook for construction is modest industry growth. Commercial construction will improve with the economy. Residential construction is expected to slow with rising interest rate and the impact of spent-up demand takes hold. Public construction is expected to slow. Maintaining profit margins will be the major challenge for 2005 as the cost of construction materials rises. Employment is expected to increase by 0.7 percent for a net gain of 100 jobs.

<u>Manufacturing:</u> After a three year recession, aviation manufacturing in Wichita has positive news with the callback of some furloughed workers to support rising orders and deliveries. Bombardier and Cessna both annouced plans for new business jets, the Cessna Citation XLS launched in 2004 and the Global Express SRS to be launched in 2006. The sale of Boeing Wichita's commercial operations to Onex Corp., a Toronto, Canada based company creates uncertainty however.

Cessna began hiring production and other workers in the spring of 2004. Raytheon recorded its single biggest order of business jets for 58 Hawkers from NetJets. Raytheon however, continued outsourcing jobs with some work going to Wichita subcontractors and some to companies outside the United States. Bombarier moved the Challenger 300 final assembly out of Wichita and consolidated its spare parts units for job losses of over 400.

In February, Boeing announced the sale of its Wichita commercial planes operations to Onex Corp. At this time it is uncertain what percentage of the Shared Services division employees will remain with Boeing. The Onex sale did not impact the Boeing Wichita military operations which will remain in Wichita. The sale is expected to be completed in the second quarter of 2005.

The forecast for manufacturing employment is an increase of 2.6 percent for a net gain of 1,500 jobs, with the uncertainty of the Boeing Commercial sale and its impact on area jobs.

Trade Sectors⁵

For the 12 months ending in December 2004, employment in the trade sectors was down one percent or 483 jobs. Most of the job losses have occurred in the transportation, warehousing and utilities industries. The retail trade sector showed growth of 0.3 percent during the period or 75 jobs. The CEDBR is forecasting growth of 200 jobs in 2005 or 0.4 percent overall.

<u>Retail trade:</u> Wichita continues to see an influx of national retailers. In 2004, Wal-Mart, Lowe's Hardware, Walgreens, Aldi's, Big Lots and Dillons each built new Wichita area locations. CarMax Auto Superstores is planning an East Kellogg location and ImageQuest, a retailer of digital copying, faxing and printing equipment is building a \$1.7 million headquarters in northeast Wichita. The highly competitive retail market is reflected in the numerous store closings that occurred as well during 2004. Among the national and local retailers closing are Gateway Computer stores, KB Toys and Red Wing Shoes.

While Wichita consumers have continued to spend money on homes throughout the recession, the same is not true for other retail spending. Sales rebounded in the first quarter of 2004 after five declining quarters. Taxable retail sales are up 2.7 percent for the first nine months of 2004 compared to the first nine months of 2003.

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⁵ The CEDBR defined the trade sector to include the wholesale and retail trades, transportation, warehousing and the utilities industries.

<u>Transportation:</u> Since the entrance of low-cost AirTran into the market, the number of outbound passengers at Wichita's Mid-Continent Airport has increased in each of the past three years. In 2004, outbound passengers totaled more than 749,000 up 4.4 percent from 2003. Over the past year, a number of airlines have added routes and increased the number of daily flights including Airtran, American Eagle, Sky West, Northwest and United. However during this same period Delta and Great Lakes discontinued flights.

In July, the Wichita Airport Authority recommended that a new terminal be built at Mid-Continent Airport. The Wichita City Council endorsed the \$150 million project which includes parking and roadway improvement in addition to a new terminal. The project is expected to span five years.

Service Sectors⁶

The service sector has grown over the past year, but that growth has not been even across industries. For the 12-month period ending in December 2004, employment was up 0.4 percent or 442 jobs. Growth was led by professional and business services (up 3.2 percent), educational and health services (up 1.6 percent) and other services up (1.5 percent). The remaining service sectors experienced job losses led by leisure and hospitality (down 875 jobs), the information sector (down 275 jobs) and the financial sector (down 33 jobs). The CEDBR projects employment growth of 2.1 percent or 2,500 jobs in 2005.

<u>Telecommunications:</u> The telecommunciations industry continues to experience transitions. Birch Telecom closed its Wichita call center affecting about 50 employees. SBC Communications reduced employment system-wide while planning to offer high-speed fiber-optic service. Cingular Wireless acquired AT&T Wireless and smaller companies, such as Hubris Communications are expanding in the Wichita area.

<u>Call Centers</u>: In 2004, Wichita again lost numerous call center jobs. MCI, one of Wichita's largest call centers employing more than 600 full- and part-time employees, closed. Viking Office Projects is planning to close in early 2005, eliminating more than 100 jobs. Bank of America announced plans to close its Wichita Loan Center and eliminate 230 jobs. McLane Co. is closing its call center with a job loss of 120. On one positive note, ON-Line Communications is opening a call center in Wichita and plans to hire seven managers and 25 full-time telemarking positions.

<u>Health Care:</u> The demand for health care is largely unchanged by a downturn in the larger economy. However, the economics of the industry are affected by both the business cycle, government regulations and reimbursement rates. Despite the current pressures on profit margins, expansion activity was evident in 2004, with many providers building larger facilties and adding staff. Health care facilties including Wesley, Via Christi and the Wichita Clinic added services, staff and facilties to meet specific needs.

- Via Christi and AMS Diagnostics opened a medical imaging facility.
- Via Christi opened a new family practice and specialty clinic in early 2005.
- Select Medical Corp. opened a long-term acute care hospital at the Via Christi's St. Francis campus, which will employ up to 60 registered nurses, therapists and support staff.
- Wesley opened a new cardiovascular intervention unit.
- Wesley plans to open an emergency and diagnostic center at 13th and Tyler Road.
- Wichita Clinic is building a new medical office and ambulatory surgery center in northeast Wichita.
- Wichita clinic opened a cosmetic surgery center at its 21st and Webb location.
- Two companies, Harry Hynes Memorial Hospice and Hospice Care of Kansas, expanded their hospice services, with Hynes building a 12-bed inpatient unit at the Via Christi St. Francis campus and Hospice Care opening a second location.

<u>Tourism:</u> Most people do not think of Wichita as a major tourist destination. Yet, an estimated 3.4 million visitors came to the area in 2003, spending \$355.7 million. Most of Wichita's visitors are regional tourists traveling less than

⁶ The service sectors are defined to include information and financial services, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, education, health and other services.

200 miles. Wichita has landed two large national sporting events, the 2004 Women's International Bowling Congress, with more than 42,000 bowlers registered and the 2011 American Bowling Congress Men's Tournament, which is expected to attract 150,000 visitors. Additionally, the 2004 National Forensic League's National Speech Tournament will be held in Wichita, which is expected to attract nearly 6,000 participants and spectators.

In November 2004, Sedgwick County voters approved a one-cent, 30-month local sales tax to pay for the construction of a new 15,000 seat, regional events center in downtown Wichita. Construction is expected to begin in 2006.

<u>Restaurants</u>: As in the past, numerous restaurants opened and closed in 2004. Wichita based companies such as Total Entertainment and Spangles continue to expand in other markets, with Total Entertainment opening its first Wichita restaurant, Fox and Hound in the Waterfront development. Amarillo Grill closed its last Wichita location as a result of its parent bankruptcy.

CITY BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL PLAN

Business Plan: The City's budget outlines a plan for the provision of programs and services. The downturn in the local economy and losses in State financial aid that began in 2002 required a refocusing of priorities to maintain essential services in the face of rising costs. The City has proceeded with priority elements of its business plan, including:

- Two new Police beats with community policing components in each beat are being added to address law enforcement service needs in a geographically larger city.
- Six fire stations were constructed, relocating fire personnel and apparatus within the community to meet changing needs for emergency fire and medical response services with an additional five stations planned in future years.
- Operating budgets were provided for the two new regional branch libraries that consolidate and improve library services in the northern and southern areas of Wichita.
- Efforts are continuing to expand both the water and sanitary sewer system capacities to meet projected needs over the next fifty years, including expansion of the water supply and completion of treatment facility construction.
- Major freeway construction continues and is underway concurrently on east and west segments of US-54 highway that bisects Wichita, as well as continued planning for elevation of rail trackage that run north-south through the city.
- Enhancement of the City's technology services is continuing with extension of a wide-area network connecting all major City facilities and installation of a new computer system serving Police and Court functions was completed.
- Investment in parks, athletic complexes and the arts programs continues to ensure ample leisure opportunites.
- A continued investment in Old Town with the relocation of CityArts into the Old Town District.
- The groundbreaking on the WaterWalk development on the banks of the Arkansas River.

Long-Term Financial Planning: The City takes prudent actions to manage its finances long-term. With the knowledge that an economic downturn was likely, the City took action to lower costs beginning in fiscal 2001, so that cash reserves were increased as a cushion against expected losses in 2002 and 2003. The positive change in cash reserve allowed continuation of essential services without a tax increase during a period of revenue shortfall. As a result, the 2004 or 2005 budget did not require a mill levy increase, though actual levies fluctuated slightly with changes in assessed valuation.

The City routinely prepares a five-year outlook as a preliminary to the annual budget process, then issues a two-year operating budget to identify trends that may extend beyond the statutorially mandated one-year budget. Additionally,

the City prepares a ten-year capital budget and plan to better allow for the extended timeframe required for completion of capital projects, including coordination with grant and other funding requirements.

In 2002 the City undertook to change the structure of debt financing of two components of its capital programs. In light of the long-term capital requirements of the Water and Sewer utilities and a fifty year useful life of infrastructure investments for water supply and sewage treatment, the City undertook some limited twenty-five year debt financing to introduce more intergenerational equity and lower projected rate increases on the near term. This was a modest departure from past practice of twenty-year utility debt financing. Beginning in 2003, Water and Sewer Revenue bond issues reflect the longer debt structure. A similar analysis on the financing of freeway construction from a dedicated local sales tax resulted in extending debt term from ten to fifteen years so that more freeway construction could proceed earlier and capturing grant funding support. The 2003 and 2004 bond issues also reflects the extended debt structure.

Cash Management: Under a comprehensive, written investment policy, the City continues to manage a pooled funds investment program for all cash not otherwise restricted. The banking services agreement for maintenance of the City's checking account is with Intrust Bank. The agreement allows for a Treasury Management Public Funds account for the City's overnight cash in its checking account, at a rate based on the previous months four-week average of the 91-day Treasury Bill less .50 basis points. The program allows the City to invest its cash in secured investments for larger amounts, for longer terms, with fewer total investment transactions and for generally higher yields on City investments.

The City's pooled investments, with an amortized cost of \$264,511,034 had a fair value of \$263,456,096 at December 31, 2004. The weighted average maturity of the portfolio was 194 days. The weighted average yield to maturity of 2.07 percent compared to the City's benchmark 91-day Treasury Bill yield of 2.21 percent. The rapid and successive increases in the short-term yield curve caused current investments to decline in market value. The increased interest rates however, provide opportunity for higher yields as the portfolio's current investments mature and are reinvested.

Risk Management: The City's insurance, self-insurance, and safety programs are funded and administered through the Risk Management office. Funds for these programs are provided through allocations to all covered operations based upon their exposure and loss experience. The funds are maintained in a risk management reserve fund as authorized in Kansas Statutes. In addition, the City, Airport Authority, Art Museum, and Wichita Public Building Commission maintain insurance policies and bonds as detailed in the Additional Information Section of this report.

Pension Administration: The reporting entity contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans and a single-employer defined contribution plan, covering all full-time employees. The defined benefit plans include the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WER) with an asset-liability funding ratio of 112.1% and the Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System (P&F) with an asset-liability funding ratio of 99.8% (both as of 12-31-04). A single-employer defined contribution plan consists of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3.

In 2004, the City contributed 6.4 percent for Wichita Employee Retirement System Plan 1 employees, 4.7 percent of salaries for employees under the Plans 2 and 3 and 14.0 percent of salaries for employees in the Police and Fire Retirement System. A separate comprehensive annual financial report is issued for the City's pension funds and systems.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wichita, Kansas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The 2003 award represents the 31st consecutive year that the City of Wichita's comprehensive annual financial report earned the

recognition.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The 2003 report also includes a supplementary section for the benefit of Water and Sewer revenue bondholders. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the report of the independent auditors, combined financial statements and related footnote disclosures, combining statements by fund type and individual fund, and additional information pertaining to the reporting entity. The statistical section includes financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The single audit section includes independent auditor reports on internal control and compliance with requirements of major federal programs.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR THE PENSION TRUST FUNDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wichita, Kansas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 for the Pension Trust Funds of the City of Wichita. As for the primary government's financial report, in order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The 2003 award represents the 5th consecutive year that the City of Wichita's comprehensive annual financial report for pension funds earned the recognition.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the current comprehensive annual financial report for pension funds continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

OUTSTANDING BUDGET PRESENTATION AWARD

The City of Wichita has received for the 16th consecutive year, the GFOA's Outstanding Budget Presentation Award for its 2004 budget document. The award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. Its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management.

In order to receive the award, a government must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications medium. The award is the budgetary counterpart to the Certificate of Achievement and is valid for one year only.

CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE FOR INVESTMENT POLICY

The Association of Public Treasurers, United States and Canada, awarded a Certificate of Excellence for the City's Investment Policy in 2002. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Excellence, a government must prepare and publish an investment policy that meets the standards established by the Association.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Controller's Office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the office who assisted and contributed to its preparation. The City Manager and elected members of the City governing body continue their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a professional, responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Leey Carpenter

Kelly Carpenter Director of Finance

Tom Smith

Acting Assistant Director of Finance

med Anchillan

Thomas B. Smith

Carol McMillan Controller

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wichita, Kansas

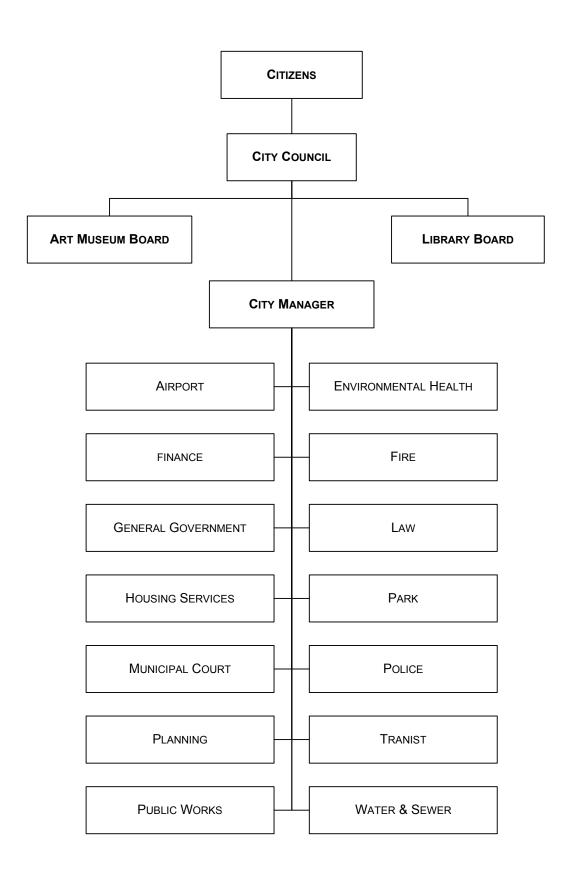
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WITE DEPT.

Cancy L. Zielle President

Executive Director



CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS

Carlos Mayans	Mayor	268-4331
Carl Brewer	Vice Mayor (I)	268-4331
Sue Schlapp	Council Member (II)	268-4331
Phil Lambke	Council Member (III)	268-4331
Paul Gray	Council Member (IV)	268-4331
Bob Martz	Council Member (V)	268-4331
Sharon Fearey	Council Member (VI)	268-4331

CITY OFFICES

City Manager	268-4351	George Kolb, City Manager
General Government	268-4351	Cathy Holdeman, Assistant City Manager
Airport	946-4700	Tom Nolan, Interim Director of Airports
Art Museum	268-4977	Charles Steiner, Director of Art Museum
Central Inspection	268-4460	Kurt Schroeder, Superintendent
Finance	268-4300	Kelly Carpenter, Director of Finance
Fire	268-4451	Kay Johnson, Director of Environmental Health
Housing Services	268-4687	Mary Vaughn, Director of Housing Services
Law	268-4681	Gary Rebenstorf, Director of Law & City Attorney
Library	261-8500	Cynthia Berner-Harris, Director of Libraries
Municipal Court	268-4611	Kay Gales, Court Administrator
Park	268-4361	Doug Kupper, Director of Parks and Recreation
Personnel	268-4531	Lori Wilkerson, Interim Personnel Director
Planning	268-4421	John Schlegel, Director of Planning
Police	268-4158	Norman Williams, Chief of Police
Public Works	268-4497	Chris Carrier, Director of Public Works
Transit	265-1450	Jay Banasiak, General Manager
Water and Sewer	268-4504	David Warren, Director of Water and Sewer

— FINANCIAL SECTION —

Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members
City of Wichita, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wichita, Kansas (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2005 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, Water and Sewer

Section, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by OMB Circular A-133, and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges required by the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Water and Sewer Section, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information in the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on such information.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

March 25, 2005 Wichita, Kansas The following discussion and analysis of the City of Wichita's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. The management discussion and analysis is presented in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City of Wichita's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- ⇒ The City's net assets increased \$89.7 million during the fiscal year ending 2004.
- ⇒ The cost of governmental activity was \$324.7 million. The amount paid by taxpayers through property taxes and sales tax was \$127.3 million or 39 percent.
- ⇒ The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported \$2.2 million in revenue and other financing resources in excess of expenditures and other uses.
- ⇒ The City maintains a positive bond rating and a progressive capital improvement program.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four major sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The financial statements include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Supplementary information, provided in addition to the basic financial statements, is located in the sections titled Additional Information, Statistical Section and Water and Sewer Section which provides specific information for water and sewer revenue bond holders.

The City presents two kinds of statements, each providing a different snapshot of the City's finances. The reporting focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the City's accountability.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements are prepared using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets will serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, absent extraordinary events.

The statement of activities reports how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets (current year's revenues and expenses) are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities), and from the City's component unit, the Wichita Public Building Commission. Governmental activities of the City include public safety, culture and recreation, public works, environmental health, housing and highways and streets. Business-type activities include the City's water, sewer, airport and transportation activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Wichita, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Wichita can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on cash flows and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash and are available in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between the short-term view of governmental fund statements and the long-term view of the governmental activities on the entity-wide financial statements are provided in reconciliations on pages A-18 and A-22. Primary differences are the impact of accounting for capital assets and their long term financing.

The City maintains 26 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the funds considered to be major funds. Information on the other 22 governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements found beginning on page B-1.

The City of Wichita adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund on page A-23 to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget. A more detailed budgetary statement is also provided beginning on page B-16 with the supplementary budgetary governmental fund statements.

Proprietary funds account for services for which the City charges customers a fee and include both enterprise and internal services funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. Enterprise funds account for Water and Sewer, Airport, Golf, Storm Water, and Transit operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Internal Service funds account for the City's fleet, technology, office supplies, and self-insurance programs. Because internal services primarily benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the assets and activities of the internal service funds have predominately been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds report the same types of information as the government-wide financial statements, however in greater detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Sewer and Airport funds all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The nonmajor funds are consolidated into an aggregated presentation on the proprietary fund financial statements, as are the internal service funds. Individual fund data for proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service funds) can be found on pages C-1 through D-13 of this report.

- Fiduciary funds report on activities for which the City is the trustee, or fiduciary, and like proprietary funds, present information based on the full accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds include the employees' pension plans and other funds that because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the specified purpose. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in fiduciary funds be used for the intended purposes only. Activities conducted in a fiduciary capacity are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City is prohibited from using fiduciary assets to finance its operations.
- Notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements immediately follow the basic financial statements.

- Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report also
 presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to
 provide pension benefits to its employees. The required supplementary information follows the notes to the
 financial statements, with additional in the sections titled Additional Information, Statistical Section and the
 Single Audit Section.
- The Water and Sewer Section provides for the specific informational needs of the Water and Sewer Revenue Bondholders.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF CITY AS A WHOLE

Net assets of the Primary Government. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is presenting comparative government-wide information for the prior period for the primary government and its component unit.

Net Assets – Primary Government As of December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003) (in millions of dollars)

Table 1

			Tot	tal										
	G	overnment	nmental Activities			usiness-typ	e Acti	vities	Primary Government					
	2004		2	2003	2	004		2003		2004		2003		
Current and other assets	\$	540.0	\$	447.8	\$	166.7	\$	196.7	\$	706.7	\$	644.5		
Capital assets		850.2		805.3		881.6		843.6		1,731.8		1,648.9		
Total assets		1,390.2		1,253.1		1,048.3		1,040.3		2,438.5		2,293.4		
Long-term liabilities		437.1		372.0		319.5		338.5		756.6		710.5		
Other liabilities		230.3		222.2		26.9		25.8		257.2		248.0		
Total liabilities		667.4	-	594.2		346.4	-	364.3		1,013.8		958.5		
Net assets:														
Capital assets, net of debt		370.2		414.2		625.3		574.7		995.5		988.9		
Restricted		338.0		229.7		51.0		75.1		389.0		304.8		
Unrestricted		14.6		15.0		25.6		26.2		40.2		41.2		
Total net assets	\$	722.8	\$	658.9	\$	701.9	\$	676.0	\$	1,424.7	\$	1,334.9		

Table 1 continued on next page

The net assets of the primary government increased \$89.8 million during the fiscal year ending 2004. Approximately 70 percent of the City's net assets reflect investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently the capital assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of these assets (27 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be spent. The unrestricted portion of the net assets is \$40.2 million (3 percent).

The unrestricted portion of the Business-type assets is \$25.6 million. The net assets (restricted and unrestricted) cannot be used to make up for any net asset deficit in governmental activities (current or projected). The City can only use these net assets to finance the continuing operations of the Water, Sewer, Airport, Golf, Storm Water, and Transit activities.

The City's total revenues (including capital and operating grants) totaled \$517.8 million in 2004, \$61.0 million more than in 2003. Operating grants remained relatively flat providing 10 percent of total revenue, while capital grants increased \$42.5 million dollars and provided 29 percent of the total revenue. Grants funding major highway projects increased \$38.3 million providing the majority of increase in capital grants. Notable increases in capital grants were recorded in the Airport Fund, resulting from increased air traffic and the passenger facility charge.

Table 1 (continued)
Net Assets – Wichita Public Building Commission
As of December 31, 2004
(with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)
(in millions of dollars)

	2	004	20	003
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	34.8	\$	36.4 - 36.4
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities		29.5 5.3 34.8		32.1 4.3 36.4
Net assets: Capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	-\$	- - - -	-\$	- - - -

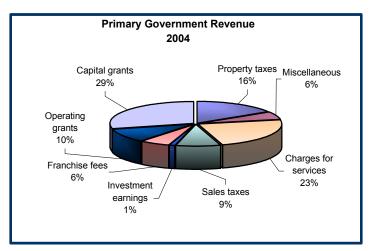
Traditionally public safety represents the largest expenses of the government activities. In fiscal year 2003 and 2004 major street and highway projects caused street and highway expenses to reach 23 percent of total expenses, surpassing public safety at 22 percent. Health and welfare, largely funded through operating grants, represents eight percent of total expenses with culture and recreation at seven percent. General government represents 11 percent of total expenses, up from eight percent in 2003 driven largely by the disposal of remnant properties resulting from the major street and highway projects.

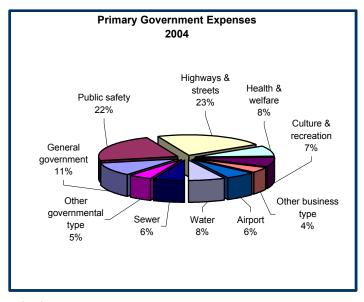
Governmental Activities. Major sources of revenue for the governmental activities are charges for services, taxes, and operating or capital grants. Operating and capital grants include revenues dedicated for special assessment projects, curb-to-curb maintenance (gas tax) as well as health and welfare projects. Table 2 provides a tabular comparison between the revenues and expenses of fiscal years 2003 and 2004. Both revenues and expenses in fiscal 2004 increased over those in 2003, primarily resulting from growth in property and sales tax revenue and intergovernmental capital grants for streets and highways. The amount paid by taxpavers through City sales and property taxes totaled \$127.3 million or 39 percent compared to 38 percent in 2003 and

The \$25.9 million increase in net assets in business-type activities is, at the Airport, largely derived from capital grants and improvements funded from passenger facility charges, while the increase in net assets in the Water and Sewer Utilities is largely derived from special assessment revenue on improvements.

Operating grants and charges for services (fee based) funded 40 percent of the governmental and business-type activities in 2004, a decrease from 42 percent in 2003 and 50 percent in 2002. Property and sales tax contribute 25 percent of the revenue and the remaining portion is generated from investment earnings, franchise fees, or miscellaneous income.

The City's expenses totaled \$428.5 million. Consistent with 2003, the combined expenses of the business-type activities represent 24 percent of the total expenses. Water expenses are approximately eight percent of total expenditures, while Sewer and Airport expenses each represent approximately 6 percent of total City expenses.





44 percent in 2002. Notably general revenues have increased in 2004, primarily with growth in property values of the City and increased collection of sales tax.

Business-type Activities. The Water and Sewer Utilities are the largest business-type activity funds of the City of Wichita. Capital improvements have required significant outlays putting increased pressure on rates. Water and Sewer rates increased three percent in each of the last four years with an additional 4 percent water increase in 2004 for taste and odor treatment specifically. Water rates did not increase in 2005, however a three percent increase in sewer rates was implemented for 2005. Currently the City has a water supply plan in place to support growth and development through 2050.

The Airport Fund accounts for activities of Mid-Continent, a commercial service airport and Jabara, a general aviation reliever airport. Fourteen carriers serve Mid-Continent Airport. AirTran Airways continues as the City's eastbound low-cost carrier, while Allegiant Air provides low-cost services directly to Las Vegas. The City has identified the need for a westbound low-cost carrier.

In 2003, Mid-Continent Airport was recognized as one of the fastest growing airports in the nation, with a record number of passengers using the airport. The increased passenger load was sustained in 2004, accomplished through subsidies to low-fare carriers and through community programs committing support to the low-fare carriers. Travelers are benefiting from continued service improvements and amenities at the Airport such as remodeling in the terminal, concourses and gate areas, an improved flight/baggage information display system, and wireless access to the Internet. Additional acreage was acquired to improve entrance to airport, provide additional runway protection, as well as provide for future development of both Mid-Continent and Jabara Airports.

Transit operations are funded from fares, General Fund subsidies and state and federal grants. Federal and state funding has remained relatively stable for public transportation. The Transit fleet is relatively new with 75 percent of the buses replaced since 2001. Transit operates a fleet of para-transit vans, replaced on a rotating basis with federal and state grant funds. A new transit operations center was placed in service in 1999, with computerized scheduling for paratransit service implemented in 2002, and electronic fareboxes in 2003. The Transit operation remains well positioned for the future with their recent capital investments.

The City operates five golf courses with an estimated 200,000 rounds of golf played annually. The City's newest golf course, Auburn Hills, has been in operation for three years and is ranked as one of the top ten public courses in Kansas. Operational restructuring has been implemented at several of the courses to maintain a quality attraction with a fee structure that encourages golfing as a leisure activity. Overall, golf play has been down, and with the restructuring investment, the finances of the golf course system have been stressed. To spur play, the City has initiated promotional activities and continues to groom young golfers through a junior golf program.

The Storm Water Utility is funded from fees paid by property owners and in past years, has been subsidized by the General Fund. The subsidies are on phase-out schedule, with 2005 being the final year of subsidy. Currently the utility operates and maintains six pump stations to move excess surface water from heavy rains. Additional pump stations will be added in conjunction with new development and redevelopment projects as needed. The utility maintains existing drainage systems, investigates drainage problems, is responsible for the design and construction of drainage projects, and monitors construction sites to ensure compliance with the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Ordinance.

ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The governmental funds reported a combined fund balance at year-end of \$160.5 million, an increase of \$63.3 million in 2004. The most notable increase was in the Debt Service Fund, which is reporting \$45.5 million in cash with a fiscal agent for a crossover bond issue, sold in 2004. Payments to defease the bonds will begin in 2005. As a result

of bonds sold in 2004, temporary local sales tax funding has been returned to the Local Sales Tax Capital Project Fund to be applied to current projects, raising the current fund balance \$15.5 million above last year.

Projects financed through the capital projects funds is the continuing expansion of Kellogg – the primary east/west connector through the City, the relocation to the Old Town District of CityArts, a City gallery and teaching facility for the arts, and has begun construction on the WaterWalk shopping and entertainment development on the Arkansas River bank, the results of a private/public partnership. Numerous other economic development projects are ongoing through both public and private/public partnerships, including the Kansas Sports Hall of Fame (in progress) and the streetscape refurbishment of the historic Delano district.

City of Wichita
Changes in Net Assets
As of December 31, 2004
(with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)
(in millions of dollars)

Table 2

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	E	Business-ty	ре Ас	tivities	Total Primary Government		
	2004		2003		2004		2003	2004	2003	
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 30.9	\$		\$	88.3	\$	83.3	\$ 119.2	\$	114.2
Operating grants and contributions	48.9		50.7		3.1		3.1	52.0		53.8
Capital grants and contributions	116.4		78.1		31.9		27.6	148.3		105.7
General revenues										
Property taxes	82.6		75.3		-		-	82.6		75.3
Sales taxes	44.7		39.7		-		-	44.7		39.7
Franchise fees	29.5		29.3		-		-	29.5		29.3
Other taxes	16.7		15.5		-		-	16.7		15.5
Investment earnings	5.7		5.5		5.6		6.3	11.3		11.8
Miscellaneous	13.3		11.4		0.2		0.1	13.5	_	11.5
Total revenues	388.7		336.4		129.1		120.4	517.8		456.8
Expenses										
General government	45.1		30.9		-		-	45.1		30.9
Public safety	94.0		88.4		-		-	94.0		88.4
Highways and streets	96.8		94.3		-		-	96.8		94.3
Sanitation	1.7		4.9		-		-	1.7		4.9
Health and welfare	35.9		38.8		-		-	35.9		38.8
Culture and recreation	32.1		29.2		-		-	32.1		29.2
Interest on long-term debt	19.1		16.0		-		-	19.1		16.0
Water	-		-		32.3		29.7	32.3		29.7
Sewer	-		-		27.0		26.1	27.0		26.1
Storm Water	-		-		4.0		4.2	4.0		4.2
Golf	-		-		4.4		4.0	4.4		4.0
Airport	-		-		25.3		24.6	25.3		24.6
Transit					10.8		10.0	10.8		10.0
Total expenses	324.7		302.5		103.8		98.6	428.5		401.1
Excess before prior period adjustments										
and transfers	64.0		33.9		25.3		21.8	89.3		55.7
Prior period adjustment	0.4		-		-		-	0.4		-
Transfers	(0.6)	_	(2.3)	_	0.6		2.3		_	-
Increase in net assets	\$ 63.8	=	\$ 31.6	\$	25.9	\$	24.1	\$ 89.7	\$	55.7

The General Fund is the major operating and taxing fund for the City of Wichita. At the close of 2004, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$22.0 million compared to \$20.7 million at the close of 2003. The designated portion, \$12.9 million, is for operating contingencies in the upcoming year.

Highlights of major revenue sources in the General Fund are:

- > Property taxes increased \$4.9 million as a result of increased property valuations. The City has held a long standing policy of maintaining a flat mill levy, currently at 31.8 mills.
- The City's portion of the local sales tax increased by \$2.5 million. The increase is attributed to a broadened base for compensating use tax and a strengthening of the general economic condition in the area. The sales tax revenue is also impacted by the distribution formula which increases the distribution to municipalities that also increase their mill levy.
- Franchise fees declined in 2002 due to a reduction in electric rates and the growth in wireless technology which reduced the need to run land lines through City rights-of-ways, thus, reducing franchise fees. While the growth in wireless technology continues, higher natural gas prices resulted in a one percent overall growth in franchise fees compared to 2003.
- Intergovernmental revenue remains flat and absent state demand transfers which ceased in late 2002. The impact in the first full year (2003) without demand transfers was a reduction in intergovernmental revenue of \$5.0 million, from \$20.9 million in 2002 to \$15.9 million in 2003 and \$16.5 million in 2004.
- Market conditions continue to generate minimal interest earnings. Earnings on investments of \$3.2 million in 2003, compared to \$2.9 million in 2002.

General Fund expenses, excluding transfers, totaled \$151.1 million, \$10.4 million above 2003. On a budgetary basis, General Fund expenditures were \$9.9 million below the original budget. Due to the suspension of demand transfers from the state and a stalled economy, since 2002 and continuing into 2004, the City has carefully evaluated expenses, deferring expenditures where possible in response to the revenue shortfall. As a result, the General Fund maintained a strong cash position, continued essential services and in 2004, funded numerous economic development initiatives and restored funding to areas of service in critical need. Subsidies to other funds for services and transfers for discretionary programs continue to be re-evaluated and re-prioritized.

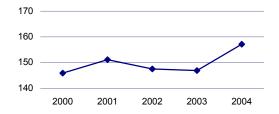
The Debt Service Fund carried a fund balance of \$65.9 million at year end, up from \$26.3 million in 2003. All of the fund balance is reserved for the payment of debt service, with \$45.5 million in escrow dedicated to defeasement of debt in a crossover refunding bond sale in 2004. The target fund balance for the Debt Service Fund is \$3 million. Funds in excess of this target will be incorporated into the 2005-2014 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) for use in expanding the first two years of the program.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. Actual revenue and other financing sources exceeded the expectations of the original budget, however did not fully achieve the expectations of the final budget. Revenue from the local sales tax was the most significant category of revenue that performed higher than projected at 4.4 percent above the final budget. The increased sales tax revenue was due in part to a broadened base for the Kansas compensating use tax,

with the balance resulting from a recovering economy. Fiscal 2004 closed with revenue (including transfer revenue) exceeding expenditures and transfers-out by \$1.2 million on a budgetary basis.

The City continued its long-standing policy to maintain a stable mill levy. Growth in however contributed an additional \$4.1 million in property tax to the General Fund in 2004 with almost \$900,000 in delinquent property tax collections above 2003. Sales tax revenue increased by \$2.5 million and one-time closures of capital projects reimbursed the General Fund for

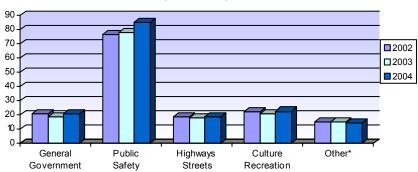
General Fund Revenue (budgetary basis transfers excluded) for fiscal years 2000 through 2004



\$1.8 million. General Fund revenue and transfers increased by \$12.2 million over 2003, a significant change in the revenue trend.

The growth in revenue provided the City with the ability to address needs in all service areas, with public safety absorbing the greatest portion of the revenue increase. The additional 2004 General Fund revenue enabled the City





^{*} Other expenditures include Health & Welfare, Sanitation and transfers to other funds.

to enhance economic development spending as well as culture and recreation services.

Annually, the adopted budget is revised internally as approved by Council. Customarily, the revised budget does not increase as the City seeks cost savings and opportunities for improvements across the City. Fiscal year 2004 was an exception as the City Council broke from tradition to utilize appropriated reserves to enhance programs and services and to provide economic development incentives.

Capital Assets. At the end of 2004, the City of Wichita had invested \$1.7 billion (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including water and sewer facilities, police and fire equipment, buildings, parks, airfields, roads, bridges, and land (Table 3). Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$82.8 million during 2004 with 54 percent of the increase in governmental activities. Land and construction in progress in governmental activities increased \$14.4 million, continuing with land acquisitions for the expansion of Kellogg and the accompanying Kellogg extension projects. Increases to governmental assets that are being depreciated totaled \$30.4 million.

Capital assets in business-type activities increased \$37.9 million in 2004. Land and construction in progress represent 15.7 percent of total business-type assets and are predominantly in the Airport and Water and Sewer Utilities. Depreciable assets placed into service, net of depreciation, are \$55.0 million of which 97 percent are attributable to the system expansion and improvements in the Water and Sewer Utilities. Additional information can be found in Note 6 to the Financial Statements.

Major capital asset additions include:

- □ Completion of infrastructure improvements (\$9.3 million total) to facilitate a 450,000 square foot Cessna Citation Service Center, which will result in approximately 800 new jobs and bring Cessna Citation owners and their flight crews to Wichita, also boosting tourism.
- The Old Town Cinema Redevelopment Project was constructed for a cost of \$9.3 million in public funds and over \$15 million in private funds in 2002. The surrounding plaza has also been under development, complemented with the relocation of CityArts in 2004, a City owned and operated art teaching center and gallery (\$2.8 million).
- Replacement of bleacher seats in Century II, the City's major event facility (\$1.4 million).
- □ With federal and state contributions, continued expansion and reconstruction of Kellogg, the City's east-west freeway (\$3.0 million local funds).
- □ The City invested in multiple major street projects (\$9.9 million).
- □ A storm water pump station was completed to facilitate drainage (\$1.2 million).
- □ The fire station relocation project continues to construct a total of ten new stations, relocating eight existing stations for a net addition of two fire stations between 2000 and 2009. Six facilities have been constructed

and the relocation completed for a capital expenditure of \$6.3 million. The relocation project is aimed at minimizing response time and long-term maximization of resources.

Capital Assets Net of Depreciation As of December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003) (in millions of dollars)

Table 3

	Governmental Activities					siness-ty	/pe Ac	tivities	Total Primary Government					
	_	2004	2003		2	2004 2003				2004		2003	Percent Change	
Land	\$	219.1	\$	211.1	\$	29.3	\$	26.9	\$	248.4	\$	238.0	4.4%	
Airfield				-		39.3		43.5		39.3		43.5	(9.7)%	
Buildings & improvements		139.4		122.6		658.0		602.5		797.4		725.1	16.2%	
Equipment		26.0		24.1		46.0		42.3		72.0		66.4	8.4%	
Infrastructure		255.2		243.3				-		255.2		243.3	4.9%	
Construction in progress		210.5		204.2		109.0		128.5		319.5		332.72	6.4%	
Total	\$	850.2	\$	805.3	\$	881.6	\$	843.7	\$	1,731.8	\$	1,649.0	5.0%	

Long-term Debt. The City finances capital projects with general obligation bonds/notes, revenue bonds, grants, and cash. The most significant of the financing tools is general obligation bonds based on the full faith and credit of the City. The City has approximately 10 mills of the total mill levy dedicated to general obligation capital financing. Projects that rely most heavily upon property taxes for repayment of general obligation bonds are arterial streets, bridges, storm water, parks, transit, core area projects, and public buildings. Capital costs are also funded through enterprise, internal service and special revenue funds.

The City adopts a ten year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). Two years are a capital budget for purposes of project initiation and the remaining period is a planning tool. The City of Wichita maintains an "Aa2" rating from Moody's and "AA" from Standard and Poors. The Water and Sewer Utilities maintain a rating of "A1" from Moody's and "AAA" insured.

At year-end the City had \$807.0 million in bonds and \$52.3 million in temporary notes outstanding, illustrated in Table 4. Debt outstanding for the City of Wichita increased by net of \$62.8 million, due to new issues, offset by retirements and refundings. Included in the outstanding debt figures is \$41.7 million for which an escrow account has been established to fully meet debt service requirements and all repayment costs until such time that the specified bonds (general obligation) can be legally defeased.

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds As of December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003) (in millions of dollars)

Table 4

	G	overnment	al Activ	<u>rities </u>	Bı	usiness-ty	pe Acti	ivities	Total				
	2	004	2	2003	2	2004	- :	2003	2	2004	2003		
Ad valorem property taxes	\$	75.3	\$	78.7	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75.3	\$	78.7	
Special assessments		206.7		160.9		-		-		206.7		160.9	
Tax Increment		28.1		18.5		-		-		28.1		18.5	
Transient guest tax		10.1		10.5		-		-		10.1		10.5	
Local sales tax		122.2		92.7		-		-		122.2		92.7	
G.O. and Revenue		-		-		332.5		349.4		332.5		349.4	
Wichita Public Building													
Commission						32.1		33.5		32.1		33.5	
Total	\$	442.4	\$	361.3	\$	364.6	\$	382.9	\$	807.0	\$	744.2	

Total new debt was \$149.3 million with total retirements of \$86.5 million. Temporary notes decreased \$21.0 million in 2004 due to the cash funding of projects in lieu of long term financing. More detail is located in the Notes to the Financial Statements, in the Additional Information and in Statistical sections of this report.

Kansas State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonds a City can issue to 30 percent of the equalized tangible valuation. The current limitation for the City is \$894.5 million, significantly higher (\$436.3 million) than the general obligation outstanding debt. Additional information can be found in Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

THE ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

Some encouraging signs of economic recovery were becoming visible in 2004, however job losses persist in the Wichita area. Housing sales are beginning to slow, reflecting an increase in interest rates and a reduced demand from several years of very strong sales. The City welcomed labor recalls in manufacturing, however demand for manufacturing labor is not projected to reach the levels before 9/11. With the help of economic incentives, the relocation the Wichita-based Koch Industries' Invista business centers to Wichita is projected to provide 200 jobs expected to pay \$100,000 on average. Consumer expectations are encouraging. The Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) at Wichita State University is projecting the slow economic recovery to continue in 2005, with only modest improvements.

Total wage and salary employment declined 0.1 percent in 2004 compared to 2003, for a net loss of 375 jobs. During 2004, the number of initial claims filed for unemployment insurance declined 29.9 percent in the Wichita metro area. The unemployment rate is down from 7.1 percent in 2003 to 5.7 percent in 2004, with an average of 16,553 unemployed for the 12-month period ending December 2004. Employment made an upturn in the fourth quarter of 2004 with a net increase in the fourth quarter of 967 jobs compared to the same period last year. The increase followed 10 quarters of employment declines according to the CEDBR.

The State of Kansas has continued its elimination of demand transfers to cities during 2004. The City of Wichita is partnering with other local governments and the private sector to replace jobs lost to international outsourcing, capitalizing on the strengths of the City and region, such as the existing labor market, professional and business services, education, healthcare and tourism. Although many people do not associate tourism with Wichita, an estimated 3.4 million visitors came to the area in 2003 spending approximately \$355.7 million. In 2004, the Women's International Bowling Congress brought an estimated 42,000 bowlers and 150,000 visitors to the City. Spurring economic development and maintaining infrastructure and essential services are all factors considered in preparing the City's budget for 2006 and revising the 2005 budget.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Wichita's finances for individuals with an interest in the City's finances. Additional information is provided within the Notes to the Financial Statements, beginning on page A-36. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 455 North Main, City of Wichita, Kansas, Wichita, KS 67202.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2004

				Component Unit				
					V	Vichita Public		
		Governmental	В	usiness-Type				Building
		Activities		Activities		Total		Commission
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	231,377,814	\$	17,595,878	\$	248,973,692	\$	-
Investments	,	4,986,154	•	-	·	4,986,154	·	_
Receivables (net)		295,547,975		7,969,485		303,517,460		_
Internal balances		1,188,706		(1,188,706)		-		_
Prepaid items		95,783		62,934		158,717		_
Inventories		432,308		1,458,586		1,890,894		_
Due from other agencies		898,351		455,596		1,353,947		_
Notes receivable		5,490,692		433,390				_
		5,490,692		-		5,490,692		-
Restricted assets:		-		60 060 440		60 060 440		
Cash and cash equivalents		-		62,268,440		62,268,440		4 054 700
Investments		-		-		-		1,851,798
Receivables		-		332,993		332,993		419,639
Net investment in direct financing leases		-		74,166,153		74,166,153		32,493,812
Other assets		-		3,601,661		3,601,661		-
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress		429,660,328		138,326,543		567,986,871		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		420,502,245		743,273,170		1,163,775,415		
Total capital assets		850,162,573		881,599,713		1,731,762,286		
Total assets		1,390,180,356		1,048,322,733		2,438,503,089		34,765,249
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		12,068,218		1,560,042		13,628,260		_
Accrued interest payable		4,537,736		342,655		4,880,391		419,639
Temporary notes payable		28,539,500		600,500		29,140,000		- 10,000
Deposits		1,867,766		1,905,667		3,773,433		_
Deferred revenue		85,654,446		1,303,007		85,654,446		_
				-				1 051 700
Due to other agencies		333,295		-		333,295		1,851,798
Noncurrent liabilities, including claims payable:		07.000.004		00 500 040		440.004.040		0.500.000
Due within one year		97,263,304		22,560,942		119,824,246		2,560,000
Due in more than one year		437,127,508		319,444,327		756,571,835		29,515,000
Other liabilities								418,812
Total liabilities		667,391,773		346,414,133		1,013,805,906		34,765,249
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		370,193,447		625,331,074		995,524,521		_
Restricted for:		010,100,111		020,001,011		000,021,021		
Capital projects		40,740,830		7,559,591		48,300,421		
,				7,559,591				_
Highways and streets Debt service		12,826,909		2 840 144		12,826,909		-
		266,104,730		2,840,144		268,944,874		-
Revenue bond reserves		-		40,612,961		40,612,961		-
Perpetual care		827,525		-		827,525		=
Other purposes		17,452,021		-		17,452,021		-
Unrestricted		14,643,121		25,564,830		40,207,951		
Total net assets	\$	722,788,583	\$	701,908,600	\$	1,424,697,183	\$	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2004

		Program Revenues								
	 Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants			
Functions/Programs			_				_			
Primary government:		_				_				
General government	\$ 45,118,573	\$	14,084,962	\$	2,040,592	\$	-			
Public safety	94,029,007		4,812,876		1,413,249		-			
Highways and streets	96,767,242		4,460,756		15,561,878		116,376,657			
Sanitation	1,650,207		788,264		-		-			
Health and welfare	35,913,560		1,456,314		26,571,981		-			
Culture and recreation	32,102,018		5,311,111		3,274,028		-			
Interest on long-term debt	 19,104,100		_				_			
Total governmental activities	 324,684,707		30,914,283		48,861,728		116,376,657			
Business-type activities:										
Water	32,290,472		33,460,884		-		7,496,720			
Sewer	26,984,451		25,880,494		_		9,157,697			
Storm Water	4.029.793		5.513.078		_		3,640,476			
Golf Course System	4,357,324		3,551,453		_		-			
Airport	25,354,547		18,279,638		_		10,985,138			
Transit	10,809,543		1,633,132		3,155,956		570,421			
Total business-type activities	103,826,130		88,318,679		3,155,956		31,850,452			
Total primary government	\$ 428,510,837	\$	119,232,962	\$	52,017,684	\$	148,227,109			
Component unit:										
Wichita Public Building Commission	\$ 	\$		\$	_	\$	-			

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise fees

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues, special items and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year as previously reported Prior period adjustment

Net assets, beginning of year as restated

Net assets, end of year

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense	Revenue and	l Changes in	Net Assets

			nary Government		nanges in Net Ass	Comp	onent Unit
							Vichita
G	Sovernmental	E	Business-type			Publi	c Building
	Activities		Activities		Total	Con	nmission
\$	(28,993,019)	\$	-	\$	(28,993,019)	\$	-
	(87,802,882)		-		(87,802,882)		-
	39,632,049		-		39,632,049		-
	(861,943)		-		(861,943)		-
	(7,885,265)		-		(7,885,265)		-
	(23,516,879)		-		(23,516,879)		-
	(19,104,100)				(19,104,100)		-
	(128,532,039)		-	_	(128,532,039)		-
	-		8,667,132		8,667,132		-
	-		8,053,740		8,053,740		-
	-		5,123,761		5,123,761		
	-		(805,871)		(805,871)		-
	-		3,910,229		3,910,229		-
			(5,450,034)		(5,450,034)		-
	-		19,498,957		19,498,957		-
	(128,532,039)		19,498,957		(109,033,082)		-
			-	_			-
	82,600,170		-		82,600,170		-
	44,738,968		-		44,738,968		-
	29,555,657		-		29,555,657		-
	16,688,432				16,688,432		-
	5,668,160		5,614,878		11,283,038		-
	13,310,712		188,650		13,499,362		-
	(606,911)		606,911		-		-
	191,955,188		6,410,439		198,365,627	-	
	63,423,149		25,909,396		89,332,545		-
	658,971,260		675,999,204		1,334,970,464		
	394,174			_	394,174		-
	659,365,434		675,999,204		1,335,364,638		-
\$	722,788,583	\$	701,908,600	\$	1,424,697,183	\$	_

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2004

	Genera Fund		Federal/State Assistance Fund		Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS	•	00 000 407	•	4 0 4 4 0 0 0	•	00 507 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,639,107	\$	4,244,939	\$	20,507,080
Cash with fiscal agent		-		4 400 047		45,450,885
Investments		-		4,490,617		-
Receivables, net:		50.004.400				04 004 040
Property taxes		53,894,490		-		24,831,910
Due from other agencies		-		469,851		-
Special assessments				-		206,720,000
Accounts		571,235		4,014,855		-
Interest		-		20,264		-
Due from other funds		25,000		420,869		529,944
Prepaid items		-		81,512		-
Notes receivable		-		2,010,692		-
Inventories		-		61,358		
Total assets	\$	87,129,832	\$	15,814,957	\$	298,039,819
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	5,869,386	\$	516,405	\$	_
Accrued interest payable		-		_		_
Temporary notes payable		_		_		_
Deposits		1,646,160		134,013		_
Due to other agencies		-		333,295		_
Due to other funds		_		420,869		_
Deferred revenue		53,939,645		5,607,892		232,081,854
Total liabilities		61,455,191		7,012,474		232,081,854
Fund balances (deficits):						
Reserved for:						
Inventories		-		61,358		-
Encumbrances		3,674,971		1,577,784		-
Prepaid items		-		81,512		-
Unreserved:						
Designated		12,979,625		-		20,507,080
Designated, crossover refunded bonds		-		-		45,450,885
Undesignated		9,020,045		7,081,829		-
Undesignated, reported in Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-
Undesignated, reported in Capital Projects Funds		-		-		-
Undesignated, reported in Permanent Fund						
Total fund balances (deficits)		25,674,641		8,802,483		65,957,965
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	87,129,832	\$	15,814,957	\$	298,039,819
			_		_	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Street		Other	Total		
Ir	mprovement	(Governmental	Governmental		
	Fund		Funds		Funds	
\$	-	\$	87,665,763	\$	145,056,889	
	-		-		45,450,885	
	-		251,446		4,742,063	
	-		-		78,726,400	
	-		428,500		898,351	
	-		-		206,720,000	
	3,784,487		1,599,971		9,970,548	
	- · · · · -		2,792		23,056	
	_		14,646,880		15,622,693	
	_		-		81,512	
	_		3,480,000		5,490,692	
	_		-		61,358	
					01,000	
\$	3,784,487	\$	108,075,352	\$	512,844,447	
					· · ·	
\$	2,090,954	\$	1,365,646	\$	9,842,391	
	89,975		128,305		218,280	
	10,780,000		17,759,500		28,539,500	
	_		87,593		1,867,766	
	_		-		333,295	
	3,410,154		14,761,726		18,592,749	
	· · ·		1,275,000		292,904,391	
	16,371,083		35,377,770		352,298,372	
	-		-		61,358	
	44,624,888		11,616,331		61,493,974	
	-		-		81,512	
	-		-		33,486,705	
					45,450,885	
	-		-		16,101,874	
	-		52,386,368		52,386,368	
	(57,211,484)		7,867,358		(49,344,126)	
			827,525		827,525	
	(12,586,596)		72,697,582		160,546,075	
_		_		_		
\$	3,784,487	\$	108,075,352	\$	512,844,447	

City of Wichita, Kansas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance governmental funds		\$	160,546,075
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Cost	1,047,692,631		
Accumulated Depreciation _	(207,710,201)	<u>)</u>	839,982,430
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	235,665,692		
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	206,720,000		
Premium on Bonds Payable	9,104,004		
Deferred Refunding on Bonds Payable	(210,571))	
Accrued Interest Payable on the Bonds	4,319,456		
Section 108 Loan	5,530,000		
Bond anticipation notes	23,160,000		
Accreted interest	2,783,720		
Compensated Absences	7,326,326		
Liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs	24,902,424	_	(519,301,051)
The amount due from other funds is not considered available to liquidate			
liabilites of the current period, and therefore is deferred in the funds. However			
it is properly recognized as revenue in the entity-wide statements.			529,944
Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the entity-wide statements as soon as the related			
improvement has been completed.			206,720,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental			
activities in the statement of net assets.			34,311,185
Total net assets governmental activities		\$	722,788,583

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

	 General Fund	Federal/State Assistance Fund		Debt Service Fund
REVENUES		_	_	
Taxes	\$ 60,546,778	\$ -	\$	28,297,940
Special assessments	8,173	-		25,216,017
Franchise fees	29,555,657	-		-
Local sales tax	22,369,484			-
Intergovernmental	16,468,762	31,106,365		-
Licenses and permits	1,958,895	-		-
Fines and penalties	7,933,219	-		-
Rentals	2,258,046	-		-
Interest earnings	3,291,244	155,216		973,795
Charges for services and sales	7,292,035	-		-
Other	 5,103,806	3,315,175		615,561
Total revenues	 156,786,099	34,576,756		55,103,313
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	20,923,886	1,582,856		-
Public safety	84,110,530	873,904		-
Highways and streets	18,072,498	723,309		-
Sanitation	2,189,228	-		-
Health and welfare	3,370,532	27,794,497		-
Culture and recreation	22,468,535	622,218		-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-		38,775,487
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		17,583,978
Capital outlay	 -			
Total expenditures	151,135,209	31,596,784		56,359,465
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	5,650,890	2,979,972		(1,256,152)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of long-term capital debt	_	_		_
Issuance of refunding bonds	_	_		71,980,000
Premiums on bonds sold	_	_		5,531,613
Payments on refunded bonds	_	_		(30,250,000)
Discounts on refunded bonds	_	_		(224,938)
Transfers from other funds	5,289,223	20,000		17,041,300
Transfers to other funds		20,000		(23,149,969)
	 (3,428,257)	20,000		40,928,006
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,420,237)	20,000		40,920,000
Net change in fund balances	2,222,633	2,999,972		39,671,854
Fund balances - beginning	 23,452,008	5,802,511		26,286,111
Prior period adjustment	 			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 25,674,641	\$ 8,802,483	\$	65,957,965

Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 342,667	\$ 10,443,841 804,205	\$ 99,288,559 26,371,062
-	-	29,555,657
-	22,369,484	44,738,968
43,898,600	4,604,486	96,078,213
-	4,110,286	6,069,181
-	1,803,358	7,933,219
191.065	793,555	4,061,404 5,305,775
181,965	3,122,019	5,395,775 10,414,054
1 002 621	7,036,170	10,414,054 18,053,333
1,982,621		347,959,425
46,405,853	55,087,404	347,959,425
-	7,328,856	29,835,598
-	6,591,154	91,575,588
-	-	18,795,807
-	1,403,195	3,592,423
-	3,576,333	34,741,362
-	4,792,363	27,883,116
8,093,370	14,875,582	61,744,439
394,547	362,874	18,341,399
104,516,893	42,050,988	146,567,881
113,004,810	80,981,345	433,077,613
(00 500 055)	(07.000.044)	(05.440.400)
(66,598,957)	(25,893,941)	(85,118,188)
59,943,179	40,523,083	100,466,262
		71,980,000
-	_	5,531,613
-	_	(30,250,000)
-	_	(224,938)
6,297,374	42,784,592	71,432,489
(10,107,882)	(28,965,950)	(70,941,281)
56,132,671	54,341,725	147,994,145
(10,466,286)	28,447,784	62,875,957
(2,120,310)	43,855,624	97,275,944
	394,174	394,174
\$ (12,586,596)	\$ 72,697,582	\$ 160,546,075

City of Wichita, Kansas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset acquisition as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of floose assets is allocated over ther estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset acquisitions exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset acquisition Capital asset acquisition Capital assets are capital asset and the provides, the gain or loss from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in the governmental funds, only cash proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in the capital assets of the capital assets of sold. In the statement of activities, transfers of capital assets from governmental activities to business type activities are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bend promium proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but premiums on sales do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Capital assets Capital ass	Net change in fund balances total governmental funds		\$ 62,875,957
In the statement of activities, the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only cash proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in not assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of capital assets solid. (13,039,058) In the statement of activities, transfers of capital assets from governmental activities to business type activities are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but premiums on sales do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premium proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but refunding discounts do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond on funding costs reduce current financial resources to governmental funds, but refunding discounts do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. The amortization of bond premiums decrease the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. The amortization of refunding costs increases the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds but incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Sepanyment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Sepanyment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-	cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is t amount by which capital asset acquisitions exceeded depreciation in the current period. Depreciation expense	(17,158,232)	
governmental funds, only cash proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of capital assets sold. In the statement of activities, transfers of capital assets from governmental activities to business type activities are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term floatilities in the statement of net assets. (615,021)	-	75,942,075	56,764,443
are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources. Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. C(5,531,613) Deferred bond refunding costs reduce current financial resources to governmental funds, but premiums on sales do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Deferred bond refunding costs reduce current financial resources to governmental funds, but refunding discounts do not decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets The amortization of bond premiums decrease the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. The amortization of refunding costs increases the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan provide current financial resources to governmental funds but incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. 235,205,542 230,855,000 22,968,952 205,000 29,868,952 205,000 29,868,952 205,000 29,944 In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due. In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The compensated absences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities in reported with governmental	governmental funds, only cash proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in		(13,039,058)
Bond premium proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but premiums on sales do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Deferred bond refunding costs reduce current financial resources to governmental funds, but refunding discounts do not decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. The amortization of bond premiums decrease the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. The amortization of refunding costs increases the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan provide current financial resources to governmental funds but incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Sp. 205,542 33,085,000 22,988,982 205,000 91,464,494 Debt service payments on behalf of proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds and interfund loans on the statement of net assets. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due. (424,254) In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The compensated absences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities. (287,789) Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal ser	are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward	d	(615,021)
not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Deferred bond refunding costs reduce current financial resources to governmental funds, but refunding discounts do not decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets The amortization of bond premiums decrease the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. The amortization of refunding costs increases the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan provide current financial resources to governmental funds but incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. 35,205,542 33,085,000 22,968,952 205,000 91,464,494 Debt service payments on behalf of proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds and interfund loans on the statement of net assets. 529,944 In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due. (424,254) In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The compensated absences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities, such as insurance, to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (3,185,370) Special assessments			(172,435,000)
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In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and interest expenditure is reported when due. (424,254) In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The compensated abscences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities. (287,789) Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (3,185,370) Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the statement of activities as soon as the related improvement has been completed. In the statement of activities, costs estimated to be incurred for closure and post-closure care of the landfill are recorded as incurred. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (or paid). The change in estimated costs incurred in excess of the amounts paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities 2,147,776 In the statement of activities, interest is accreted on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest accreted when interest payments are due.			529.944
In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The compensated abscences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities. (287,789) Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the statement of activities as soon as the related improvement has been completed. In the statement of activities, costs estimated to be incurred for closure and post-closure care of the landfill are recorded as incurred. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (or paid). The change in estimated costs incurred in excess of the amounts paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities 2,147,776 In the statement of activities, interest is accreted on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest accreted when interest payments are due. (326,958)	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, and		,
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The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the statement of activities as soon as the related improvement has been completed. In the statement of activities, costs estimated to be incurred for closure and post-closure care of the landfill are recorded as incurred. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (or paid). The change in estimated costs incurred in excess of the amounts paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities 1,147,776 In the statement of activities, interest is accreted on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest accreted when interest payments are due. (3,185,370)			(287,789)
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accreted when interest payments are due. (326,958)	recorded as incurred. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financiar resources used (or paid). The change in estimated costs incurred in excess of the amounts paid is shown as an	al	2,147,776
Change in net assets of governmental activities \$ 63,423,149			(326,958)
	Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 63,423,149

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 59,148,700	\$ 59,775,170	\$ 60,546,778	\$ 771,608		
Special assessments	21,350	21,350	8,173	(13,177)		
Franchise fees	29,840,690	30,354,610	29,555,657	(798,953)		
Local sales tax	20,885,570	21,430,000	22,369,484	939,484		
Intergovernmental	16,315,740	16,297,420	16,468,762	171,342		
Licenses and permits	2,412,170	2,297,910	1,958,895	(339,015)		
Fines and penalties	9,476,760	8,826,940	7,933,219	(893,721)		
Rentals	2,463,070	2,502,140	2,258,046	(244,094)		
Interest earnings	2,746,910	2,930,520	3,291,244	360,724		
Charges for services and sales	7,502,190	8,330,140	7,292,035	(1,038,105)		
Other	3,905,340	6,277,180	5,382,073	(895,107)		
Revised budget adjustment		(4,369,910)		4,369,910		
Total revenues	154,718,490	154,673,470	157,064,366	2,390,896		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	31,137,472	26,059,402	20,629,427	5,429,975		
Public safety	84,238,260	85,965,050	84,809,323	1,155,727		
Highways and streets	19,206,410	19,907,430	18,922,749	984,681		
Sanitation	2,301,890	2,323,870	2,210,282	113,588		
Health and welfare	3,516,560	3,534,620	3,381,196	153,424		
Culture and recreation	21,934,380	22,892,302	22,452,529	439,773		
Total expenditures	162,334,972	160,682,674	152,405,506	8,277,168		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(7,616,482)	(6,009,204)	4,658,860	10,668,064		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	5,370,980	5,416,000	5,289,223	(126,777)		
Transfers to other funds	(8,196,500)	(9,848,798)	(8,717,480)	1,131,318		
Transfer to suite runds	(0,100,000)	(0,0.0,1.00)	(0,111,100)	.,,		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,825,520)	(4,432,798)	(3,428,257)	1,004,541		
Net change in fund balances	(10,442,002)	(10,442,002)	1,230,603	11,672,605		
Fund balance - beginning	18,968,575	20,769,068	20,769,068			
Fund balance - ending	\$ 8,526,573	\$ 10,327,066	\$ 21,999,671	\$ 11,672,605		

BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2004

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Airport Authority
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	4,141,174	\$	2,869,996	\$	6,617,730
Investments		-		-		-
Receivables, net		5,796,479		906,175		1,092,233
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Due from other agencies		-		-		-
Inventories		1,127,246		-		-
Prepaid items		1,054		-		61,880
Restricted assets:						
Cash and temporary investments		7,703,118		6,176,724		7,537,069
Receivables		-		-		332,993
Net investment in direct financing leases		-		-		3,691,173
Total current assets		18,769,071		9,952,895		19,333,078
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Cash and temporary investments		26,263,219		14,588,310		-
Receivables		-		-		-
Net investment in direct financing leases		-		-		70,474,980
Capital assets:						
Land		8,392,267		3,340,576		12,704,695
Airfield		-		-		107,800,053
Buildings		62,402,821		85,300,905		38,730,241
Improvements other than buildings		334,496,702		233,182,641		23,966,816
Machinery, equipment and other assets		34,783,056		23,023,814		17,687,560
Construction in progress		40,577,754		36,443,400		28,413,311
Less accumulated depreciation	(122,172,334)		(67,980,153)		(127,577,655)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		358,480,266		313,311,183		101,725,021
Other assets		1,775,953		1,798,318		27,390
Total noncurrent assets		386,519,438	_	329,697,811	_	172,227,391
Total assets	\$	405,288,509	\$	339,650,706	\$	191,560,469

В	Business-type Activities -			(Governmental	
	Enterprise Funds			_	Activities	
Oth Enterprise			Totals	lr 	nternal Service Funds	
			_			
\$ 3,9	966,978	\$	17,595,878	\$	40,870,040 244,091	
4	174,598		7,969,485		107,971	
	-		-		3,500,000	
4	155,596		455,596		-	
3	331,340		1,458,586		370,950	
	-		62,934		14,271	
	-		21,416,911		-	
	-		332,993		-	
			3,691,173		-	
4,9	928,512		52,983,556	_	45,107,323	
	-		40,851,529		-	
	-		-		-	
	-		70,474,980		-	
4,8	352,932		29,290,470		71,340	
	-		107,800,053		-	
13,8	328,636		200,262,603		3,332,437	
88,2	275,722		679,921,881		-	
20,8	393,391		96,387,821		39,413,047	
3,6	601,608		109,036,073		-	
	369,046)		(341,099,188)		(32,636,681)	
108,0	083,243		881,599,713		10,180,143	
	-		3,601,661		-	
108,0	083,243		996,527,883		10,180,143	
\$ 113,0	011,755	\$	1,049,511,439	\$	55,287,466	

(Continued)

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2004

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Airport Authority
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	643,199	\$	657,341	\$	100,667
Accrued interest payable		226,019		-		68,266
Temporary notes payable		-		-		-
Deposits		1,885,881		-		19,641
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Current portion of long-term obligations:						
General obligation bonds payable		-		-		590,000
Contracts payable		277,803		-		-
Claims payable		-		-		-
Compensated absences		413,739		251,127		255,393
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-		-		105,310
Accrued interest payable		1,527,494		1,415,826		332,993
Revenue bonds payable		6,175,624		4,760,898		3,691,173
Total current liabilities		11,149,759		7,085,192		5,163,443
Noncurrent liabilities:						
General obligation bonds payable		-		-		3,150,000
Revenue bonds		117,856,718		113,709,855		70,474,980
Unamortized deferred refunding		(436,301)		(369,210)		-
Unamortized revenue bond premium		2,103,788		3,150,277		-
Contracts payable		-		-		-
Claims payable		-		-		-
Compensated absences		64,235		38,989		41,296
Total noncurrent liabilities		119,588,440		116,529,911		73,666,276
Total liabilities		130,738,199	_	123,615,103		78,829,719
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets		-		-		-
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		237,381,238		195,567,489		97,583,762
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		-		-		7,537,069
Debt Service		1,424,312		1,415,832		-
Revenue bond reserves		26,187,711		14,425,250		-
Unrestricted		9,557,049		4,627,032		7,609,919
Total net assets		274,550,310		216,035,603		112,730,750
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	405,288,509	\$	339,650,706	\$	191,560,469

	Business-type Activities -			Governmental		
	Enterprise Funds			Activities		
		Other			Int	ernal Service
	Enf	terprise Funds		Totals	1110	Funds
		erprise i unus		Totals		i ulius
	•	450.005	•	4 500 040	•	0.005.007
	\$	158,835	\$	1,560,042	\$	2,225,827
		48,370		342,655		-
		600,500		600,500		-
		145		1,905,667		-
		529,944		529,944		_
		2,485,302		3,075,302		-
		-		277,803		-
		_		-		5,686,565
		278,260		1,198,519		279,550
		-		105,310		-
		-		3,276,313		-
		-		14,627,695		-
	_	4,101,356		27,499,750		8,191,942
		9,620,542		12,770,542		_
		-		302,041,553		_
		_		(805,511)		_
		-		5,254,065		-
		-		-		-
		-		-		13,398,055
		39,158		183,678		45,046
		9,659,700		319,444,327		13,443,101
		13,761,056		346,944,077		21,635,043
		-		-		10,180,143
		94,798,585		625,331,074		-
		00.500		7 550 504		
		22,522		7,559,591		-
		-		2,840,144		-
		4 420 502		40,612,961		- 22 472 280
		4,429,592		26,223,592	_	23,472,280
	_	99,250,699		702,567,362		33,652,423
	\$	113,011,755	\$	1,049,511,439	\$	55,287,466
Total net assets			\$	702,567,362		
Some amounts reported for business in the statement of net assets are diff	feren	t because				
certain internal service fund assets a included with business-type activities		idilities are		(658,762)		
	•			(000,102)		
Net assets of business-type activities	3		\$	701,908,600		

Business-type Activities -

Governmental

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

iness.		

		Enterprise Funds			
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Airport Authority		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 33,455,073	\$ 25,880,494	\$ 3,382,609		
Fees	-	-	3,002,088		
Rentals	5,811	-	11,894,941		
Employer contributions	-	-	-		
Employee contributions	-	-	-		
Other	20,984	22,984	46,795		
Total operating revenues	33,481,868	25,903,478	18,326,433		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	7,539,116	8,617,551	5,536,814		
Contractual services	5,214,503	4,118,502	3,028,961		
Materials and supplies	2,890,235	2,070,705	3,383,227		
Cost of materials used	-	-	-		
Administrative charges	851,130	205,060	306,780		
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,972,560	1,505,140	-		
Depreciation	8,652,803	6,216,912	7,105,745		
Employee benefits	-	-	-		
Insurance claims					
Total operating expenses	27,120,347	22,733,870	19,361,527		
Operating income (loss)	6,361,521	3,169,608	(1,035,094)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Operating grants	-	-	-		
Interest on investments	387,931	246,156	4,932,857		
Other revenues (expenses)	(261,361)	(2,035)	1,382		
Interest expense	(4,670,614)	(3,796,045)	(5,090,155)		
Gain (loss) from sale of assets	(15,104)	(185,048)	(562,389)		
Bond premium (discount) amortization	(12,540)	48,180	(5,508)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(4,571,688)	(3,688,792)	(723,813)		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,789,833	(519,184)	(1,758,907)		
Capital contributions and operating transfers:					
Capital contributions	7,765,899	9,157,697	10,985,138		
Transfers from other funds	-	99,058	-		
Transfers to other funds	(1,696,611)	(882,600)	(763,200)		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	7,859,121	7,854,971	8,463,031		
Total net assets - beginning	266,691,189	208,180,632	104,267,719		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 274,550,310	\$ 216,035,603	\$ 112,730,750		

	Enterpris	Activities	
	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
	\$ 7,413,917	\$ 70,132,	093 \$ 8,732,399
	2,665,644 618,102	5,667, 12,518,	
	-		- 21,729,851
	-		- 6,177,412
	37,611	128,	374 476,365
	10,735,274	88,447,	053 46,237,901
	8,057,853	29,751,	
	3,749,163	16,111,	
	1,769,223	10,113,	
	400.070	4 705	- 2,271,630
	432,670 150,000	1,795,i 3,627,	
	4,195,522	26,170,	
	-, 100,022	20,170,	- 25,208,985
	-		- 6,876,993
	18,354,431	87,570,	
	(7,619,157)	876,	(3,811,078)
	2.455.056	2 155	056
	3,155,956 47,934	3,155, ¹ 5,614,	
	(28,877)	(290,	
	(614,274)	(14,171,	
	10,714	(751,	
	- , -	30,	
	2,571,453	(6,412,	
	(5,047,704)	(5,535,	962) (3,723,398)
	4,210,897	32,119,	631 354,962
	4,275,430	4,374,	
	(694,345)	(4,036,	756) (1,531,750)
	2,744,278 96,506,421	26,921,- 675,645,9	* * * * *
	\$ 99,250,699	\$ 702,567,	362 \$ 33,652,423
Increase in net assets per	fund statements	\$ 26,921,	 401
Some amounts reported for the statement of activities a net revenue (expense) of contractivities.	are different because th	ie	
is reported with business-t		(1,012,	005)
Change in net assets of bu	siness-type activities	\$ 25,909,	396

Business-type Activities -

Governmental

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

Business-type	Activities -	
---------------	--------------	--

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Airport Authority	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 33,436,497	\$ 26,196,547	\$ 19,909,461	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(9,586,469)	(6,211,561)	(7,083,852)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(7,512,545)	(8,618,382)	(5,509,144)	
Payment in lieu of franchise fees	(1,972,560)	(1,505,140)	-	
Other operating revenues	20,984	22,984	46,795	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,385,907	9,884,448	7,363,260	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Operating grant received	-	-	-	
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	
Transfers to other funds	(1,597,553)	(882,600)	(763,200)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,597,553)	(882,600)	(763,200)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of temporary notes	-	-	-	
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(18,330,747)	(12,363,236)	(14,739,306)	
Debt service - principal	(6,152,135)	(4,528,274)	(575,000)	
Debt service - interest	(6,207,223)	(5,875,917)	(229,285)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	60,175	27,288	26,194	
Capital contributions	4,534,675	2,216,488	10,986,520	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
capital and related financing activities	(26,095,255)	(20,523,651)	(4,530,877)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale and maturity				
of investment securities	-	-	-	
Interest on investments	387,931	246,156	60,595	
Net cash provided by investing activities	387,931	246,156	60,595	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	(12,918,970)	(11,275,647)	2,129,778	
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	51,026,481	34,910,677	12,025,021	
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 38,107,511	\$ 23,635,030	\$ 14,154,799	

	Business-type Activities -			G	Sovernmental
	Enterprise Funds			Activities	
	Other			In	ternal Service
Ent	erprise Funds		Totals		Funds
\$	10,856,052	\$	90,398,557	\$	46,646,488
	(6,016,434)		(28,898,316)		(39,488,374)
	(8,042,972)		(29,683,043)		(5,828,957)
	(150,000)		(3,627,700)		-
	37,611		128,374		369,531
	(3,315,743)		28,317,872		1,698,688
	3,281,702		3,281,702		-
	3,783,080		3,783,080		702,810
	(201,995)		(3,445,348)		(1,531,750)
	6,862,787		3,619,434		(828,940)
	374,600		374,600		-
	(3,053,844)		(48,487,133)		(2,390,709)
	(1,871,368)		(13,126,777)		-
	(623,500)		(12,935,925)		-
	10,937		124,594		128,254
	1,172,358		18,910,041		-
	(3,990,817)		(55,140,600)		(2,262,455)
	-		-		2,892
	47,934		742,616		307,917
	47,934		742,616		310,809
	(395,839)		(22,460,678)		(1,081,898)
	4,362,817		102,324,996		41,951,938
_					
\$	3,966,978	\$	79,864,318	\$	40,870,040

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2004

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Airport Authority	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,361,521	\$	3,169,608	\$	(1,035,094)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		8,652,803		6,216,912		7,105,745
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(83,528)		316,053		1,625,369
(Increase) decrease in inventory		96,378		-		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		454		-		(11,307)
(Increase) decrease in fixed assets due to expenditure reclass		-		-		-
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable/accrued expenses		(727,433)		182,706		(353,578)
(Decrease) increase in deposits		59,141		-		4,455
Increase in claims payable		-		(024)		-
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences		26,571		(831)		27,670
Total adjustments		8,024,386		6,714,840		8,398,354
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	14,385,907	\$	9,884,448	\$	7,363,260
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities						
Assets contributed by benefit districts	\$	2,962,045	\$	6,941,209	\$	-
Change in assets contributed by other government		-		-		-
Capital grants received		-		-		-
Capital contributed by local government		-		-		-
Decrease in net investment in direct financing leases		-		-		3,403,698
(Decrease) in revenue bonds payable		-		-		(3,403,698)
Decrease in interest receivable on direct financing leases		-		-		37,821
(Decrease) in accrued interest payable on revenue bonds		-		-		(37,821)
Interest income on investment in direct financing leases		-		-		4,872,262
Interest expense on revenue bonds payable		269.179		-		4,872,262
Contribution of capital assets Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		(99,058)		99,058		-
Transfer of assets between prophetary lunus		(33,030)		39,030		-

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			G	overnmental Activities
	·	<i>5</i> 0 i u			
	Other		T-4-1-	Int	ernal Service
Ent	terprise Funds		Totals		Funds
\$	(7,619,157)	\$	876,878	\$	(3,811,078)
	4,195,522		26,170,982		2,648,320
	159,212		2,017,106		778,118
	(10,203)		86,175		128
	-		(10,853)		(18,206)
	218,243		218,243		-
	(273,418)		(1,171,723)		255,535
	(823)		62,773		-
	-		-		1,822,620
	14,881		68,291		23,251
	4,303,414		27,440,994		5,509,766
\$	(3,315,743)	\$	28,317,872	\$	1,698,688
\$	3,094,947	\$	12,998,201	\$	-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		354,962
	-		3,403,698		-
	-		(3,403,698)		-
	-		37,821		-
	-		(37,821)		-
	-		4,872,262		-
	-		4,872,262		-
	-		269,179		-
	-		-		-

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2004

ASSETS		Pension Frust Funds		Agency Funds
	œ.	22 224 705	•	0.140.046
Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$	23,321,795	\$	8,140,046
		40.007.700		
Investment sales pending		10,667,796		2.544
Interest and dividends		1,800,081		3,541
Accounts		-		29,354
Total receivables		12,467,877		32,895
Investments, at fair value:				
Government securities: long term		31,834,531		417,721
Corporate debt instruments: long term		62,773,984		-
Corporate stocks		422,370,771		-
Real estate		22,558,497		-
Mortgage-backed securities		42,166,439		-
Value of interest in pooled funds		269,177,284		
Total investments		850,881,506		417,721
Total assets		886,671,178		8,590,662
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,340,451		2,379,209
Compensated absences		29,561		-
Investment purchases pending		11,114,949		-
Security lending obligations		36,398,125		_
Deposits		<u> </u>		6,211,453
Total liabilities		51,883,086		8,590,662
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for:				
Employees' pension benefits		834,788,092		-
Total net assets	\$	834,788,092	\$	
		,,-,-	<u> </u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

	 2004 Pension Frust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 10,221,356
Employee	 6,974,932
Total contributions	17,196,288
Investment income:	
From investment activities	
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	62,298,045
Interest and dividends	14,577,505
Commission recapture	 141,762
Total investment earnings	77,017,312
Less investment expense	3,447,585
Net income (loss) from investing activities	73,569,727
From securities lending activities	
Securities lending income	 415,907
Securities lending activities expenses:	
Borrower rebates	296,037
Management fees	 25,760
Total securities lending activities expenses	321,797
Net income from securities lending activities	 94,110
Total net investment income (loss)	73,663,837
Transfers from other funds	 1,528,790
Total additions	 92,388,915
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension benefits	35,642,031
DROP and Back DROP payments	1,514,727
Pension administration	476,305
Employee contributions refunded	1,071,073
Transfers to other funds	1,528,790
Other deductions	 89,050
Total deductions	 40,321,976
Change in net assets	52,066,939
Net assets - beginning	 782,721,153
Net assets - ending	\$ 834,788,092

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

<u>NOTE</u>		<u>PAGE</u>
1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	A-37
2.	Budgetary Control	A-44
3.	Budgetary Basis of Accounting	A-44
4.	Fund Balance Deficits	A-45
5.	Cash, Investments and Securities Lending	A-45
6.	Capital Assets	A-49
7.	Retirement Funds	A-51
8.	Self - Insurance Fund	A-55
9.	Long - Term Debt	A-57
10.	Prior - Year Defeasance of Debt	A-62
11.	Temporary Notes Payable	A-63
12.	Leases	A-63
13.	Conduit Debt Obligations	A-65
14.	Interfund Transfers	A-65
15.	Interfund Receivables/Payables	A-66
16.	Reserves and Designations of Fund Balances	A-67
17.	Passenger Facility Charges	A-68
18.	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	A-68
19.	Prior Period Adjustments	A-69
20.	Contingencies and Commitments	A-69
21.	Subsequent Events	A-73

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wichita is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from the blended component unit is combined with data of the primary government. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> - The Wichita Airport Authority (WAA) serves all citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council. Bond issuance authorizations are approved by the governing body of the primary government and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the government. The Wichita Airport Authority is reported as an enterprise fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The Wichita Public Building Commission (WPBC) acquires and finances buildings or facilities for the City of Wichita or other local, state and federal agencies, school districts, and the Wichita State University Board of Trustees. The nine-member board is appointed by the Mayor and City Council. Of the nine members, one member is recommended for appointment by the County Commissioners of Sedgwick County, Kansas, and one by the President of Wichita State University. The Kansas Secretary of Administration and the Superintendent of Unified School District Number 259 serve as provisional members of the board of the WPBC. Members of the WPBC Board may only be removed for just cause. The City of Wichita provides staff support and legal representation by the Department of Law. Additionally, the City of Wichita is liable on a contingent basis and will make rental payments, if necessary, to supplement rental payments in connection with the City/County "wrap-around" obligation for the State Office Building. (Refer to Note 20.E. - Public Building Commission Lease, for further disclosure.) The WPBC is presented as a proprietary fund type.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared by the Wichita Airport Authority or the Wichita Public Building Commission.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets on page A-13 and the statement of changes in net assets on page A-14) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported discretely from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Special assessments receivable that are not due within the current fiscal period and not susceptible to accrual are recorded as deferred revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the principal fund of the City that accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

The <u>Federal/State Assistance Fund</u> accounts for assistance received from Federal and State grant sources providing benefits to the community. The City maintains a separate fund for each Federal or State grant program. Because of the large number of such funds, the funds that are similar in nature or are funded by the same grantor agency have been consolidated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Street Improvement Fund</u> accounts for capital improvements related to streets, arterials and freeway projects that are financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, special assessments, local sales tax, Federal grants and other City funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Water Utility Fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water component of the combined utility, providing an adequate, quality supply of water and means of wastewater disposal.

The <u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sewer component of the combined utility, including wastewater treatment plants and more than 1,200 miles of sewer laterals and mains.

The <u>Wichita Airport Authority Fund</u> accounts for the provision of air transportation services for the public, business and industry, while maintaining the safe operation of assets.

The government also reports the following fund types:

A <u>permanent fund</u> is used to report resources that are restricted for the maintenance and perpetual care of municipal cemeteries.

<u>Internal service funds</u> are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to account for the City's self-insurance activities.

<u>Pension trust funds</u> account for the activities of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System, Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System and the Wichita Employees' Retirement System – Plan 3, all of which accumulate resources for pension benefits for qualified employees.

<u>Agency funds</u> are used to report resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financials statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's Enterprise funds and various other functions of the government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments, which is managed by the Director of Finance (except for investments of the pension trust funds and those of the Wichita Public Building Commission). The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and also, effectively, may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities, carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Interest income earned is allocated to contributing funds based on average daily cash balances and in accordance with the adopted budget.

E. Investments

Investments of all funds (except the pension trust funds) and the component unit are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. For the pension trust funds, investments are reported at fair value. Investments traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last trade price of the day. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar investments.

Investments that do not have an established market are reported at their estimated fair value. The pension trust funds invest in Treasury strips and various asset backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations and credit card trusts.

F.Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In accordance with governing State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed as of January 1 and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied, with the balance to be paid on or before June 20 of the ensuing year (May 10 for 2004 through

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (continued)

2008). State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheet of the appropriate funds. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the year and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Recognized State-shared taxes represent payments received during the current fiscal period. State statutes specify distribution dates for such shared taxes. For revenue recognition purposes, amounts collected and held by the State on behalf of the City at year-end are not due and receivable until the ensuing year.

Federal and State grant aid is reported as revenue when the related reimbursable expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received.

G. Revenue Recognition for Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds follow the policy of recognizing revenue on sales when services are rendered. The Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Utilities recognize revenues for unbilled services. All users, including other City departments, are charged for services provided by the respective proprietary fund. Accounts receivable represent uncollected charges (both billed and unbilled) at December 31, net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

H. Special Assessments

Kansas statutes require projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Special assessments paid prior to the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project. Special assessments received after the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the debt service fund or a liability in a City of Wichita revocable escrow account for prepaid special assessments. The escrow is revocable and, therefore, not technically public funds.

The prepayment amount is discounted for the estimated interest earnings realized from investing the prepayment amount. The amount of interest plus prepayment equals the amount of debt service paid on outstanding bonds. State statutes allow levying additional ad valorem property taxes in the City's debt service fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable, if necessary. Special assessments receivable are accounted for within the debt service fund. Special assessments are levied over a ten to fifteen year period and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. Delinquent assessments against property benefited by special assessments constitute a lien against such property. When assessments are two years in arrears, they may be collected by foreclosure. At December 31, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses that benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the proprietary fund are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method except for the Water Utility, Transit Fund, and Fleet/Building Fund, which are valued using an average unit cost method.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost ranging from \$1,500 to \$250,000, depending on the type of asset. Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost (if actual historical cost is not available). Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For proprietary funds, interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets. Additionally, in situations involving the acquisition of certain assets financed with the proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing, any interest earned on related interest-bearing investments from such proceeds are offset against the related interest costs in determining either capitalization rates or limitations on the amount of interest costs to be capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government and its component unit are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets Classification	Year	
Buildings and improvements	1-42	_
Improvements other than buildings	1-50	
Equipment	1-33	
Vehicles	1-20	
Public domain infrastructure	15-60	
Water/Sewer mains and drainage	75-85	
Airfields	5-40	

K. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

Annually, the Water Utility and Sewer Utility pay to the General Fund of the City, in lieu of franchise fees, an amount not to exceed five percent of gross revenues for the preceding year, which is determined by the City and included in the annual budget.

L. Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts to employees who separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Compensated Absences (continued)

for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee terminations and retirements.

M. Statement of Cash Flows

The reporting entity defines cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows as all cash and temporary investments (both restricted and unrestricted).

N. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", was issued in March 2003. The statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Statement No. 40 also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for deposit risks: custodial credit risk and foreign currency risks. The Statement will apply to the financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2005.

GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries", was issued in November 2003 and it will apply to financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2005. Statement No. 42 establishes guidance for accounting and reporting for the impairment of capital assets and for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 43 "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans" was issued in April 2004 and will apply to financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2006. Statement No. 43 establishes guidance for accounting and reporting for postemployment benefits other than pension benefits, such as insurances.

GASB Statement No. 44, "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section" was issued in May 2004 and establishes guidance for reporting supplementary information that accompanies the basic financial statements in the statistical section. Statement No. 44 will apply to financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2006.

GASB Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", was issued June 2004 and establishes guidance for accounting and reporting of postemployment benefits other than pension if provided separately from a pension plan. Statement No. 45 will apply to the financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2007.

GASB Statement No. 46, "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation", was issued December 2004 and will apply to the financial statements of the City beginning with fiscal year 2006. Statement No. 46 establishes and modifies requirements related to restrictions of net assets resulting from enabling legislation, amending GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

2. Budgetary Control

Applicable Kansas statutes require that annual budgets be legally adopted for all funds (including proprietary funds) unless exempted by a specific statute. Specific funds exempted from legally adopted budgets are all Federal and State assistance funds, all capital projects funds (including capital projects of proprietary funds), the Wichita Airport Authority, Golf Course System, Transit, Self-Insurance, and all trust and agency funds. The component unit (Wichita Public Building Commission) is also exempt from legally adopted budgets. Controls over spending in funds and the component unit that are not subject to legal budgets are maintained by the use of internal spending limits established by management. K.S.A. 79-2926 et seq provides the following sequence and timetable for adoption of budgets:

- [1] Preparation of budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1 of each year.
- [2] Publication of proposed budget on or before August 5 of each year. A minimum of ten days notice of public hearing, published in local newspaper, on or before August 15 of each year.
- [3] Adoption of final budget on or before August 25 of each year.

K.S.A. 79-2927 requires that all money to be raised by taxation and from all other sources for the ensuing budget year must be appropriated. The law does not permit an appropriation for sundry or miscellaneous purposes in excess of ten percent of the total. The budget for each fund may include a non-appropriated balance not to exceed five percent of the total of each fund. The City of Wichita appropriates amounts for fund balance reserves in the various governmental funds on a budgetary basis; appropriated fund balance reserves are not intended to finance routine expenditures.

Kansas statutes prohibit creating expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. In accordance with Kansas statutes, the legal level of control for the City is established at the individual fund level, also permitting the transfer of budgeted amounts from one object or purpose to another within the same fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year, except for outstanding encumbrances, which are reappropriated in the following fiscal year.

Kansas statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The City must first publish a notice of hearing to amend the budget. Ten days after publication, a public hearing is held at which time the governing body may amend the budget.

3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are prepared on a basis (budgetary basis) different from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). For budgeting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, except for special assessments of the debt service fund that are recognized on the cash basis. The major difference between GAAP and budgetary basis is the reporting of encumbrances (purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments) as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP) as opposed to the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary). Adjustments necessary to convert the net change in fund balances and the ending fund balances from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the general fund are provided as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

	I	Net Change in			
		Fund Balance	Fund Balances		
	f	rom Prior Year	;	at End of Year	
General Fund - GAAP Basis	\$	2,222,633	\$	25,674,641	
Increase (decrease) affecting basis:					
Expenditures due to prior year encumbrances		2,682,940		-	
Expenditures due to current year encumbrances		(3,674,970)		(3,674,970)	
Budgetary Basis	\$	1,230,603	\$	21,999,671	

4. Fund Balance Deficits

At December 31, 2004, fund balance deficits were as follows:

Primary Government	Fu	und Balance Deficits
Street Improvement fund	\$	12,586,596
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Water Main Extension		3,104,067
Park Bond Construction		465,468
Sewer Construction		18,864,036
Total Reporting Entity	\$	35,020,167

The Street Improvement and nonmajor governmental fund balance deficits will be financed through the sale of bonds authorized by the City Council but not yet sold at December 31, 2004.

5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending

A. Cash

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reporting entity to categorize their cash deposits at year-end according to three credit risk categories. Category 1 includes cash deposits that are insured under a federal depository insurance fund or are collateralized with securities held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes cash deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes cash deposits that are uncollateralized or collateralized with securities which are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of December 31, 2004, the reporting entity's cash deposits were categorized as follows:

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Total
Bank Deposits	\$37,512,967	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,512,967
Reconciling Items				(7,730,793)
Book Balance				\$ 29,782,174

Reconciling items primarily include outstanding checks and deposits that were in transit at year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending (continued)

A. Cash (continued)

State law (K.S.A. 9-1402) requires that collateral be pledged equal to or greater than 100 percent of the market value of the reporting entity's deposits. As of December 31, 2004, the reporting entity had deposits in eight banks totaling \$37,512,967 with assets pledged to the reporting entity by the banks as collateral with a fair value of \$45,055,775.

B. Investments

State law (K.S.A. 12-1675-12-1677) allows monies, not otherwise regulated by statute, to be invested in the following:

- 1. Temporary notes of the City of Wichita;
- 2. Time deposits, open accounts or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years;
- 3. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, state or federally chartered savings and loan associations, which have offices located in Wichita;
- 4. United States treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years;
- 5. U.S. Government-Agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years that do not have any more interest rate risk than U.S. Government obligations or similar maturities;
- 6. The municipal investment pool fund operated by the State Treasurer;
- 7. A municipal investment pool established through the trust department of commercial banks, which have offices located in Wichita.

State law (K.S.A. 10-131) allows investment of the proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following, in addition to those stated above:

- 1. U.S. Government and agency obligations;
- 2. Time deposits with banks and trust companies in Sedgwick County;
- 3. FNMA. FHLB and FHLMC obligations:
- 4. Collateralized repurchase agreements;
- Investment agreements with financial institutions including broker/dealers whose obligations are rated in one of the three highest rating categories by either Moody's or Standard & Poors;
- 6. Mutual funds with portfolios consisting entirely of obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agencies, FNMA, FHLB and FHLMC;
- 7. Certain Kansas municipal bonds.

City ordinance (34-671; section 2.52.100) authorizes the Group Life Insurance Fund to hold investments comprised of:

- 1. U.S. Government securities:
- 2. Corporate bonds of A quality or better, as listed in Moody's or Standard & Poors;
- 3. Not more than 50 percent may be invested in equity mutual funds.

Cemetery Fund investments are authorized to be prudently invested at the discretion of the City's Director of Finance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

Deposits and investments for the Wichita Public Building Commission are invested by trustees and are held under trust indentures.

All of the deposits and investments of the Wichita Employees' and Police and Fire Retirement Systems are held in a joint investment fund that is invested by outside money managers and are held under a custodial agreement. City ordinance (44-812; section 2.28.090) authorizes the Wichita Employees' Retirement System and City ordinance (Charter Ordinance 176) authorizes the Police and Fire Retirement System to invest in:

- 1. Common stock (not more than 70 percent);
- 2. Direct or indirect obligations of the U.S. Government;
- 3. Corporate bonds rated A or better;
- 4. Commercial paper of high quality;
- 5. Foreign securities (not more than 25 percent);
- 6. Real estate (pooled) (not more than 10 percent).

The pension funds follow an overall strategic allocation policy that includes investments in four asset types: domestic equities, international equities, domestic fixed income, and international fixed income. Additionally, the pension funds invest in various asset-backed securities such as collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO's) and credit card trusts to maximize yields and reduce the impact of interest rate changes. These securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments on the underlying assets. For example, CMO's break up the cash flows from mortgages into categories with defined risk and return characteristics called tranches. The tranches are differentiated by when the principal payments are received from the mortgage pool. Changes in interest and mortgage prepayment rates may affect the amount and timing of cash flows. The pension funds utilize a combination of asset backed securities which vary in their degree of volatility.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker, dealer, or financial institution, or financial institution's trust department or safekeeping department, or agent but not in the City's name.

On December 31, 2004, approximately 62 percent of the investments owned by the pension funds were in category 1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. Cash, Investments and Securities Lending (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

At year-end, investments of the primary government were as follows:

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Investments - categorized:					
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 247,427,886	-	-	\$ 247,427,886	\$ 246,411,586
Stocks	396,290,996	-	-	396,290,996	396,290,996
Corporate bonds	61,243,222	-	-	61,243,222	61,244,570
Mortgage and asset					
backed securities	36,557,901			36,557,901	36,557,901
Subtotal	<u>\$ 741,520,005</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	741,520,005	740,505,053
Investments - not categorized:					
Investments held by broker-dealer	s under securities lo	ans:			
U.S. government and agencies				8,657,288	8,657,288
Domestic equities				26,160,212	26,160,212
Corporate bonds				1,580,625	1,580,625
Mutual/pooled funds				318,778,285	318,778,285
Total investments				<u>\$1,096,696,415</u>	<u>\$1,095,681,463</u>

At year-end, investments of the Wichita Public Building Commission were as follows:

	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	Value
Investments-not categorized:		
Mutual/pooled funds	<u>\$ 1,851,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,851,798</u>

C. Securities Lending Transactions

Policies of the Board of Trustees for the Wichita Employees' Retirement and Police and Fire Retirement Systems permit the lending of securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The custodian of the City's pension plans is an agent in lending the plans' domestic securities for collateral of 102 percent and international securities for collateral of 105 percent. Collateral may consist of cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies, or irrevocable letters of credit issued by a bank (including an affiliate of the agent), other than the securities borrower or affiliate, which is either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a foreign bank that has complied with applicable requirements of the Federal Reserve Board. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the City unless the borrower defaults. The agent shall require additional collateral from the borrower whenever the value of loaned securities exceeds the value of the collateral in the agent's possession, so that collateral always equals or exceeds the required value of the loaned securities. Contracts with the lending agent require them to indemnify the Systems, if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the Systems for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. All securities loans can be terminated on demand either by the Systems or the borrower.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. Cash, Investments and Securities Lending (continued)

C. Securities Lending Transactions (continued)

At year-end, all loans were secured with cash collateral, involving both domestic and international equities and fixed income securities. For all loans, the term to maturity of the securities loaned is matched with the term to maturity of the investment of the cash collateral. Such matching existed at year-end. However in lending securities, a portion of the cash collateral is invested in the lending agent's short-term investment pool, which at year-end had a weighted average maturity of 36 days. The relationship between the maturities of the investment pool and the Systems' loans is affected by the maturities of the securities loans made by other entities that use the agent's pool, which the System cannot determine. Securities on loan at year-end are presented as unclassified in the preceding schedule of custodial credit risk. At year-end, the Systems had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Systems owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Systems.

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2004 was as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 211,073	\$ 17,901	\$ (9,842)	\$ 219,132
Construction in progress	204,240	53,717	(47,429)	210,528
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	415,313	71,618	(57,271)	429,660
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	171,166	19,727	(1,877)	189,016
Improvements other than buildings	32,097	4,713	(208)	36,602
Machinery, equipment and other assets	71,135	7,705	(4,332)	74,508
Infrastructure	339,897	22,083	(1,258)	360,722
Total capital assets being depreciated	614,295	54,228	(7,675)	660,848
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(69,253)	(4,460)	245	(73,468)
Improvements other than buildings	(11,457)	(1,448)	91	(12,814)
Machinery, equipment and other assets	(47,011)	(4,973)	3,450	(48,534)
Infrastructure	(96,604)	(8,925)		(105,529)
Total accumulated depreciation	(224,325)	(19,806)	3,786	(240,345)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	389,970	34,422	(3,889)	420,503
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 805,283	\$ 106,040	\$ (61,160)	\$ 850,163

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

6. Capital Assets (continued)

		Balance January 1		Additions		Deletions	Balance December 31
Business-type activities:		January 1	-	7100110110	_	Deletione	December of
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	26,944	\$	2,407	\$	(60)	\$ 29,291
Construction in progress		128,539		49,722		(69,225)	109,036
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	155,483	_	52,129	_	(69,285)	138,327
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Airfields		107,664		164		(28)	107,800
Buildings		182,697		22,292		(4,726)	200,263
Improvements other than buildings		627,429		53,021		(527)	679,923
Machinery, equipment and other assets		87,193		11,151		(1,957)	 96,387
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,004,983		86,628		(7,238)	 1,084,373
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Airfields		(64,194)		(4,377)		13	(68,558)
Buildings		(76,447)		(4,489)		157	(80,779)
Improvements other than buildings		(131,217)		(10,372)		181	(141,408)
Machinery, equipment and other assets		(44,933)		(6,933)		1,511	 (50,355)
Total accumulated depreciation		(316,791)		(26,171)		1,862	 (341,100)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		688,192		60,457		(5,376)	743,273
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	843,675	\$	112,586	\$	(74,661)	\$ 881,600

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government, as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,853
Public safety	1,721
Highways and streets, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	8,812
Sanitation	150
Health and welfare	759
Culture and recreation	3,863
Capital assets held by the government's internal services funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 2,648
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 19,806
Business-type activities:	
Water	8,653
Sewer	6,217
Airport Authority	7,106
Nonmajor enterprise funds	 4,195
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 26,171

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Retirement Funds

The reporting entity contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans and a single-employer defined contribution plan, covering all full-time employees. The defined benefit plans include the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WERS) and the Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System (WPFRS). Each system is administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The single-employer defined contribution plan consists of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 that is also governed by the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees.

The Wichita Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for WERS and WPFRS. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Wichita Retirement System, City Hall, 12th Floor, 455 N. Main, Wichita, KS 67202 or by calling (316) 268-4544.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The Wichita Employees' Retirement System, Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System, and the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 are reported as pension trust funds in the City's financial statements and use the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market or fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last trade price of the day. If no close price exists, then a bid price is used. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar investments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at their estimated fair value.

Management of Plan Assets

The Board of Trustees of all Systems have contractual arrangements with independent investment counselors for management of the assets of the Systems. The firms have been granted discretionary authority concerning purchases and sales of investments within guidelines established by City ordinances. The Board of Trustees of the pension systems also have contractual arrangements with independent firms which monitor the investment decisions of the Systems' investment counselors.

Reserves and Concentrations

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits for either plan. The plans held no individual investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) where the market value exceeded five percent or more of net assets available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Retirement Funds (continued)

A. Wichita Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WERS was established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, disability benefits, death benefits, and other benefits for all regular full-time civilian employees of the reporting entity and their dependents. Plan 1 was established by City ordinance on January 1, 1948 and became closed to new entrants as of July 19, 1981. With the initiation of Plan 2, which was established by City ordinance on July 18, 1981, all covered employees of Plan 1 were given the option of converting to the new plan. Plan 2 was also closed to new entrants with the establishment of Plan 3, effective January 1, 1994. However, upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in Plan 3 may convert to participation in Plan 2. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WERS are authorized by the City Council.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. Members of Plan 1 and 2 are required to contribute 6.4 and 4.7 percent of covered salaries, respectively. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2004 was 4.7 percent of annual covered payroll for both Plans 1 and 2. The City provides for pension expenses by levying ad valorem property taxes each year in the amount necessary to meet its obligation as determined by the WERS consulting actuary.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2004, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,084,558 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year compounded annually (4.0 percent attributable to inflation and 0.5 percent attributable to productivity), (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 5.5 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 3.0 percent per year (non-compounded) after retirement for Plan 1 and 2.0 percent per year (non-compounded) for Plan 2.

The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the third year this smoothing method has been used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Retirement Funds (continued)

A. Wichita Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. At December 31, 2004, the amortization period was 20 years.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
12/31/02	\$1,957,922	100	\$0
12/31/03	2,007,656	100	0
12/31/04	2,084,558	100	0

B. Police and Fire Retirement System

Plan Description

The WPFRS is divided into three plans - Plan A, Plan B, and Plan C-79. The plans were established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, death benefits, and other benefits for Police and Fire Officers of the reporting entity and their dependents. All full-time active "commissioned" Police and Fire department personnel are required to participate in the plans. Plans A and B were established by City ordinance on January 1, 1965 and Plan C-79 was established January 1, 1979 by City ordinance. Plan B was closed to new entrants as of January 1, 1965 and Plan A was closed to new entrants as of December 31, 1978. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WPFRS are authorized by the City Council.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. WPFRS members are required to contribute six to eight percent of covered salaries. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2004 was 14.0 percent of annual covered payroll. The City provides for pension expenses by levying ad valorem property taxes each year in the amount necessary to meet its obligation as determined by the consulting actuary.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2004, the City's annual pension cost of \$6,925,467 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Retirement Funds (continued)

B. Police and Fire Retirement System (continued)

compounded annually (4.0 percent attributable to inflation and 0.5 percent attributable to productivity), (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 2.5 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.0 percent per year (non-compounded) commencing 36 months after retirement.

The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the third year this smoothing method has been used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. At December 31, 2004, the amortization period was 20 years.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
12/31/02	\$4,746,504	100	\$0
12/31/03	5,043,505	100	0
12/31/04	6,925,467	100	0

C. Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3

The reporting entity provides pension benefits for all of its full-time civilian employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 1994. This is a defined contribution plan; therefore, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. At December 31, 2004, current membership totaled 825.

Plan 3, established by City Ordinance on April 9, 1993 and amended on February 8, 2000, requires that both the employee and the reporting entity contribute an amount equal to 4.7 percent of salary (base pay plus longevity) each pay period. The reporting entity's contributions and earnings for each employee are 25 percent vested after three years of service, 50 percent vested after five years and are fully vested after seven years of continuous service.

Upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in the plan may, within 90 days thereafter, advise the Board of the employee's decision to convert to participation in the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. If an employee elects to convert to Plan 2, the employee's account on the date of election shall become part of Plan 2. Fully vested employees who elect to continue participation in Plan 3 beyond seven years, may contribute additional amounts into the plan as permitted by the rules of the Internal Revenue Code in effect at the time of the contribution. Contributions of the reporting entity and earnings forfeited by employees who leave employment before seven years of service are used to reduce the reporting entity's contribution requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Retirement Funds (continued)

C. Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 (continued)

For the year ending December 31, 2004, employee and employer contributions to Plan 3 totaled \$1,219,589 and \$1,219,589, respectively.

8. Self-Insurance Fund

The City established a self-insurance fund in 1987 to account for self-insurance programs of workers' compensation, group life insurance, employee liability, property damage, auto liability and general liability for the reporting entity. Beginning in 1996, the City chose a fully insured health plan, Premier Blue, to replace the self-insured plan previously offered. The contributions and premiums for this plan are also accounted for through this fund. For those funds paying insurance costs, the contributions are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund and revenues in the self-insurance fund. The City records liabilities for known claims and estimated liabilities incurred but not reported at year-end. These claims are reflected under accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the internal service funds.

Friend	Beginning Liability	Claims and Changes in	Claim	Ending Liability
Fund	Balance	Estimates	Payments	Balance
Worker's Compensation				
2002 – 2003	\$ 10,955,000	\$7,028,520	\$ (4,909,520)	\$ 13,074,000
2003 – 2004	13,074,000	(2,750,924)	(141,907)	10,181,169
General Liability				
2002 – 2003	4,482,000	764,519	(1,058,519)	4,188,000
2003 – 2004	4,188,000	11,450,537	(6,735,086)	8,903,451

A. Health Insurance

The employee health insurance program became fully insured beginning January 1, 1996. Prior to this date, the plan was primarily self-insured. Health insurance is offered to substantially all full-time employees of the reporting entity. The employee health insurance in 2004 was provided through Preferred Health Systems and Preferred Plus of Kansas HMO, with a self-referral option and out of area benefits. Beginning in 2005, employee health insurance will be provided by Coventry Health Care of Kansas through a preferred provider network (PPO) with out of area health benefits. A monthly premium is paid to the insurance company that is responsible for all medical and administrative costs. At December 31, 2004, the City had \$2,264,307 of net assets available for future health insurance premiums. These funds are being retained to stabilize future premium increases and provide a reserve, if the City should choose to self-insure this exposure again in the future.

In 2004, the City continued to self-insure the prescription drug portion of the health plan, utilizing National Medical Health Card as the plan administrator. Beginning in 2005, the prescription drug portion of the health plan was placed under the umbrella of the monthly premium paid to Coventry Health Care of Kansas and did not continue as a self-insured program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

8. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

B. Workers' Compensation

The workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the reporting entity. The annual requirements of the workers' compensation program are determined based on current claims outstanding and estimates of future liability based on pending claims, maintaining a 90 percent confidence level. The City has reinsured for liabilities exceeding \$500,000 per occurrence with coverage provided through Employers Reinsurance Corporation. The deductible is taken into consideration in actuarial projections of the City's liability. The City maintains a reserve to meet State and actuarial requirements and to provide contingency funding. At December 31, 2004, the City recorded a liability of \$10,181,169 for estimated probable claims pending. Net assets at December 31, 2004 were \$2,107,487.

C. Life Insurance

The City maintains a cost plus life insurance program administered by Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company which provides life, accidental death and dismemberment, and conversion privileges to participants and life insurance to designated dependents. Benefit levels are based on employee compensation. The City offers additional voluntary accidental death and dismemberment insurance for both employees and eligible dependents, the total cost of which is paid by the employee. Contributions (employee and employer), plus interest earned on investments, are used for premium payments. All full-time employees of the reporting entity are eligible to participate in the plans. Coverage is terminated, if the participant fails to make contributions toward the cost of insurance, if the participant terminates employment with the City and does not elect the conversion option, or if the plan is terminated.

The Pension Board of Trustees retained consulting actuaries in 1995 to perform a study of the City's group life insurance program, consisting of an analysis of the current financial status of the program with emphasis on the adequacy of the current reserve and premium levels. The group life insurance consulting actuaries stated that the fund balance was \$1.9 million in excess of that required to meet a 99.9 percent confidence level (the probability that actual annual claims will not exceed the amount of the reserve). The City believes this reserve level to be adequate. At December 31, 2004, net assets totaled \$2,992,042.

D. General Liability

The City's general liability program provides for legal defense and claims against employees of the reporting entity when an incident occurs during the course of employment. The program also includes vehicle liability and building and content insurance. The deductible portion of the building and content insurance coverage is paid from the self-insurance fund. The deductible is \$100,000 per occurrence.

The City is self-insured for tort liability claims against the reporting entity. The Kansas Tort Claims Act provides a liability limitation of \$500,000 per occurrence. Effective November 1, 1996, the City purchased an excess policy of insurance for federal and out of state actions because the limitations under the State's Tort Claims Act do not apply to federal and out of state actions. The policy provided coverage of \$10 million with a \$1 million self-insured retention. Due to dramatic cost increases and the fact that the City experienced no claims against the policy since inception, the federal and out of state actions liability policy was not renewed on November 1, 2002. The decision not to renew the policy was considered by the actuary when making reserve calculations and is periodically reevaluated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

8. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

D. General Liability (continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. At December 31, 2004, the City recorded a \$8,903,451 liability for pending claims (maintaining a 90 percent confidence level) and to provide for the loss of excess liability coverage and potential environmental liability exposure. At December 31, 2004, net assets totaled \$7,783,237.

9. Long-Term Debt

A. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation bonds outstanding (expressed in thousands of dollars) at December 31, 2004 are as follows:

Payable from	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Ad valorem property taxes	2.00 - 6.50%	\$ 75,253
Transient guest tax	4.25 - 6.50%	10,110
Tax increment financing	2.50 - 5.15%	28,122
Local sales tax	3.00 - 5.00%	122,180
Subtotal - governmental activities		235,665
Business-type activities:		
Storm Water Utility	2.5 - 4.60%	5,725
Golf Course System	4.70 - 6.50%	6,381
Wichita Airport Authority	4.80 - 8.80%	3,740
Subtotal – business-type activities		<u> 15,846</u>
Total general obligation bonds		<u>\$251,511</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Governmer	Governmental Activities		pe Activities
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2005	\$ 29,842	\$ 10,119	\$ 3,075	\$ 708
2006	25,559	8,952	3,175	558
2007	20,837	8,002	1,351	446
2008	20,048	7,243	1,402	382
2009	19,638	6,474	1,462	314
2010 - 2014	77,746	21,363	4,686	751
2015 - 2019	41,995	4,453	<u>695</u>	<u>35</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 235,665</u>	<u>\$ 66,606</u>	<u>\$ 15,846</u>	<u>\$ 3,194</u>

The City of Wichita also issues special assessment bonds to provide funds for the construction of infrastructure in residential developments. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government must

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	<u>Governmenta</u>	I Activities
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2005	\$ 30,790	\$ 8,410
2006	21,790	7,356
2007	20,265	6,427
2008	16,315	5,587
2009	15,890	4,976
2010 - 2014	71,480	15,433
2015 - 2019	30,050	3,065
2020 - 2024	140	<u>25</u>
Totals	\$ 206,720	\$ 51,27 <u>9</u>

B. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are also issued by the City of Wichita and the Wichita Public Building Commission, where income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

		Final	
	Interest	Maturity	Amount
	Rates	<u>Date</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
Primary Government			-
Enterprise Funds:			
Water and Sewer:			
1997-Water & Sewer	4.50 - 5.00%	2016	\$ 47,480
1998-Water & Sewer	4.15 - 4.70%	2012	19,345
1999-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 6.00%	2018	38,900
2000A-Water	4.69%	2021	2,382
2000B-Water	4.69%	2021	4,101
2001-Water & Sewer	3.00 - 4.45%	2009	10,930
2003-Water & Sewer	2.00 - 5.25%	2028	119,365
Wichita Airport Authority:			,
Wichita Airport Hotel			
Associates, L.PSeries 1992	7.00%	2005	2,185
Airborne Freight Corp,			
Series A, 1994	6.30 - 6.75%	2009	530
Learjet, IncSeries A, 1995	7.00%	2005	314
Federal Express-Series A&B, 1997	6.45%	2013	935
Learjet, IncSeries A, 1997	7.00%	2007	2,999
Executive Aircraft CorpSeries 1999	5.40 - 6.75%	2014	2,540
Cessna Aircraft Company-Series 2000	8.00%	2009	11,203
Yingling Aircraft-Series 2001	7.50%	2021	1,300
Cessna Aircraft Corp. – Series A, 2002	6.25%	2032	49,300
FlightSafety – Series A, 2003	Variable*	2031	<u>2,860</u>
Total Primary Government			<u>\$ 316,669</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Revenue Bonds (continued)

	Interest	Final Maturity	Amount
	Rates	Date	Outstanding
Component Unit			
Wichita Public Building Commission:			
Wichita State University, Series K, 1999	5.00%	2007	1,200
Wichita State University, Series L, 2001	3.00 - 5.00%	2017	15,350
Kansas Sports Hall of Fame, Series M, 2003	2.25 - 4.40%	2023	1,645
State Office Building			
Refunding Series N, 2003	2.00 - 4.00%	2014	<u>13,880</u>
Total Component Unit -			
Wichita Public Building Commission			<u>\$32,075</u>

^{*}The FlightSafety – Series A, 2003 bonds have a variable interest rate, adjustable weekly based on the rate at which the bonds can be remarketed at par, as determined by a remarketing agent, with an interest rate ceiling of 15 percent. The interest rate utilized to calculate the debt service requirements was the effective rate on December 31, 2004 of 2.04 percent.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Business-ty	pe Activities		onent Unit
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2005	\$ 14,628	\$ 30,824	\$ 2,560	\$ 1,203
2006	12,692	28,247	2,760	1,126
2007	13,331	28,300	2,525	1,036
2008	12,050	26,407	2,425	949
2009	24,466	38,296	2,505	866
2010 - 2014	69,893	124,829	13,980	2,860
2015 - 2019	59,932	97,833	4,865	499
2020 - 2024	39,527	64,946	455	42
2025 - 2029	17,990	35,853	-	-
2030 - 2032	<u>52,160</u>	<u>59,970</u>	<u> </u>	
Totals	<u>\$316,669</u>	\$ 535,50 <u>5</u>	\$ 32,07 <u>5</u>	\$ 8,581

The Water Utility maintains a contract payable to the U.S. Department of Interior for construction of Cheney Reservoir, which was issued for \$5,754,025 in January, 1961. The liability is payable in annual installments on October 1. The remaining balance on December 31, 2004 is \$277,803 calling for the last principal installment in 2005 plus interest at 2.625 percent. Debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Utility contract payable are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Business-type Activitie				
December 31	Principal	Inte	rest		
2005	\$ 278	\$	7		

C. Section 108 Loans

In April 1999, the City entered into a loan agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for funding of \$3,610,000 for the construction of a manufacturing, training, and employment center on 21st Street. The City entered into an operating lease with Cessna Aircraft Company for rental of the facility, with rental payments designed to cover principal and interest owed by the City on the loan. See footnote 12.A. – Operating Leases, for further disclosure. Interest rates for amounts outstanding under the loan range from 5.75 percent to 6.33 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Section 108 Loans (continued)

The City also has entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to stimulate economic development through a low interest business loan program. The City has drawn \$3,000,000 from (HUD) for lending to qualifying business enterprises, to be repaid beginning in 2007 through 2022. At the close of 2004, \$2,484,000 was available for lending under business loan program. Interest rates on the amount outstanding vary based on the London Interbank Offered Rates (LIBOR) but are estimated to average 4.67 percent over the life of the loan. Debt service requirements to maturity for the HUD Section 108 loans are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	<u>Governmental</u>	Governmental Activities		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest		
2005	\$ 220	\$ 292		
2006	235	280		
2007	300	265		
2008	310	249		
2009	330	230		
2010 - 2014	1,985	791		
2015 - 2019	1,150	336		
2020 - 2022	1,000	50		
Totals	\$ 5,530	\$ 2,493		

D. Other Long-Term Obligations

The City's municipal solid waste facility, Brooks Landfill, closed operations October 9, 2001. Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Estimated postclosure costs for the required remaining 26.75 years totaled \$24,769,912, or \$925,978 annually. Additionally, closure costs totaling \$83,153 and \$49,359 have been reported for the construction and demolition landfill and the industrial monofill landfill for asbestos waste, respectively. These costs will be liquidated from prior years' landfill fees accumulated in the Landfill Postclosure Fund. See footnote 18.—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care, for further disclosure.

E. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Internal Service Funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the following totals for governmental activities. At year-end, compensated absences totaling \$324,596 are included in the amounts below. Also, for governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, is as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One year
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 200,536	\$ 70,335	\$ (35,206)	\$ 235,665	\$ 29,842
Special assessment debt with					
government commitment	160,865	78,940	(33,085)	206,720	30,790
Unamortized amount on refunding	-	(214)	3	(211)	-
Unamortized premium	3,972	5,532	(400)	9,104	
Total bonds payable	365,373	154,593	(68,688)	451,278	60,632

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

E. Changes in Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One year
Bond anticipation notes	22,969	23,160	(22,969)	23,160	23,160
Section 108 loan	2,735	3,000	(205)	5,530	220
Accreted interest	2,457	545	(218)	2,784	-
Compensated absences	7,340	7,453	(7,142)	7,651	6,638
Landfill closure and					
postclosure care	27,050	<u>59</u>	(2,207)	24,902	<u>926</u>
Total long-term liabilities –					
Governmental activities	<u>\$ 427,924</u>	<u>\$ 188,810</u>	<u>\$ (101,429)</u>	<u>\$ 515,305</u>	<u>\$ 91,576</u>
Business-type activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,822	\$ -	\$ (2,976)	\$ 15,846	\$ 3,075
Revenue bonds	330,483	-	(13,814)	316,669	14,628
Unamortized premium	5,515	-	(261)	5,254	-
Deferred amount on refunding	<u>(914)</u>	-	109	(805)	<u>-</u>
Total bonds payable	353,906	-	(16,942)	336,964	17,703
Contract payable	548	-	(270)	278	278
Compensated absences	1,314	1,358	(1,290)	1,382	<u>1,199</u>
Total long-term liabilities –					
Business-type activities	<u>\$355,768</u>	<u>\$ 1,358</u>	<u>\$ (18,502)</u>	<u>\$ 338,624</u>	<u>\$ 19,180</u>
Building Commission (WPBC)					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$33,505	\$ -	\$ (1,430)	\$32,075	\$2,560
Unamortized premium	442	-	(23)	419	
Total long term liabilities - WPBC	<u>\$33,947</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,453)</u>	<u>\$32,494</u>	<u>\$2,560</u>

F. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond ordinances related to the issuance of revenue bonds of the respective Enterprise Funds provide for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2004, the City was in compliance with all significant reserve requirements of the respective Water and Sewer Utility revenue bond ordinances.

G. Current and Crossover Refunding of Long-Term Debt

On December 1, 2004, the City issued \$18,180,000 in general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 2.79 percent to refund the outstanding balances on 1993 Series 733 with a net interest cost of 2.57 percent, 1995 Series 739 with a net interest cost of 2.90 percent, 1997 Series 746 with a net interest cost of 3.15 percent and 1997 Series 748 general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 3.10 percent. As a result, the Series 733, Series 739, Series 746 and Series 748 general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the long-term debt of the City. The City completed the current refunding to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 8 years by \$1,602,724 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

G. Current and Crossover Refunding of Long-Term Debt (continued)

the present values of the old debt service payments versus the new debt service payments) of \$1,475,450.

On December 1, 2004, the City issued \$12,070,000 in general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 2.79 percent to refund \$3,955,000 of 1998 Series 753 with a net interest cost of 2.62 percent, \$5,790,000 of 1999 Series 757 with a net interest cost of 2.78 percent and \$2,325,000 of 1999 Series 954 general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 2.79 percent. To complete the current refunding, the City placed in escrow an amount sufficient to pay the unpaid balances on each of the bond issues and fully defease the bonds. Series 753, Series 757 and Series 954 general obligation bonds are considered to be fully defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the long-term debt of the City. The City completed the current refunding to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$587,440 and to obtain an economic gain of \$549,810.

On December 1, 2004, the City issued \$41,730,000 in general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 3.60 percent for a crossover refunding of 1998 Series 750 with a net interest cost of 3.43 percent, 1998 Series 752 with a net interest cost of 3.42 percent, 1999 Series 756 with a net interest cost of 3.58, 2000 Series 758 with a net interest cost of 3.74 percent, 2000 Series 760 with a net interest cost of 3.75 percent, 1998 Series 950 with a net interest cost of 3.48 percent and 1999 Series 955 with a net interest cost of 3.63 percent. The proceeds of the crossover advance refunding bonds have been placed into an escrow account to temporarily meet the debt service requirements of the old bonds and the interest on the new bonds up to the each crossover date.

At the crossover date, the resources in the escrow account will cease to pay scheduled principal and interest payments, but will pay the outstanding balance of the bonds and accrued interest. Until the balance of the bonds are fully paid, the bonds are not considered to be legally defeased and continue to be recorded as a liability of the City. The City has recorded the outstanding liability of the bonds issued on December 1, 2004 and the corresponding funds in escrow.

General obligation bond Series 750, Series 752 and Series 950 have a crossover date of September 1, 2005; Series 756 and Series 955 have a crossover date of September 1, 2006; and Series 758 and Series 760 have a crossover date of September 1, 2007. Upon the final payment on each of the bond series, the bonds will be considered legally defeased and the liability will be removed from the long-term debt of the City.

The City completed the crossover advance refunding to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$2,132,722 and to obtain an economic gain of \$1,754,273.

10. Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City and the Wichita Public Building Commission defeased certain general obligation, revenue, and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. At December 31, 2004, \$9,721,000 from the Wichita Public Building Commission are considered defeased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

11. Temporary Notes Payable

Kansas Statutes permit the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects that will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the governing body must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing, and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. Temporary notes outstanding at December 31, 2004 are payable as follows:

	Interest	Amount	Maturity
Primary Government	Rate_	<u>Outstanding</u>	Date
Capital Projects Funds:			
Street and Bridge Improvements - Series 208	3.0 %	\$21,310,400	02/17/05
Water Improvements -Series 208	3.0 %	2,655,800	02/17/05
Sewer Improvements – Series 211	3.0 %	16,396,300	02/17/05
Public Improvements -Series 208	3.0 %	11,161,000	02/17/05
Park Improvements -Series 208	3.0 %	176,000	02/17/05
Enterprise Funds:			
Storm Water Utility Improvements - Series 211	3.0%	600,500	02/17/05
Total Reporting Entity		<u>\$52,300,000</u>	

During 2004, the City issued \$145,110,000, retired \$166,120,000 and reclassified \$23,160,000 of temporary notes for various capital improvement projects activities.

Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
\$73,310,000	\$145,110,000	\$166,120,000	\$52,300,000

12. Leases

A. Rentals Under Operating Leases

The City and the Airport Authority lease facilities and land to various airlines, concessionaires, commercial entities and others. These leases are for varying periods, from one month to 40 years, and require the payment of minimum annual rentals. The following are future minimum rentals of non-cancelable operating leases:

	Minimum Rentals of Non-
Year ending December 31	cancelable Operating Leases
2005	\$ 5,969,878
2006	5,169,204
2007	3,010,839
2008	2,699,686
2009	2,300,197
2010 - 2014	9,329,063
2015 - 2019	9,532,581
2020 - 2024	7,723,846
2025 - 2029	4,319,350
2030 - 2034	2,289,621
2035 - 2039	1,669,872
2040 - 2044	1,524,846
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 55,538,983

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

12. Leases (continued)

A. Rentals Under Operating Leases (continued)

The above amounts do not include contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases; such contingent rentals totaled \$1,635,357 in 2004.

B. Direct Financing Leases

The Wichita Airport Authority (WAA) has authorized the construction of buildings on Authority-owned land by 21 tenants. The tenants lease the land from the WAA for periods ranging from two months to 40 years with renewal options ranging from five to 25 years. The WAA has assisted in the financing of certain of these buildings through the issuance of Airport Facility Revenue Bonds.

The Wichita Public Building Commission (WPBC) has assisted in the financing of buildings and facilities for The Wichita State University, the State of Kansas and Kansas Sports Hall of Fame through the issuance of revenue bonds and by entering into lease agreements with the Board of Trustees of the University, the State of Kansas and the Kansas Sports Hall of Fame. These bonds are payable from lease payments that are made directly to a trustee for the purpose of retiring the principal and interest of the related bonds as they mature.

Additionally, lease payments for Wichita State University are secured by a pledge of the surplus on an ad valorem tax levy in amounts sufficient to guarantee the rentals under the leases. Such surplus consists of the proceeds of one and one-half (1½) mill tax levy on all tangible property within the City of Wichita which is not needed to guarantee the rentals due under certain leases from the WPBC to the Board of Trustees of The Wichita State University.

Pursuant to lease agreements for the financing of the Finney State Office Building, the City of Wichita and Sedgwick County are contingently liable and will make rental payments, as necessary, to supplement the rental payments to be paid by the State of Kansas so that the total shall be sufficient to pay the debt service on the revenue bonds.

The financing of these facilities by the WAA and the WPBC represent direct financing leases and accordingly, the net investments of such leases are recorded on the respective enterprise fund and component unit balance sheets as restricted assets. The following lists the components of the net investment in direct financing leases as of December 31, 2004:

	WAA	WPBC	Total
Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$ 168,580,266	\$ 40,656,306	\$ 209,236,572
Less: unearned income	94,414,113	8,581,306	102,995,419
Net investment in direct financing leases	\$ 74,166,153	\$ 32,075,000	\$ 106,241,153

The future minimum lease rentals to be received under direct financing leases are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

12. Leases (continued)

B. Direct Financing Leases (continued)

Year ending	Airport	Building			
December 31	Authority	Commission	Total		
2005	\$ 8,371,289	\$ 3,763,196	\$	12,134,485	
2006	5,772,559	3,886,466		9,659,025	
2007	5,775,149	3,560,824		9,335,973	
2008	4,640,666	3,374,209		8,014,875	
2009	16,068,631	3,370,586		19,439,217	
2010 - 2014	18,983,202	16,840,234		35,823,436	
2015 - 2019	16,185,470	5,354,311		21,539,781	
2020 - 2024	17,115,240	506,480		17,621,720	
2025 - 2029	15,697,970	-		15,697,970	
2030 - 2033	 59,970,090	<u> </u>		59,970,090	
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 168,580,266	\$ 40,656,306	\$	209,236,572	

13. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The Industrial Revenue Bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2004, there were 145 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$4.720.883.726.

Special Facility Revenue Bonds have been issued by the Wichita Airport Authority to provide for the construction of buildings on Authority-owned land. The bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of rentals to be received from lease agreements between the Authority and various tenants. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City or the Airport Authority. At December 31, 2004, 11 series of Special Facility Revenue Bonds were outstanding totaling \$74,166,153. See Note 12.B., Direct Financing Leases, for further disclosure.

To assist in the financing of buildings, facilities, and equipment for other governmental units, the Wichita Public Building Commission has issued four series of revenue bonds. These bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable from payments received based on underlying lease agreements. As of December 31, 2004, the aggregate principal amount payable was \$32,075,000. See Note 12.B., Direct Financing Leases, for further disclosure.

14. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers reflect the flow of resources from one fund to another fund, generally from the fund in which the resources are received or reside to the fund in which the resources will be expended. During

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

14. Interfund Transfers (continued)

the year ended December 31, 2004, interfund transfers totaled \$76,509,787, that is, both transfer revenue and expenditures were each \$76,509,787. Additional information is provided in the table summary.

Non-routine transfers from the General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds consisted primarily of \$1.3 million for economic development activities and various capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund transfers of \$22.5 million to nonmajor governmental funds reflect transfers to capital project funds to retire temporary notes.

		Transfers from												
	General		Street ovement	Debt Service		onmajor ernmental	Water	S	ewer	Airport		onmajor nterprise	Internal Service	Total
Transfers to	_													
Major Funds:														
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,222	\$ 1,379	\$	845	\$ 763	\$	80	\$ -	\$
Federal/State Assistance	20		_	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	20
Street Improvement	-		-	314		5,983	-		-	-		-	-	6,297
Debt Service Fund NonMajor	-		-	-		16,072	-		-	-		-	970	17,042
Governmental	4,811		10,108	22,528		4,689	-		-	-		122	527	42,785
Water	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Sewer	-		-	-		-	99		-	-		-	-	99
NonMajor Enterprise	3,475			308		-	-		-	-		492	-	4,275
Internal Service				-		-	219		38	-		-	35	703
Total Primary	\$													\$
Government	8,717	\$	10,108	\$ 23,150	\$	28,966	\$ 1,697	\$	883	\$ 763	\$	694	\$ 1,532	76,510

15. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables/payables result from product or services provided to other funds or loans between funds. Individual fund receivable/payable balances at December 31, 2004 are as follows:

2004 Interfered

Fund	Receivables				
General Fund	\$	25,000			
Federal and State Assistance Funds:					
Police Federal Grants Subfund		420,869			
Debt Service Fund		529,944			
Internal Service Funds					
Self-Insurance Fund		3,500,000			
Nonmajor governmental funds:					
Local Sales Tax CIP Fund		14,646,880			
Total	\$	19,122,693			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

15. Interfund Receivables/Payables (continued)

	2	2004 Interfund
Fund		Payables
Street Improvement Fund	\$	3,410,154
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Self-Supporting Municipal District		25,000
Water Main Extension Fund		2,007,575
Park Bond Construction Fund		289,419
Public Improvement Construction Fund		3,500,000
Sewer Construction Fund		8,939,732
Federal and State Assistance Funds:		
Unified Work Program Subfund		144,074
Workforce Investment Act Subfund		49,421
Emergency Shelter HUD Subfund		17,584
Federal Health Projects Subfund		133,021
Emergency Shelter SRS Subfund		18,378
HOME Program Subfund		58,391
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		529,944
Total	\$	19,122,693

Interfund receivables/payables at the end of December 2004 include a cash advance from the Police Federal Grants to the various federal and state assistance subfunds for which grant drawdowns are pending. The Self-Insurance Fund of the internal service funds has a 24 month interest-bearing loan to the Public Improvement Construction Fund, supported by an executed note for an economic development project. The note will come due in 2005. Most significant are the receivables in the Local Sales Tax CIP Fund of \$14.6 million to the Capital Project Funds until projects are completed and long term financing has been secured.

16. Reserves and Designations of Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance is reported to denote portions of fund balance that are either (1) legally restricted for a specific future use or (2) not available for appropriation or expenditures. The following reservations of fund balance are used by the City: [1] reserved for encumbrances - used to segregate a portion of fund balance for expenditures upon vendor performance; [2] reserved for inventory – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that inventories do not represent available or spendable resources, and [3] reserved for prepaid items – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that prepaid items do not represent available or spendable resources.

The following designations of fund balances are reflected in the governmental fund financial statements. A fund balance designation is reported in the amount of \$12,979,625 for the General Fund for the subsequent year's appropriation. Of the unreserved fund balance of the Debt Service Fund, \$20,507,080 is designated for future debt service requirements. \$45,450,885 of the Debt Service Fund balance is held in escrow as a result of a cross over refunding bond sale and is designated for repayment and defeasement of general obligation bonds Series 750, Series 752 and Series 950. Additional information regarding the crossover refunding is located in Note 9-H of these notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

17. Passenger Facility Charges

In 1994, the Wichita Airport Authority first received approval from the Federal Aviation Administration to impose and use a passenger facility charge (PFC) of \$3 for each eligible passenger utilizing Wichita Mid-Continent Airport, effective December 1, 1994. The first funds were received by the Wichita Airport Authority in January 1995. The charge is collected by all carriers and remitted to the Airport Authority, less an \$.08 per passenger handling fee from January 1, through April 2004. Beginning May 1, 2004, the handling fee increased to \$.11 per passenger. The proceeds from the PFC are restricted to use for certain FAA approved capital improvement projects. As of December 31, 2004, the Airport Authority has submitted and received approval on four applications with a total amended authorized amount of \$25,595,809 of which \$18,440,834 has been collected.

18. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

The City's municipal solid waste facility, Brooks Landfill, closed operations October 9, 2001. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on the municipal solid waste facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Accordingly, a liability of \$24,769,912 for postclosure care for the remaining 26.75 years has been reported as a long-term liability of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets as of December 31, 2004.

During 2001, the City was granted permission to operate a construction and demolition (C&D) landfill at the existing Brooks site. The C & D landfill began operation on October 1, 2001. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover when it closes. The City is required to report a portion of the closure costs as a liability in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2004, a long-term liability of \$83,153 has been recorded under governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets, representing the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 17.9 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining closure costs of \$381,652 as the remaining capacity is filled. Based on activity to date, the City of Wichita expects the C&D landfill to close in approximately 2019, or as capacity is reached.

In May 2002, the City began operation of an industrial monofill landfill for asbestos waste at the existing Brooks Landfill site. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover when it closes. The City is required to report a portion of the closure costs as a liability in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2004, a long-term liability of \$49,359 has been recorded under governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets, representing the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 10.4 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining closure costs of \$426,756 as the remaining capacity is filled. Based on activity to date, the industrial monofill landfill is expected to close in approximately 2023, or as capacity is reached.

The estimates are subject to change due to inflation, deflation, technology, laws and regulations.

Financial assurance for closure and post-closure care costs of the landfills has been demonstrated by the local government financial test, as specified in 40 CFR 258.74(f), adopted by reference for use in Kansas

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

18. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care (continued)

by K.A.R. 28-29-98. The Landfill Postclosure Fund and landfill tipping fees will provide the primary source of funding for the landfills' closure and postclosure costs. Additional financing needs beyond those met by the fund and user fees will potentially require the sale of bonds.

19. Prior Period Adjustments

Operation of a landfill requires that specified fees be collected at the landfill and remitted to the State of Kansas. In prior years, the fees were collected and recorded in a custodial deposit account, while the remittances to the State of Kansas were made from operational resources. Consequently, a prior period adjustment of \$394,174 was recorded to adjust the custodial deposit account for remittances of prior years made out of operating expenses, resulting in an increase to the net assets of the Landfill Fund.

20. Contingencies and Commitments

A. Legal Matters

The reporting entity generally follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The reporting entity is vigorously defending its interest in all of the various legal actions and claims against the reporting entity presently pending involving personal injury (including workers' compensation claims), property damages, civil rights complaints, and other miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims will not have an adverse material effect on the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Under Kansas Statutes, should the courts sustain any of the litigation against the reporting entity, the City may issue no-fund warrants to cover any resulting over-expenditures not anticipated in the current year budget. The City is then required to levy sufficient ad valorem property taxes in the first levying period following issuance to retire such warrants. This tax levy is without limitation.

B. Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial, and compliance requirements with each applicable grant and any disallowed costs resulting from such audits could become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, any such disallowed costs will not have a material effect on the basic financial statements of the City at December 31, 2004.

C. Environmental Matters

Gilbert and Mosley Groundwater Contamination Site. An area near the City's downtown has been designated by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) as the Gilbert and Mosley groundwater contamination site. In order to address this site – protect human health and the environment, develop a clean-up plan and avert property value decline within the site - the City entered into an agreement with KDHE to conduct a Remediation Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS). Through this agreement the City has undertaken the obligation to perform the RI/FS and to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

C. Environmental Matters (continued)

perform such corrective measures as may be indicated by the RI/FS. A tax increment financing district (TIF) was established to raise funds for obligations the City may incur under the agreement with KDHE. The City also pursued cost recovery from potentially responsible parties (PRPs), and a portion of the costs have been recovered.

In January 1994, the KDHE completed its review of the RI portion of the report and made it available for review by the public. The RI report describes the nature and extent of contamination at the site.

The FS portion of the report was approved by the State in 1994 and the Corrective Action Decision for Interim Groundwater Remediation was issued by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment for the site. The FS outlined the methods that are to be used for clean-up of the site and the Corrective Action Decision for Interim Groundwater Remediation specified the conditions the City must meet in terms of clean-up levels and containment of the down gradient contamination.

The Gilbert and Mosley Site Final Design Report, Final Interim Groundwater Remediation Plumes ABE, was approved by KDHE on October 5, 2000, and the Remedial Action Work Plan was approved by KDHE on March 1, 2001. The remediation system for plumes ABE has been constructed and cleanup of the groundwater commenced in December of 2002. Thirteen pumping wells and five and one half miles of pipeline were installed as part of the treatment system. As of March 2005, 942 million gallons of water have been cleaned.

Sixteen source locations have been identified as contributing to the down gradient groundwater contamination. Seven source locations (sites) have been declared orphan sites. Three of the orphan sites will require remedial action by the City and are under investigation as required by the agreement with KDHE.

In 1998, the City filed a lawsuit to recover its costs to cleanup and protect the groundwater. The action was filed against 26 defendants that owned or operated businesses at fifteen locations within the site. Settlements with a value of \$10 million (cash payments, future payments and reduced City responsibilities) were made with a number of the PRPs before and during litigation. The Federal Court trial of the claims against the remaining four defendants was held in 2002.

The Court rendered its decision in 2004. The Court found three defendants liable for groundwater contamination and allocated to each of those defendants liability for a portion of the past and future costs of investigation and remediation. In addition, the Coleman Company had initially committed to paying its share of the cleanup cost through a joint agreement with the City of Wichita. Arbitration of the allocation of those costs also concluded in 2004. The City received reimbursement for the allocated share of past costs from each of these PRPs and the Coleman Company and continues to invoice for reimbursement of future costs from these parties as they occur.

In January of 2002, the net present value of the proposed down gradient plume cleanup plan was estimated to total approximately \$16.4 million. Source area investigations and control were projected to be another \$9.7 million. Since the estimate was prepared, additional investigations, work plans and settlements have occurred that have reduced the City's obligation for some of the source areas and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

C. Environmental Matters (continued)

plumes of contamination. The cost recovery efforts were intended to seek recovery from the parties responsible for the contamination and minimize the use of the tax increment financing (TIF) district. In 2004, the Legislature approved changes to the law that would allow the City to extend the lifetime of the TIF district. A recalculation of the net present value of the estimated total costs is planned.

Court documents, under compilation at this time, will allow revision of the past costs and estimated future costs. The costs of cleanup, along with the costs of investigation and design, were sought from potentially responsible parties in the cost recovery lawsuit. The cost recovery efforts are intended to seek recovery from the parties responsible for the contamination and minimize the use of the tax increment-financing district.

North Industrial Corridor Groundwater Contamination Site. In 1995, the City took action to apply the Gilbert and Mosley model to another portion of the community, known as the North Industrial Corridor (NIC). The City of Wichita signed an agreement with KDHE to conduct a Remediation Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) with conditions similar to those identified in the Gilbert and Mosley site. Since the 1995 signing of the agreement, the City has had the NIC Site removed from the National Priority List (NPL). The City has created a tax increment financing district to finance portions of the project. In addition, the City has entered into an agreement with more than 25 businesses in the area, called the NIC Participant Group, that have provided partial funding for the RI/FS for the NIC site.

The investigation and cleanup plan is in the initial stages. To date, the City has created a tax increment-financing district and has signed an agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) to conduct a Remediation Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) with conditions similar to those identified in the Gilbert and Mosley site.

The NIC Site Final Remedial Investigation Report has been completed and has been submitted to KDHE for approval (June 2004). Currently, the City is continuing PRP investigation and FS fieldwork and investigation, Upon approval of the RI, the feasibility study will be completed and submitted to KDHE. Submittal of the feasibility study is anticipated to occur in the later part of 2005. Until the remedial investigation and feasibility study for the NIC area is complete, a final resolution of cost sharing by potential responsible parties and the NIC Participants cannot be finalized; therefore a meaningful estimation of the total cost of investigation and cleanup activities is not currently available.

<u>Brooks Landfill.</u> In 1996, groundwater contamination was identified at the City-owned Brooks Landfill. As a result of this finding, the City entered into the appropriate agreements and permitting conditions regarding the investigation and cleanup of the contamination. The City installed and is operating cleanup facilities at the site to address the contamination.

In 2003, an additional contamination plume was found and a limited groundwater investigation was conducted by the City to evaluate the adequacy of the existing groundwater monitoring network along the south side of the Brooks site. KDHE then directed that a Release Assessment Plan be developed and once approved by KDHE, be implemented to determine the extent of the contamination. As of December 31, 2004, the City's consultant had prepared and received approval for the Release Assessment Plan, conducted initial field sampling, submitted the initial data to KDHE, and was in

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

C. Environmental Matters (continued)

negotiations with KDHE on what additional sampling, if any, would need to be undertaken to allow the report to be completed.

The related liability for the Brooks Landfill groundwater contamination cleanup is included in the total landfill closure and post-closure costs reflected in the general long-term debt, as of December 31, 2004. Note 18 - Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care, provides further disclosure regarding the future funding of landfill liabilities.

D. Construction Commitments

The City has outstanding construction commitments for freeway and arterial street construction and other capital improvements of \$53,547,806 at December 31, 2004. This amount is reflected as reserve for encumbrances in capital projects funds.

E. Public Building Commission Lease

The City of Wichita, in cooperation with Sedgwick County, entered into a lease agreement dated March 1, 1993 with the Wichita Public Building Commission in conjunction with the issuance of \$18,620,000 Revenue Bonds, Series H, 1993, to finance the acquisition, renovation, construction, and other specified improvements of a State Office Building and related parking facilities in downtown Wichita. In 2003, the original bonds on the State Office Building were refunded with the issuance of \$13,880,000 Revenue Bonds, Series N, 2003, to refinance the remaining debt at a lower interest cost.

The Wichita Public Building Commission previously entered into a lease agreement for the project with the State of Kansas regarding the acquisition and renovation of the former "Dillard's" building to provide rentable office space. Agencies of the State, including the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, lease office space in the State Office Building. The City/County lease is intended to be a "wrap-around" obligation wherein the City and County are contingently liable and will make rental payments, if necessary, to supplement the rental payments to be paid by the State pursuant to the State lease so that the total shall be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds.

In 2004, no such payments were required. The City of Wichita also serves as the Property Manager for the State Office Building and related parking facilities for the term of the lease.

F. Economic Development Activities

The City has established tax increment financing districts to support economic development activities, including the East Bank, 21st and Grove, and Old Town Redevelopment Districts. The City's contributions to these projects include streets, a waterwalk, meeting rooms for Expo Hall (adjacent to the downtown convention hotel), and a parking garage adjacent to the Hotel at Old Town, which are financed through the issuance of bonds of which \$19.3 million are outstanding.

In the event that property and guest tax revenues generated by the tax increment financing districts and the Hotel at Old Town are not sufficient, and other revenue sources are not available, under State law, the City would be required to levy additional property tax on all taxable tangible property in the City to meet debt service requirements for these projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

F. Ice Sports Management

The Ice Sports Center of Wichita is managed under a third party contractual agreement with oversight provided by the City of Wichita. The City has advanced operating capital of \$144,484 to the Ice Sports management firm from which the operational costs are paid and replenished with operating revenue. Although operational costs are not paid directly by the City of Wichita, the City is liable for outstanding indebtness incurred in accordance with the management contract. At December 31, 2004, Ice Sports had estimated outstanding liabilities of \$171,860 that with great probability will be satisfied with revenue from ongoing operations. As such, the estimated outstanding liability has not been recorded as a liability in the financial statements of the City.

21. Subsequent Events

On February 1, 2005, the City issued \$19,020,000 of 15-year general obligation bonds (Series 780 with an average interest rate of 3.8 percent. The City also issued \$4,140,000 in general obligation tax increment financing bonds (Series 958) with an average interest rate 3.8 percent. Further, the City issued \$57,585,000 general obligation renewal and improvement temporary notes (Series 213) with an average interest rate of 2.0 percent on February 1, 2005.

Accordingly, temporary notes payable totaling \$23,160,000 were reclassified as bond anticipation notes and are recorded as long-term liabilities of governmental activities, as of December 31, 2004. The notes in the amount of \$23,160,000 were refinanced through the issuance of general obligation bonds (Series 780, Series 777, and Series 958) on February 1, 2005.

2004 PENSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Wichita Employees' Retirement System

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation	-	Actuarial /alue of Assets	Lia	arial Accrued bility (AAL) Entry Age		nfunded AAL (UAAL)		Funded Ratio		Annual overed Payroll	Perce	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)		(a/b)		(c)		((b-a)/c)		
12/31/02	\$	433,366	\$	370,399	\$	(62,967)		117.0	\$	68,117		(92.4)		
12/31/03		446,794		387,037		(59,757)	•	115.4		69,161		(86.4)		
12/31/04	/31/04 462,994			413,159		(49,835)		112.1		72,154	(69.1)			

Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	P	Actuarial	Actua	arial Accrued	U	nfunded			1	Annual	UAA	UAAL as a		
Actuarial	\	/alue of	bility (AAL)	lity (AAL) AAL			Funded		overed	Perce	Percentage of			
Valuation	Valuation Assets		Е	Entry Age		(UAAL)	Ra	tio	Payroll		Covered Payroll			
Date		(a)	(a) (b		b) (b-a)			(a/b) (c)		(c)	((b-a)/c)			
12/31/02	\$	361,687	\$	340,524	\$	(21,163)		106.2	\$	45,696		(46.3)		
12/31/03		374,171		350,444		(23,726)		106.8		45,876		(51.7)		
12/31/04		392,485		393,387		902		99.8		50,414		1.8		

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The primary purpose of the Special Revenue Funds is to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources which are used to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation. The following nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are reported:

Tourism and Convention Downtown Trolley System Special Alcohol Program Special Parks and Recreation Ice Rink Management Landfill Landfill Postclosure Central Inspection Economic Development Sales Tax Pledge Property Management Operations State Office Building Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts Self-Supporting Municipal Improvement District Citv-County Art Museum Board

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The purpose of the Capital Projects Funds is to account for capital improvements (except those financed by proprietary funds) that are financed from the City's general obligation bond issues, special assessments, local sales tax, certain Federal grants and other City funds. Following are the nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

Water Main Extension
Park Bond Construction
Public Improvement Construction
Sewer Construction
Local Sales Tax CIP

Permanent Fund

The Cemetery Fund is reported as a permanent fund and receives earnings from investments that are used for the perpetual care of two cemeteries maintained by the municipality.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

Governmental Fund Types

			OVCII	inientan unu i	урсэ			
	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Permanent Fund Cemetery		2004 Totals	2003 Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,804,164	\$	31,283,162	\$	578,437	\$ 87,665,763	\$ 67,260,626
Investments		-		-		251,446	251,446	253,966
Receivables, net:								-
Due from other agencies		128,500		300,000		-	428,500	1,110,500
Accounts		1,318,779		281,192		-	1,599,971	1,955,564
Interest		-		-		2,792	2,792	2,777
Due from other funds		-		14,646,880		-	14,646,880	16,420,308
Notes receivable	_	-		3,480,000		_	 3,480,000	 1,057,670
Total assets	\$	57,251,443	\$	49,991,234	\$	832,675	\$ 108,075,352	\$ 88,061,411
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DE	FICITS	3)						
Liabilities:		•						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	904,069	\$	456,427	\$	5,150	\$ 1,365,646	\$ 1,639,609
Accrued interest payable		_		128,305		-	128,305	111,040
Temporary notes payable		_		17,759,500		-	17,759,500	21,263,218
Deposits		87,593		-		-	87,593	94,612
Due to other funds		25,000		14,736,726		-	14,761,726	20,627,308
Deferred revenue	_	1,155,000		120,000			 1,275,000	 470,000
Total liabilities	_	2,171,662		33,200,958		5,150	 35,377,770	 44,205,787
Fund balances (deficits):								
Reserved for encumbrances		2,693,413		8,922,918		-	11,616,331	13,192,460
Unreserved, undesignated		52,386,368		7,867,358		827,525	 61,081,251	 30,663,164
Total fund balances (deficits)		55,079,781		16,790,276		827,525	 72,697,582	 43,855,624
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	57,251,443	\$	49,991,234	\$	832,675	\$ 108,075,352	\$ 88,061,411

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

	 ourism and onvention	Downtown Trolley System		Special Alcohol Program		Special Parks and Recreation		Ice Rink Management	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	\$ 655,765	\$	18,242	\$	625,409	\$	115,233	\$	2,150
Due from other agencies Accounts	 - -		- 3,550		- -		<u>-</u>		100,000 44,484
Total assets	\$ 655,765	\$	21,792	\$	625,409	\$	115,233	\$	146,634
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other liabilities Deposits	\$ -	\$	131 -	\$	8,332 -	\$	-	\$	44,484 -
Due to other funds Deferred revenue	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		- -
Total liabilities	 		131		8,332				44,484
Fund balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated	50,000 605,765		- 21,661		155,996 461,081		- 115,233		- 102,150
Total fund balances	655,765		21,661		617,077		115,233		102,150
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 655,765	\$	21,792	\$	625,409	\$	115,233	\$	146,634

Landfill		Landfill Postclosure			Central Inspection		Economic evelopment	Sales Tax Pledge	Property Management		State Office Building	
\$	4,946,366	\$	29,000,844	\$	1,131,033	\$	2,088,769	\$ 6,445,237	\$	1,593,389	\$	788,546
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- 14,045		- 1,231,700	- -		3,500		- -
\$	4,946,366	\$	29,000,844	\$	1,145,078	\$	3,320,469	\$ 6,445,237	\$	1,596,889	\$	788,546
\$	8,273 -	\$	2,743	\$	2,359 56,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	156,435 7,179	\$	15,032 -
	- -		- -	_	<u>-</u>		1,155,000	 - -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
	8,273		2,743		58,359		1,155,000	 <u>-</u> _		163,614		15,032
	23,473 4,914,620		75,244 28,922,857		10,346 1,076,373		1,345,871 819,598	6,445,237		7,263 1,426,012		40,000 733,514
	4,938,093		28,998,101		1,086,719		2,165,469	 6,445,237		1,433,275		773,514
\$	4,946,366	\$	29,000,844	\$	1,145,078	\$	3,320,469	\$ 6,445,237	\$	1,596,889	\$	788,546

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

									Totals			
		TIF Districts		Self-Supporting Municipal District		City- County		Art Museum Board		2004		2003
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,713,191	\$	27,615	\$	220,237	\$	432,138	\$	55,804,164	\$	52,069,611
Receivables, net: Due from other agencies Accounts		- 25,000		25,000		-		-		128,500 1,318,779		810,500 1,639,232
Accounts	_	25,000		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	_	1,310,779		1,039,232
Total assets	\$	7,738,191	\$	52,615	\$	220,237	\$	432,138	\$	57,251,443	\$	54,519,343
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	173,377	\$	-	\$	111,403	\$	381,500	\$	904,069	\$	1,186,713
Deposits Due to other funds		-		- 25,000		24,414		-		87,593 25.000		94,612 707.000
Deferred revenue										1,155,000		350,000
Total liabilities		173,377		25,000		135,817		381,500		2,171,662		2,338,325
Fund balances:												
Reserved for encumbrances		900,800		-		84,420		-		2,693,413		3,138,634
Unreserved, undesignated		6,664,014		27,615				50,638		52,386,368		49,042,384
Total fund balances		7,564,814		27,615		84,420		50,638		55,079,781		52,181,018
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,738,191	\$	52,615	\$	220,237	\$	432,138	\$	57,251,443	\$	54,519,343

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

	Water Main Extension			Park Bond Construction	Public Improvement Construction		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,634,449	
Due from other agencies		-		-		300,000	
Accounts receivable, net		-		729		280,463	
Due from other funds		-		-		-	
Notes receivable						3,480,000	
Total assets	\$		\$	729	\$	15,694,912	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	60,780	\$	35	\$	48,534	
Accrued interest payable		11,212		743		47,124	
Temporary notes payable		1,024,500		176,000		7,051,000	
Due to other funds		2,007,575		289,419		3,500,000	
Deferred revenue				<u>-</u>		120,000	
Total liabilities		3,104,067		466,197		10,766,658	
Fund balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		467,169		1,413,752		5,507,694	
Unreserved, undesignated		(3,571,236)		(1,879,220)		(579,440)	
Total fund balances (deficits)		(3,104,067)		(465,468)		4,928,254	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	729	\$	15,694,912	

					Totals							
	Sewer Construction		Local Sales Tax CIP		2004		2003					
\$	-	\$	19,648,713	\$	31,283,162	\$	14,634,290					
	-		-		300,000		300,000					
	-		-		281,192		316,332					
	-		14,646,880		14,646,880		16,420,308					
	<u> </u>				3,480,000		1,057,670					
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	\$	34,295,593	\$	49,991,234	\$	32,728,600					
\$	347,078	\$		\$	456,427	\$	452,896					
Ψ	69,226	Ψ	_	Ψ	128,305	Ψ	111,040					
	9,508,000		_		17,759,500		21,263,218					
	8,939,732		_		14,736,726		19,920,308					
	-				120,000		120,000					
	18,864,036				33,200,958	_	41,867,462					
	1,534,303		-		8,922,918		10,053,826					
	(20,398,339)		34,295,593		7,867,358		(19,192,688)					
	(18,864,036)		34,295,593		16,790,276		(9,138,862)					
\$	_	\$	34,295,593	\$	49,991,234	\$	32,728,600					

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

Governmental Fund Types Special 2004 2003 Capital Permanent Fund -Revenue Funds Projects Funds Cemetery **Totals** Totals **REVENUES** Taxes 10,443,841 \$ \$ \$ 10,443,841 9,559,145 Special assessments 804,205 804,205 293,282 Local sales tax 22,369,484 22,369,484 19,867,702 Intergovernmental 4,344,318 260,168 4,604,486 4,078,942 Licenses and permits 4,110,286 3,870,876 4,110,286 1,803,358 1,803,358 1,897,933 Interest earnings 500,776 257,247 35,532 793,555 889,042 Charges for services and sales 3,122,019 3,122,019 2,887,957 Other 4,571,651 2,464,518 7,036,170 7,123,274 Total revenues 51,265,733 3,786,138 35.533 55,087,404 50,468,153 **EXPENDITURES** Current: 21.476 6.270.752 General government 7.307.380 7.328.856 Public safety 6,217,063 6,591,154 6.591.154 Sanitation 1,574,450 1,403,195 1,403,195 Health and welfare 4,604,631 3,576,333 3,576,333 Culture and recreation 4,792,363 4,792,363 4,372,142 Debt service: Principal retirement 14,875,582 14,875,582 6,236,454 319,605 Interest and fiscal charges 362,874 362,874 Capital outlay 42,050,988 42,050,988 59,524,155 23,670,425 21,476 Total expenditures 57,289,444 80,981,345 89,119,252 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 27,595,308 (53,503,306)14,057 (25,893,941)(38,651,099) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of long-term capital debt 40,523,083 43,263,587 40,523,083 38.909.361 Transfers from other funds 3,875,231 42.784.592 23,925,294 Transfers to other funds (28.965.950)(28,965,950)(32,985,086)Total other financing sources (uses) (25,090,719)79,432,444 54,341,725 34,203,795 Net change in fund balances 2.504.589 25.929.138 14.057 28.447.784 (4,447,304)(9,138,862) Fund balances - beginning 813,468 43,855,624 48,302,928 52,181,018 394,174 394,174 Prior period adjustment

16,790,276

827,525

72,697,582

43,855,624

55,079,781

Fund balances (deficits) - ending

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Tourism and Convention		Downtown Trolley System		Special Alcohol Program		Special Parks and Recreation		Ice Rink Management	
REVENUES	•	4 000 407	•		•		•		•	
Taxes	\$	4,926,127	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local sales tax		-		-		- 1,389,885		- 1,389,885		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,369,665		1,309,000		-
Licenses and permits Rentals		-		(2,670)		-		-		-
Interest earnings		17,100		(2,670)		5,607		1,104		- 65
Charges for services and sales		17,100		96,809		5,007		1,104		1,135,783
Other		_		30,003		_		_		1,133,763
Total revenues		4,943,227		94,372		1,395,492		1,390,989		1,135,848
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-
Sanitation		-		-		-	-			-
Health and welfare		-		-		1,598,390		-		-
Culture and recreation		2,180,001		111,772						1,178,182
Total expenditures		2,180,001		111,772		1,598,390				1,178,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		2,763,226	-	(17,400)		(202,898)		1,390,989		(42,334)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-		44,484
Transfers to other funds		(2,453,680)		_				(1,386,980)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,453,680)						(1,386,980)		44,484
Net change in fund balances		309,546		(17,400)		(202,898)		4.009		2,150
Fund balances - beginning		346,219		39,061		819,975		111,224		100,000
- and administration and administration			-			310,010				,
Prior period adjustment										
Fund balances - ending	\$	655,765	\$	21,661	\$	617,077	\$	115,233	\$	102,150

	Landfill	Landfill Postclosure	Central Inspection	Economic Development	Sales Tax Pledge	Property Management	State Office Building	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	-	-	-	-	22,369,484	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	4,110,286	-	-	-	-	
	-	51,410	-	-	-	801,348	953,270	
	44,575	254,178	13,250	9,324	50,445	20,783	6,496	
	633,661	-	655,219	6,166	-	276,406	15,068	
	13,270		2,766	2,055,404		293,912	5,600	
	691,506	305,588	4,793,756	2,070,894	22,419,929	1,392,449	980,434	
	-	-	-	3,311,990	-	901,989	950,804	
	-	-	5,230,867	-	-	-	-	
	944,165	459,030	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	944,165	459,030	5,230,867	3,311,990		901,989	950,804	
	(252,659)	(153,442)	(437,111)	(1,241,096)	22,419,929	490,460	29,630	
	-	(600.180)	-	1,247,240	(20.569.220)	- (959,020)	-	
		(690,180) (690,180)	· 	1,247,240	(20,568,330)	(858,020)		
-	<u>-</u>	(090,160)	· 	1,241,240	(20,000,000)	(000,020)		
	(252,659)	(843,622)	(437,111)	6,144	1,851,599	(367,560)	29,630	
	4,796,578	29,841,723	1,523,830	2,159,325	4,593,638	1,800,835	743,884	
	7,700,070	25,071,725	1,020,000	2,100,020	4,000,000	1,000,000	7 70,004	
	394,174		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
\$	4,938,093	\$ 28,998,101	\$ 1,086,719	\$ 2,165,469	\$ 6,445,237	\$ 1,433,275	\$ 773,514	

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

										Totals			
		TIF	Self-Supporting		City-		Art Museum			2224			
BEVENUE		Districts	Muni	cipal District		County		Board		2004		2003	
REVENUES	•	4 040 074	•	500,000	•		•		•	10 110 011	Φ.	0.550.445	
Taxes	\$	4,912,871	\$	592,608	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,443,841	\$	9,559,145	
Local sales tax		260,000		-		1,304,548		-		22,369,484 4,344,318		19,867,702 4,002,820	
Intergovernmental		260,000		-		1,304,548		-		4,344,318		4,002,820 3.870.876	
Licenses and permits Rentals		-		-		-		-		, -,		-,,-	
		75 200		-		-		0.004		1,803,358 500.776		1,897,933 723.622	
Interest earnings		75,328		-		-		2,291		,		-,-	
Charges for services and sales		8		-		302,899		-		3,122,019		2,887,957	
Other		2,200,666		-		30				4,571,651		597,026	
Total revenues		7,448,873		592,608		1,607,477		2,291		51,265,733		43,407,081	
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
General government		57,859		589,880		1,494,858				7.307.380		6,247,143	
•		57,659		569,660		, ,		-		, ,		, ,	
Public safety Sanitation		-		-		1,360,287		-		6,591,154		6,217,063	
		4 077 040		-		-		-		1,403,195		1,574,450	
Health and welfare		1,977,943		-		-		-		3,576,333		4,604,631	
Culture and recreation				-				1,322,408		4,792,363		4,372,142	
Total expenditures		2,035,802		589,880		2,855,145		1,322,408		23,670,425		23,015,429	
F (1.6.1													
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		5 440 074		0.700		(4.047.000)		(4.000.447)		07 505 000		00 004 050	
over (under) expenditures		5,413,071		2,728		(1,247,668)		(1,320,117)		27,595,308		20,391,652	
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HOES)													
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds						4 004 547		4 070 000		0.075.004		E 00E 000	
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		(0.000.700)		-		1,304,547		1,278,960		3,875,231		5,265,232	
		(3,008,760)						4 070 000		(28,965,950)		(26,771,397)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,008,760)				1,304,547		1,278,960		(25,090,719)		(21,506,165)	
Net change in fund balances		2,404,311		2,728		56,879		(41,157)		2,504,589		(1,114,513)	
Fund balances - beginning		5,160,503		24,887		27,541		91.795		52,181,018		53,295,531	
Tana balances beginning		0,100,000		21,007	_	27,011		01,700		02,101,010		00,200,001	
Prior period adjustment										394,174			
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,564,814	\$	27,615	\$	84,420	\$	50,638	\$	55,079,781	\$	52,181,018	

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Nater Main		Park Bond	Public Improvement Construction		
	 Extension	C	onstruction			
REVENUES						
Special assessments	\$ 254,316	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	-		286,811		(26,643)	
Interest earnings	-		-		-	
Other	 278,116		41,921		-	
Total revenues	 532,432		328,732		(26,643)	
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	1,254,188		-		9,300,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	30,889		1,247		177,783	
Capital outlay	 3,381,484		2,362,151		19,415,078	
Total expenditures	 4,666,561		2,363,398		28,892,861	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (4,134,129)		(2,034,666)	-	(28,919,504)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term capital debt	4,688,556		4,684,300		14,073,241	
Transfers from other funds	-		533,686		24,228,015	
Transfers to other funds	 		<u>-</u>		=	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 4,688,556		5,217,986	-	38,301,256	
Net change in fund balances	554,427		3,183,320		9,381,752	
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning	 (3,658,494)		(3,648,788)	-	(4,453,498)	
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$ (3,104,067)	\$	(465,468)	\$	4,928,254	

		Totals							
Sewer	Local Sales								
 Construction	 Tax CIP		2004		2003				
\$ 549,889	\$ -	\$	804,205	\$	293,282				
-	-		260,168		76,122				
-	257,247		257,247		128,128				
952,899	1,191,582		2,464,518		6,525,248				
1,502,788	 1,448,829		3,786,138		7,022,780				
4,321,394	-		14,875,582		6,236,454				
152,955	-		362,874		319,605				
16,892,275	-		42,050,988		59,524,155				
 21,366,624	 		57,289,444		66,080,214				
 (19,863,836)	 1,448,829		(53,503,306)		(59,057,434)				
17,076,986	-		40,523,083		43,263,587				
47,778	14,099,882		38,909,361		18,660,062				
 	 <u> </u>		-		(6,213,689)				
 17,124,764	 14,099,882		79,432,444		55,709,960				
(2,739,072)	15,548,711		25,929,138		(3,347,474)				
 (16,124,964)	 18,746,882		(9,138,862)		(5,791,388)				
\$ (18,864,036)	\$ 34,295,593	\$	16,790,276	\$	(9,138,862)				

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amo	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive		2003
	Original		Final	Α	ctual Amounts		(Negative)	Ad	tual Amounts
REVENUES									
Local government taxes									
Property taxes	\$ 50.586,220	\$	50.586.220	\$	50.551.647	\$	(34,573)	\$	46,475,387
Delinquent property taxes	851,820	Ψ	1,652,800	Ψ	1,931,447	Ψ	278,647	Ψ	1,063,205
IRBs, In-lieu-of-taxes	20,000		20,000		-		(20,000)		6,968
WHA, in-lieu-of-taxes	30,000		30,000		39,171		9,171		31,441
Special assessments	21,350		21,350		8,173		(13,177)		31,597
Motor vehicle tax	7,660,660		7,486,150		8,024,548		538,398		7,529,917
Transient quest tax			-		(35)		(35)		
Local sales tax	20,885,570		21,430,000		22,369,484		939,484		19,867,702
Franchise Fees	29,840,690		30,354,610		29,555,657		(798,953)		29,259,353
Transmise rees	20,040,000	_	30,004,010		25,555,657	_	(130,330)		23,203,000
Total local government taxes	109,896,310		111,581,130		112,480,092		898,962	_	104,265,570
Licenses and permits	2,412,170		1,947,910		1,958,895		10,985		1,743,499
Fines and penalties	9,476,760		8,826,940		7,933,219		(893,721)		8,453,523
Intergovernmental	16,315,740		16,297,420		16,468,762		171,342		15,937,542
Charges for services and sales	7,502,190		8,680,140		7,292,035		(1,388,105)		6,953,579
Rental/lease income	2,463,070		2,502,140		2,258,046		(244,094)		2,277,308
Interest earnings	2,746,910		2,930,520		3,291,244		360,724		2,859,295
Reimbursed expenditures	721,130		2,096,580		2,374,965		278,385		516,145
Administrative fees	3,184,210		4,180,600		3,007,107		(1,173,493)		3,979,687
Revised budget adjustment	-		(4,369,910)		-		4,369,910		-
Novious sudget adjustificiti			(1,000,010)			_	1,000,010		
Total Revenues	154,718,490		154,673,470		157,064,365	_	2,390,895		146,986,148
EXPENDITURES									
City Council:									
Personal services	439,150		426,780		414,438		12,342		401,778
Contractual services	101,740		109,850		104,048		5,802		83,735
Materials and supplies	20,950		19,700		18,489		1,211		14,671
Other	7,750			_	<u>-</u>	_			<u> </u>
Total City Council	569,590		556,330		536,975	_	19,355		500,184
City Manager:									
Personal services	420,380		447,790		447,977		(187)		414,284
Contractual services	41,600		104,310		34,253		70,057		63,236
Materials and supplies	4,100		34,100		8,644		25,456		7,581
Contingency		_	7,290		<u>-</u>	_	7,290		-
Total City Manager	466,080		593,490		490,874	_	102,616	_	485,101
Department of Finance:									
Personal services	2,903,740		2,944,020		2,625,093		318,927		2,637,769
Contractual services	636,320		644,120		555,718		88,402		559,352
Materials and supplies	32,180		33,850		21,831	_	12,019		25,625
Total Department of Finance	3,572,240		3,621,990		3,202,642		419,348		3,222,746

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	2003
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Law Department:					
Personal services	1,564,750	1,614,000	1,552,981	61,019	1,554,752
Contractual services	220,290	237,790	234,414	3,376	226,705
Materials and supplies	6,870	6,870	4,481	2,389	2,565
Total Law Department	1,791,910	1,858,660	1,791,876	66,784	1,784,022
Municipal Court:					
Personal services	3,032,730	3,220,410	2,980,143	240,267	2,938,148
Contractual services	1,634,330	1,761,250	1,340,324	420,926	1,321,447
Materials and supplies	86,730	87,540	74,655	12,885	54,658
Capital outlay	<u> </u>				7,189
Total Municipal Court	4,753,790	5,069,200	4,395,122	674,078	4,321,442
Fire Department:					
Personal services	25,424,560	25,967,530	26,028,489	(60,959)	23,680,462
Contractual services	1,500,620	1,526,380	1,507,383	18,997	1,292,087
Materials and supplies	503,820	533,970	524,342	9,628	464,206
Capital outlay	20,900				
Total Fire Department	27,449,900	28,027,880	28,060,214	(32,334)	25,436,755
Police Department:					
Personal services	47,449,610	48,924,380	48,304,532	619,848	44,831,940
Contractual services	5,371,410	5,429,990	5,287,974	142,016	4,610,727
Materials and supplies	712,420	710,880	674,815	36,065	653,447
Capital outlay	-	6,410	6,097	313	-
Other	-	230	35,224	(34,994)	-
Contingency	12,230	-			
Total Police Department	53,545,670	55,071,890	54,308,642	763,248	50,096,114
Library:					
Personal services	4,430,850	4,550,410	4,481,241	69,169	4,235,610
Contractual services	1,045,580	1,072,560	971,939	100,621	854,795
Materials and supplies	758,630	759,230	750,332	8,898	643,014
Capital outlay	-				3,037
Total Library	6,235,060	6,382,200	6,203,512	178,688	5,736,456
Public Works:					
Personal services	4,155,450	4,015,820	4,198,075	(182,255)	3,807,266
Contractual services	4,739,530	4,795,840	4,652,609	143,231	4,317,247
Materials and supplies	541,160	550,490	538,748	11,742	464,999
Capital outlay	3,800	23,800	22,813	987	29,128
Total Public Works	9,439,940	9,385,950	9,412,245	(26,295)	8,618,640

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2003
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts
Environmental Health:					
Personal services	2,388,830	2,409,360	2,277,825	131,535	2,137,826
Contractual services	923,110	897,820	812,344	85,476	700,303
Materials and supplies	56,550	61,350	61,129	221	49,808
Capital outlay	2,920	12,870	11,397	1,473	22,080
Contingency	1,850	1,850	- _	1,850	
Total Environmental Health	3,373,260	3,383,250	3,162,695	220,555	2,910,017
Park:					
Personal services	9,836,540	9,237,900	9,201,995	35,905	9,213,462
Contractual services	6,003,800	6,432,750	6,303,835	128,915	5,408,522
Materials and supplies	682,000	704,072	628,124	75,948	563,786
Capital outlay	98,900	86,180	79,982	6,198	9,664
Other	49,200	49,200	35,082	14,118	31,100
Contingency	49,850				
Total Park	16,720,290	16,510,102	16,249,018	261,084	15,226,534
General Government:					
Personal services	1,995,160	1,759,560	1,633,820	125,740	1,832,383
Contractual services	371,240	424,720	397,777	26,943	349,680
Materials and supplies	47,920	63,960	57,471	6,489	45,318
Total General Government	2,414,320	2,248,240	2,089,068	159,172	2,227,381
Non Departmental:					
Personal services	513,010	260,980	224,903	36,077	25,710
Contractual services	1,128,370	1,186,330	1,088,314	98,016	1,371,094
Materials and supplies	54,500	48,500	15,493	33,007	12,652
Contingency	9,467,972	4,977,762	950,602	4,027,160	21,987
Total Non Departmental	11,163,852	6,473,572	2,279,312	4,194,260	1,431,443

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2003 Actual Amounts
Public Works-Gas Tax:					
Personal services	8,404,650	8,743,180	8,070,655	672,525	8,188,276
Contractual services	9,685,780	10,269,110	10,049,649	219,461	9,267,794
Materials and supplies	2,501,520	1,749,320	1,473,141	276,179	1,547,512
Capital outlay	247,120	560,470	477,026	83,444	127,330
Engineering overhead	-	177,840	152,839	25,001	144,143
Total Public Works-Gas Tax	20,839,070	21,499,920	20,223,310	1,276,610	19,275,055
Total Expenditures	162,334,972	160,682,674	152,405,505	8,277,169	141,271,890
·					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(7,616,482)	(6,009,204)	4,658,860	10,668,064	5,714,258
, ,					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from other funds	5,370,980	5,416,000	5,289,223	(126,777)	3,189,193
Transfers to other funds	(8,196,500)	(9,848,798)	(8,717,480)	1,131,318	(9,260,069)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,825,520)	(4,432,798)	(3,428,257)	1,004,541	(6,070,876)
	(=,==,===)	(1,10=,100)	(*, *==,==*)		(0,0.0,0.0)
Net change in fund balances	(10,442,002)	(10,442,002)	1,230,603	11,672,605	(356,618)
	(,,002)	(,,,,	.,,,	,,500	(,5:0)
Unencumbered fund balances - beginning	18,968,575	20,769,068	20,769,068	_	21,125,686
2	. 5,555,616	25,700,000	25,7 00,000		2:,120,000
Unencumbered fund balances - ending	\$ 8,526,573	\$ 10,327,066	\$ 21,999,671	\$ 11,672,605	\$ 20,769,068

TOURISM AND CONVENTION PROMOTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amour			ounts			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive		2003
		Original		Final Actu		ual Amounts	(Negative)		Act	ual Amounts
REVENUES Taxes Interest earnings	\$	4,321,670 51,000	\$	4,622,180 19,950	\$	4,926,127 17,100	\$	303,947 (2,850)	\$	4,487,555 19,178
Total revenues		4,372,670		4,642,130		4,943,227		301,097		4,506,733
EXPENDITURES										
Culture and recreation: Contractual services		1,675,460		2,253,530		2,180,001		73,529		1,852,475
Total expenditures		1,675,460		2,253,530		2,180,001		73,529		1,852,475
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,697,210		2,388,600		2,763,226		374,626		2,654,258
OTHER FINANCING (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(2,693,200)		(2,453,680)		(2,453,680)		-		(2,544,220)
Total other financing (uses)		(2,693,200)		(2,453,680)		(2,453,680)		-		(2,544,220)
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning		4,010 191,121		(65,080) 296,219		309,546 296,219		374,626		110,038 186,181
Fund balance - ending	\$	195,131	\$	231,139	\$	605,765	\$	374,626	\$	296,219

DOWNTOWN TROLLEY SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			<u> </u>			Fina	iance with			
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)		2003 al Amounts	
					·						
REVENUES											
Charges for services and sales	\$	93,040	\$	88,040	\$	96,809	\$	8,769	\$	120,597	
Rentals		50,000		50,000		(2,670)		(52,670)		-	
Interest earnings		-		-		230		230		389	
Revised budget adjustment		-		5,000		-		(5,000)		-	
Other	-			-		3		3			
Total revenues		143,040		143,040	-	94,372		(48,668)		120,986	
EXPENDITURES											
Culture and recreation:											
Personal services		89,040		86,370		94,115		(7,745)		78,224	
Contractual services		37,140		44,810		12,872		31,938		11,597	
Materials and supplies	-	15,180		10,180		4,785		5,395		2,535	
Total expenditures		141,360		141,360		111,772		29,588		92,356	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		1,680		1,680		(17,400)		(19,080)		28,630	
Net change in fund balances		1,680		1,680		(17,400)		(19,080)		28,630	
Fund balance - beginning	-	18,291		39,061		39,061				10,431	
Fund balance - ending	\$	19,971	\$	40,741	\$	21,661	\$	(19,080)	\$	39,061	

SPECIAL ALCOHOL PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive			2003
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES Intergovernmental- private club liquor tax	\$	1,304,330	\$	1,360,000	\$	1,389,885	\$	29,885	\$	1,303,241
Interest earnings	Ψ	10,000	φ	10.000	Ψ	5,607	Ψ	(4,393)	Ψ	11,987
Revised budget adjustment		-		(55,670)		-		55,670		
Other		-		<u> </u>		20,291		20,291		7,402
Total revenues		1,314,330		1,314,330		1,415,783		101,453		1,322,630
EXPENDITURES										
Health and welfare: Personal services										689.222
Contractual services		1,056,090		1,335,544		1,335,528		16		577,615
Materials and supplies		-		-		-		-		32,270
Other		558,830		279,376				279,376		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		1,614,920		1,614,920		1,335,528		279,392		1,299,107
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(300,590)		(300,590)		80,255		380,845		23,523
Net change in fund balances		(300,590)		(300,590)		80,255		380,845		23,523
Fund balance - beginning		325,023		380,826		380,826				357,303
Fund balance - ending	\$	24,433	\$	80,236	\$	461,081	\$	380,845	\$	380,826

SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			ts				iance with Il Budget -	0000		
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	-	Positive egative)	Act	2003 Actual Amounts	
REVENUES Intergovernmental-											
private club liquor tax Interest earnings	\$	1,304,330 5,000	\$	1,360,000 5,000	\$	1,389,885 1,104	\$	29,885 (3,896)	\$	1,303,241 2,895	
Revised budget adjustment		-		(55,670)				55,670			
Total revenues		1,309,330		1,309,330		1,390,989		81,659		1,306,136	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)											
Transfers to other funds		(1,386,980)		(1,386,980)		(1,386,980)		-		(1,398,170)	
Total other financing (uses)		(1,386,980)		(1,386,980)		(1,386,980)				(1,398,170)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) other financing uses		(77,650)		(77,650)		4,009		81,659		(92,034)	
over (under) other interioring uses		(11,000)		(77,000)		4,000		01,000		(32,004)	
Net change in fund balances		(77,650)		(77,650)		4,009		81,659		(92,034)	
Fund balance - beginning		77,658		111,224		111,224		-		203,258	
Fund balance - ending	\$	8	\$	33,574	\$	115,233	\$	81,659	\$	111,224	

ICE RINK MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with I Budget -	2003		
	Ori	ginal		Final	Actu	Actual Amounts		egative)	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES Charges for services and sales Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	\$	1,600,000	\$	1,250,000 - 350,000	\$	1,135,783 65 -	\$	(114,217) 65 (350,000)	\$	1,078,484 876	
Total revenues		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,135,848		(464,152)		1,079,360	
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation: Contractual services Revised budget adjustment		1,600,000		1,250,000 350,000		1,178,182 -		71,818 350,000		1,171,075 -	
Total expenditures		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,178,182		421,818		1,171,075	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				<u>-</u>		(42,334)		(42,334)		(91,715)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds				<u>-</u>		44,484		44,484		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing (uses)		-		-		44,484		44,484		-	
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning		- 191,715		100,000		2,150 100,000		2,150		(91,715) 191,715	
Fund balance - ending	\$	191,715	\$	100,000	\$	102,150	\$	2,150	\$	100,000	

LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Amoun	ts			Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive		2003		
	0	riginal		Final	Acti	ual Amounts		Negative)	Act	ual Amounts
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales	\$	404,000	\$	402,000	\$	633,661	\$	231,661	\$	383,417
Interest earnings		113,150		83,650		44,575		(39,075)		69,551
Revised budget adjustment		-		31,500		-		(31,500)		-
Other		-				120,753		120,753		
Total revenues		517,150		517,150		798,989		281,839		452,968
EXPENDITURES										
Sanitation:										
Personal services		209,220		53,550		7		53,543		1,371
Contractual services		456,820		872,930		356,159		516,771		662,714
Materials and supplies		11,000		11,000		4,630		6,370		3,931
Capital outlay				100,000		100,000		-		471,142
Other		2,455,000		2,094,560		-		2,094,560		
Total expenditures		3,132,040		3,132,040		460,796		2,671,244		1,139,158
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(2,614,890)		(2,614,890)		338,193		2,953,083		(686,190)
Net change in fund balances		(2,614,890)		(2,614,890)		338,193		2,953,083		(686,190)
Fund balance - beginning		2,771,553		4,182,253		4,182,253		-		4,868,443
Prior period adjustment to fund balance						394,174		394,174		
Fund balance - ending	\$	156,663	\$	1,567,363	\$	4,914,620	\$	3,347,257	\$	4,182,253

LANDFILL POST CLOSURE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			its				/ariance with inal Budget -		
		Original	Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)		2003 Actual Amounts	
REVENUES										
Rentals	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	51,410	\$	16,410	\$	41,658
Interest earnings		852,790		595,480		254,178		(341,302)		413,095
Revised budget adjustment		-		257,310		-		(257,310)		-
Other		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,503		1,503		464,153
Total revenues		887,790	_	887,790		307,091		(580,699)	_	918,906
EXPENDITURES Sanitation:										
Personal services		150.090		150.950		151.023		(73)		169,420
Contractual services		764,460		764,860		316,481		448,379		423,508
Materials and supplies		28,150		28,150		766		27,384		9,191
Other		27,600,000		27,598,740				27,598,740		
Total expenditures		28,542,700		28,542,700		468,270		28,074,430		602,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(27,654,910)		(27,654,910)		(161,179)		27,493,731		316,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(690,180)		(690,180)		(690,180)		_		(1,500,000)
Transcore to care. Tande		(000,100)		(000,:00)		(000,:00)				(.,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(690,180)		(690,180)		(690,180)		-		(1,500,000)
Net change in fund balances		(28,345,090)		(28,345,090)		(851,359)		27,493,731		(1,183,213)
Fund balance - beginning		29,376,489		29,774,216		29,774,216		<u> </u>		30,957,429
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,031,399	\$	1,429,126	\$	28,922,857	\$	27,493,731	\$	29,774,216

CENTRAL INSPECTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget - Positive		2003	
	 Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(Negative)	Act	ual Amounts
REVENUES									
Special assessments Licenses and permits Charges for services and sales Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment Other	\$ 6,500 4,316,750 782,750 36,870	\$	6,500 4,658,180 840,230 33,010 (395,050)	\$	12,235 4,110,286 655,219 13,250 - 13,799	\$	5,735 (547,894) (185,011) (19,760) 395,050 13,799	\$	6,130 3,870,876 706,868 24,023 - 1,350
Total revenues	 5,142,870		5,142,870		4,804,789		(338,081)		4,609,247
EXPENDITURES Public safety:									
Personal services	4,159,070		4,177,670		4,180,018		(2,348)		3,960,325
Contractual services	993,610		1,036,990		1,029,280		7,710		974,838
Materials and supplies	23,120		29,720		21,212		8,508		23,446
Other	 1,750,000		1,695,020				1,695,020		
Total expenditures	 6,925,800		6,939,400		5,230,510		1,708,890		4,958,609
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,782,930)		(1,796,530)		(425,721)		1,370,809		(349,362)
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	 (13,600)						<u> </u>		(109,240)
Total other financing (uses)	 (13,600)		<u>-</u>						(109,240)
Net change in fund balances	(1,796,530)		(1,796,530)		(425,721)		1,370,809		(458,602)
Fund balance - beginning	 1,973,126		1,502,094		1,502,094		<u> </u>		1,960,696
Fund balance - ending	\$ 176,596	\$	(294,436)	\$	1,076,373	\$	1,370,809	\$	1,502,094

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budge	ted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2003
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts
REVENUES					
Charges for services and sales	\$	- \$ -	\$ 6,166	\$ 6,166	\$ -
Interest earnings	25,00		9,324	(15,676)	28,078
Other	302,50	00 302,500	2,055,404	1,752,904	460,853
Total revenues	327,50	327,500	2,070,894	1,743,394	488,931
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
Personal services	258,70	,	260,005	2,145	247,491
Contractual services	505,61		3,125,021	61,349	3,376,233
Materials and supplies	4,50		457	4,043	566
Other		- 573,500		573,500	
Total expenditures	768,81	4,026,520	3,385,483	641,037	3,624,290
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(441,31	(3,699,020)	(1,314,589)	2,384,431	(3,135,359)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	300,00	3,050,000	1,247,240	(1,802,760)	2,700,000
Total other financing sources	300,00	3,050,000	1,247,240	(1,802,760)	2,700,000
Net change in fund balances	(141,31	(649,020)	(67,349)	581,671	(435,359)
Fund balance - beginning	170,28	886,947	886,947		1,322,306
Fund balance - ending	\$ 28,97	<u>\$ 237,927</u>	\$ 819,598	\$ 581,671	\$ 886,947

SALES TAX CONSTRUCTION PLEDGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance with nal Budget -	2003	
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)		Ac	2003 tual Amounts
REVENUES										
Local sales tax	\$	20,885,570	\$	21,430,000	\$	22,369,484	\$	939,484	\$	19,867,702
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment		161,140 		91,870 (475,160)		50,445		(41,425) 475,160		49,845
Total revenues		21,046,710	-	21,046,710		22,419,929		1,373,219		19,917,547
OTHER FINANCING (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(23,543,330)		(23,543,330)		(20,568,330)		2,975,000		(19,882,650)
Total other financing (uses)		(23,543,330)		(23,543,330)		(20,568,330)		2,975,000		(19,882,650)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) other financing uses		(2,496,620)		(2,496,620)		1,851,599		4,348,219		34,897
Net change in fund balances		(2,496,620)		(2,496,620)		1,851,599		4,348,219		34,897
Fund balance - beginning		2,964,701		4,593,638		4,593,638				4,558,741
Fund balance - ending	\$	468,081	\$	2,097,018	\$	6,445,237	\$	4,348,219	\$	4,593,638

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -			
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts			Positive Negative)	Act	2003 ual Amounts
REVENUES									
Charges for services and sales	\$ 312,800	\$	342,800	\$	276,406	\$	(66,394)	\$	283,580
Rentals	751,580		754,100		801,348		47,248		955,721
Interest earnings	52,680		71,000		20,783		(50,217)		25,712
Revised budget adjustment	-		(358,040)		-		358,040		-
Other	 31,000		338,200		294,625		(43,575)		136,751
Total revenues	 1,148,060		1,148,060		1,393,162		245,102		1,401,764
EXPENDITURES									
General government:	054.000		0.40 =00		477.050		74.004		470.000
Personal services	251,290		249,520		177,659		71,861		176,986
Contractual services Materials and supplies	836,330 19,660		900,610 19,660		702,210 7,358		198,400 12,302		892,932 15,800
Capital outlay	812,000		2,760		7,556		2,760		12,021
Other	012,000		16,890		_		16,890		12,021
Other	 <u>-</u> _	-	10,090		<u>-</u>		10,090	-	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 1,919,280		1,189,440		887,227		302,213		1,097,739
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 (771,220)		(41,380)		505,935		547,315		304,025
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers to other funds	 (128,180)		(858,020)		(858,020)		_		(128,180)
Total other financing (uses)	 (128,180)		(858,020)		(858,020)		<u>-</u>		(128,180)
Net change in fund balances	(899,400)		(899,400)		(352,085)		547,315		175,845
Fund balance - beginning	 1,001,512		1,778,097		1,778,097				1,602,252
Fund balance - ending	\$ 102,112	\$	878,697	\$	1,426,012	\$	547,315	\$	1,778,097

STATE OFFICE BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	Amount	nounts				riance with al Budget -		
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive legative)	2003 Actual Amoun	
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales	\$	20,000	\$	15,000	\$	15,068	\$	68	\$	11,498
Rentals		1,085,960		985,960		953,270		(32,690)		900,554
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment		18,000		10,000 113,000		6,496		(3,504) (113,000)		7,764
Other		-		-		5,600		5,600		3,725
Total		4 400 000	_	4 400 000	-	000 404		(4.40, 500)		000 544
Total revenues	-	1,123,960		1,123,960		980,434		(143,526)		923,541
EXPENDITURES										
General government:										
Personal services		149,460		151,050		129,292		21,758		140,924
Contractual services		983,120		890,100		800,073		90,027		743,884
Materials and supplies		50,630		55,630		48,398		7,232		43,665
Other		330,000		416,430		7,522		408,908		5,749
Total expenditures		1,513,210		1,513,210		985,285		527,925		934,222
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(389,250)		(389,250)		(4,851)		384,399		(10,681)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds										404.000
ransfers from other funds		-								131,003
Total other financing (uses)		<u>-</u>								131,003
Net change in fund balances		(389,250)		(389,250)		(4,851)		384,399		120,322
Fund balance - beginning		462,363		738,365		738,365				618,043
Fund balance - ending	\$	73,113	\$	349,115	\$	733,514	\$	384,399	\$	738,365

GILBERT/ MOSLEY TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	Amoun	ts			Fir	ariance with nal Budget -	2003	
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		Positive Negative)	Act	2003 ual Amounts
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	2,670,040	\$	2,567,000	\$	2,674,842	\$	107,842	\$	2,555,336
Intergovernmental		130,000		260,000		260,000		-		260,000
Charges for services and sales		-		-		8		8		-
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment		5,000		5,000 (3,126,960)		26,682		21,682 3,126,960		18,515
Other		-		3,100,000		2,200,671		(899,329)		-
Other				3,100,000		2,200,071		(099,329)		
Total revenues		2,805,040	_	2,805,040		5,162,203		2,357,163		2,833,851
EXPENDITURES										
Health and welfare:										
Personal services		51,580		-		-		-		-
Contractual services		1,024,670		1,742,420		1,512,082		230,338		2,069,330
Materials and supplies		26,120	-	22,260		19,353		2,907		12,252
Total expenditures		1,102,370		1,764,680		1,531,435		233,245		2,081,582
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		1,702,670		1,040,360		3,630,768		2,590,408		752,269
OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(4.474.040)		(0.400.040)		(0.400.040)				(000 500)
Transfers to other funds		(1,471,310)		(2,128,310)		(2,128,310)				(886,560)
Total other financing (uses)	-	(1,471,310)		(2,128,310)		(2,128,310)		-		(886,560)
Net change in fund balances		231,360		(1,087,950)		1,502,458		2,590,408		(134,291)
Fund balance - beginning		1,002		950,222		950,222				1,084,513
Fund balance - ending	\$	232,362	\$	(137,728)	\$	2,452,680	\$	2,590,408	\$	950,222

NORTH INDUSTRIAL CORRIDOR TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted Amounts					Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive		2003
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts		legative)	Act	tual Amounts
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 1,165,300	\$	1,130,000	\$	1,152,020	\$	22,020	\$	1,127,662
Interest earnings	48,000		24,000		31,506		7,506		35,122
Revised budget adjustment	-		59,300		-		(59,300)		-
Other	 =		-		3,875		3,875		50
Total revenues	 1,213,300		1,213,300		1,187,401		(25,899)		1,162,834
EXPENDITURES Health and welfare:									
Contractual services	2,203,160		1,065,580		767,065		298,515		382,091
Materials and supplies	3,350		3,350		1,412		1,938		692
Total expenditures	 2,206,510		1,068,930		768,477		300,453		382,783
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 (993,210)		144,370		418,924		274,554		780,051
Net change in fund balances	(993,210)		144,370		418,924		274,554		780,051
Fund balance - beginning	750,882		2,493,412		2,493,412		-		1,713,361
Fund balance - ending	\$ (242,328)	\$	2,637,782	\$	2,912,336	\$	274,554	\$	2,493,412

EAST BANK TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	Amount	9			Variance with Final Budget -				
		Duageteu 7	anount					Positive		2003	
	<u>Original</u>			Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)		Actu	al Amounts	
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	655,760	\$	494,970	\$	446,454	\$	(48,516)	\$	479,859	
Interest earnings		-		15,000		8,223		(6,777)		5,599	
Revised budget adjustment			-	145,790		-		(145,790)			
Total revenues		655,760		655,760		454,677		(201,083)		485,458	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)											
Transfers to other funds		(655,850)		(492,850)		(492,850)		<u>-</u>		(5,000)	
Total other financing (uses)		(655,850)		(492,850)		(492,850)		-		(5,000)	
Net change in fund balances		(90)		162,910		(38,173)		(201,083)		480,458	
Fund balance - beginning		103		583,741		583,741		<u>-</u>		103,283	
Fund balance - ending	\$	13	\$	746,651	\$	545,568	\$	(201,083)	\$	583,741	

OLD TOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted /	Amounts	8			Fin	riance with al Budget -		0000
	 Original		Final	Actu	ual Amounts		Positive Negative)	Actu	ual Amounts
REVENUES Taxes Interest earnings	\$ 410,700 11,190	\$	682,400 24,000	\$	430,205 7,471	\$	(252,195) (16,529)	\$	363,813 7,572
Revised budget adjustment Other	 , - -		(284,510)		975		284,510 975		, - -
Total revenues	 421,890		421,890		438,651		16,761		371,385
EXPENDITURES General government:									
Contractual services Materials and supplies	50,000		75,000 25,000		20,364 3,440		54,636 21,560		39,210
Other	50,000		-		-		-		
Total expenditures	 100,000		100,000		23,804		76,196		39,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 321,890		321,890		414,847		92,957		332,175
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	 (170,600)		(170,600)		(170,600)				(163,010)
Total other financing (uses)	 (170,600)		(170,600)		(170,600)				(163,010)
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning	 151,290 820		151,290 506,225		244,247 506,225		92,957 -		169,165 337,060
Fund balance - ending	\$ 152,110	\$	657,515	\$	750,472	\$	92,957	\$	506,225

21ST & GROVE TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted /	Amounts	,			Var			
		Buugeteu /	Amounts	<u> </u>				al Budget - Positive		2003
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		(Negative)		Actua	al Amounts
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	32,940	\$	79,380	\$	68,409	\$	(10,971)	\$	18,903
Interest earnings		250		500		528		28		329
Revised budget adjustment				(46,690)				46,690		
Total revenues		33,190		33,190		68,937		35,747		19,232
OTHER FINANCING (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(33,190)		(89,040)		(78,000)		11,040		(21,770)
Total other financing (uses)		(33,190)		(89,040)		(78,000)		11,040		(21,770)
Net change in fund balances		-		(55,850)		(9,063)		46,787		(2,538)
Fund balance - beginning				9,162		9,162				11,700
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	(46,688)	\$	99	\$	46,787	\$	9,162

CENTRAL AND HILLSIDE TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted /	Amount	mounts			Fina	ance with I Budget - Positive	2003	2002
	 Original		Final	Actua	al Amounts		egative)		I Amounts
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 1,125,800	\$	95,430	\$	86,582	\$	(8,848)	\$	-
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	 18,000		1,800 1,046,570		565 		(1,235) (1,046,570)		<u>-</u>
Total revenues	 1,143,800		1,143,800		87,147		(1,056,653)		
EXPENDITURES General government:									
Other	 		1,068,410				1,068,410		
Total expenditures	 <u>-</u>		1,068,410				1,068,410		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 1,143,800		75,390		87,147		11,757		<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	 (1,143,800)		(97,230)		(87,000)		10,230		<u>-</u>
Total other financing (uses)	 (1,143,800)		(97,230)		(87,000)		10,230		
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning	- -		(21,840)		147 -		21,987		- -
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(21,840)	\$	147	\$	21,987	\$	

OLD TOWN CINEMA TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

							riance with		
	 Budgeted A	Amounts	3			Fina	al Budget -		
						F	Positive	2	003
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts		legative)	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 114,460	\$	91,520	\$	51,916	\$	(39,604)	\$	-
Rentals	87,720		87,720		-		(87,720)		-
Revised budget adjustment	-		23,100		_		(23,100)		-
Interest earnings	 2,560		2,400		336		(2,064)		
Total revenues	 204,740		204,740		52,252		(152,488)		
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers to other funds	 (278,060)		(181,640)		(52,000)		129,640		
Total other financing (uses)	 (278,060)		(181,640)		(52,000)		129,640		
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning	(73,320)		23,100		252		(22,848)		- -
·		-						-	
Fund balance - ending	\$ (73,320)	\$	23,100	\$	252	\$	(22,848)	\$	

MAIN AND MURDOCK TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	Amounts				iance with Il Budget -		
	Original Final		Actua	al Amounts	Positive egative)	2003 Actual Amounts			
REVENUES									
Taxes Interest earnings	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	2,443 17	\$ 2,443 17	\$	<u>-</u>
Total revenues		-	-	-		2,460	 2,460		
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning		- -		<u>-</u>		2,460	 2,460		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,460	\$ 2,460	\$	-

SELF SUPPORTING MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted A	geted Amounts				Fina	iance with al Budget -			
		Original		Final	Δctu	al Amounts		Positive legative)	2003 Actual Amounts		
		Original	T IIIQI		Actual Amounts		(Negative)		7 totaar 7 tirioarits		
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	510,000	\$	565,000	\$	592,608	\$	27,608	\$	519,887	
Total revenues		510,000		565,000		592,608		27,608		519,887	
EXPENDITURES General government:											
Contractual services		510,000		589,880		589,880				495,000	
Total expenditures		510,000		589,880		589,880				495,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				(0.4.000)		0.700		07.000		04.007	
over (under) expenditures				(24,880)		2,728		27,608		24,887	
Net change in fund balances		-		(24,880)		2,728		27,608		24,887	
Fund balance - beginning	-			24,887		24,887					
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	7	\$	27,615	\$	27,608	\$	24,887	

CITY/COUNTY METROPOLITAN PLANNING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			s			Fina	iance with Il Budget -			
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		Positive egative)	Act	2003 ual Amounts	
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental	\$	656.600	\$	619,820	\$	590.274	\$	(29,546)	\$	531,510	
Charges for services and sales	•	255,400	•	275,000	•	302,899	•	27,899	•	303,513	
Revised budget adjustment		, -		53,960		, -		(53,960)		, -	
Other						210		210		-	
Total revenues		912,000		948,780		893,383		(55,397)		835,023	
EXPENDITURES											
General government:											
Personal services		1,316,550		1,252,560		1,243,072		9,488		1,111,707	
Contractual services		234,470		244,490		224,059		20,431		227,987	
Materials and supplies		17,580		17,590		16,526		1,064		15,418	
Capital outlay Revised budget adjustment		-		53,960		-		53,960		11,422	
Revised budget adjustifierit		<u>-</u>		55,960				55,900		-	
Total expenditures		1,568,600		1,568,600		1,483,657		84,943		1,366,534	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(656,600)		(619,820)		(590,274)		29,546		(531,511)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers from other funds		656,600		619,820		590,274		(29,546)		531,511	
Total other financing sources		656,600		619,820		590,274		(29,546)		531,511	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance - beginning	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>							
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		

CITY/COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive	2003		
		Original		Final	Actu	ual Amounts		legative)	Acti	ual Amounts	
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental Other	\$	743,690	\$	743,690 <u>-</u>	\$	714,274	\$	(29,416)	\$	604,828 42	
Total revenues		743,690		743,690		714,274		(29,416)		604,870	
EXPENDITURES Diablic or fate.											
Public safety: Personal services		887,980		889,740		876,347		13,393		754,558	
Contractual services		483,820		482,060		453,019		29,041		395,695	
Materials and supplies		109,580		109,580		99,181		10,399		59,348	
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000		97	
Total expenditures		1,487,380		1,487,380		1,428,547		58,833		1,209,698	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(743,690)		(743,690)		(714,273)		29,417		(604,828)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers from other funds		743,690		743,690		714,273		(29,417)		604,828	
		743,690		743,690		714,273		(29,417)		604,828	
Net change in fund balances Fund balance - beginning		<u>-</u>		- -		- -				- -	
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		

ART MUSEUM BOARD FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted A	eted Amounts				Fina	ance with I Budget - ositive		2003
	 Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		egative)	Act	ual Amounts
REVENUES									
Interest earnings	\$ 3,500	\$	3,500	\$	2,291	\$	(1,209)	\$	3,092
Total revenues	 3,500		3,500		2,291		(1,209)		3,092
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation:									
Personal services	1,058,020		927,920		927,934		(14)		944,880
Contractual services	224,440		394,540		394,474		66		351,556
Other	 45,000		5,000		-		5,000		=
Total expenditures	 1,327,460		1,327,460		1,322,408		5,052		1,296,436
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,323,960)		(1,323,960)	_	(1,320,117)		3,843		(1,293,344)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds	1,280,360		1 279 060		1 270 060				1 207 900
Transfers from other funds	1,280,360		1,278,960		1,278,960				1,297,890
Total other financing sources	 1,280,360		1,278,960		1,278,960				1,297,890
Net change in fund balances	(43,600)		(45,000)		(41,157)		3,843		4,546
Fund balance - beginning	 87,249		91,795		91,795		<u>-</u>		87,249
Fund balance - ending	\$ 43,649	\$	46,795	\$	50,638	\$	3,843	\$	91,795

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -			
		Original		Final	_A	ctual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	Ac	2003 stual Amounts
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	23,181,890	\$	23,181,890	\$	23,628,277	\$	446,387	\$	22,135,421
Delinquent property taxes		523,590		926,280		931,906		5,626		516,141
Special assessments		22,434,980		21,349,370		24,250,083		2,900,713		23,465,344
Delinquent Special assessments		1,244,520		1,403,400		965,934		(437,466)		1,577,154
Motor vehicle tax		3,606,140		3,427,020		3,737,757		310,737		3,526,033
Interest earnings		1,000,000		1,000,000		495,875		(504,125)		698,547
Other		-		210,500		615,561		405,061		372,376
Revised budget adjustment		<u>-</u>		(196,460)		<u>-</u>	_	196,460		
Total Revenues		51,991,120	_	51,302,000		54,625,393		3,323,393		52,291,016
EXPENDITURES										
Debt service:										
Interest on general obligation bonds		6,540,910		6,540,910		8,653,841		(2,112,931)		6,968,794
Interest on special assessment bonds		7,314,230		7,314,230		7,819,476		(505,246)		7,512,729
Interest on HUD Section 108 loan		163,510		163,510		163,508		2		174,233
Commission, postage and refunds		45,360		45,360		-		45,360		-
Retirement of general obligation bonds		24,525,870		24,447,140		23,190,487		1,256,653		24,756,278
Retirement of special assessment bonds		16,297,000		15,145,000		14,905,000		240,000		15,485,000
Retirement of HUD Section 108 loan		205,000		205,000		205,000		-		195,000
Other debt service cost		-		-		129,513		(129,513)		117,243
Revised budget adjustment				730		<u> </u>	_	730		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		55,091,880		53,861,880		55,066,825		(1,204,945)		55,209,277
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(3,100,760)		(2,559,880)		(441,432)	_	2,118,448		(2,918,261)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Premiums on bonds sold		-		-		771,070		771,070		395,112
Transfers from other funds		11,925,640		12,614,760		17,041,300		4,426,540		10,832,846
Transfers to other funds - retirement of temporary notes		(27,130,000)		(28,360,000)		(23,149,969)	_	5,210,031		(2,102,804)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,204,360)		(15,745,240)		(5,337,599)		10,407,641		9,125,154
Net change in unencumbered cash balances		(18,305,120)		(18,305,120)		(5,779,031)		12,526,089		6,206,893
Unencumbered fund balances - beginning		21,807,128	_	26,286,111		26,286,111				20,079,218
Unencumbered fund balances - ending	\$	3,502,008	\$	7,980,991	\$	20,507,080	\$	12,526,089	\$	26,286,111

— ENTERPRISE FUNDS —

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and change in financial position. The following nonmajor Enterprise Funds are reported:

<u>Storm Water Utility</u> - administers the acquisition, design, construction, maintenance and operation of the City's drainage system. The Storm Water Utility also maintains and operates the Wichita-Valley Center Flood Control Project under the guidance of the Corps of Engineers.

<u>Golf Course System</u> - provides the public five suitable golf facilities on a self-sustaining basis.

<u>Wichita Transit</u> - provides economical bus service through regular route services and special charter services.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

	Storm Water	Golf Course	Wichita	Totals					
	Utility	System	Transit	2004	2003				
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,639,137	\$ 231,423	\$ 1,096,418	\$ 3,966,978	\$ 4,362,817				
Receivables, net	142,944	-	31,654	174,598	322,464				
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	11,346				
Due from other agencies	-	-	455,596	455,596	641,724				
Inventories	36,862	-	294,478	331,340	321,137				
Total current assets	2,818,943	231,423	1,878,146	4,928,512	5,659,488				
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land	2,314,582	631,534	1,906,816	4,852,932	4,298,770				
Buildings	2,428,303	2,765,591	8,634,742	13,828,636	13,828,636				
Improvements other than buildings	73,731,457	14,202,084	342,181	88,275,722	81,687,409				
Machinery, equipment and other assets	2,806,598	1,843,696	16,243,097	20,893,391	21,015,942				
Construction in progress	2,431,230	73,434	1,096,944	3,601,608	5,743,960				
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,030,528)	(6,712,910)	(8,625,608)	(23,369,046)	(20,232,092)				
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	75,681,642	12,803,429	19,598,172	108,083,243	106,342,625				
Total noncurrent assets	75,681,642	12,803,429	19,598,172	108,083,243	106,342,625				
Total assets	\$ 78,500,585	\$ 13,034,852	\$ 21,476,318	\$ 113,011,755	\$ 112,002,113				
LIADULTUS									
LIABILITIES Compat liabilities									
Current liabilities:	40.005	A 07.707	f 47.000	A 450 005	¢ 400.070				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 43,685	\$ 67,767	\$ 47,383	\$ 158,835	\$ 403,376				
Accrued interest payable	21,310	27,060	-	48,370	55,755				
Temporary notes payable	600,500	-	-	600,500	225,900				
Deposits	-	145	-	145	968				
Due to other funds	-	529,944	-	529,944	-				
Current portion of long-term obligations:									
General obligation bonds payable	1,831,320	653,982	-	2,485,302	2,401,312				
Compensated absences	66,066	76,131	136,063	278,260	269,248				
Total current liabilities	2,562,881	1,355,029	183,446	4,101,356	3,356,559				
Noncurrent liabilities:									
General obligation bonds payable	3,894,020	5,726,522	-	9,620,542	12,105,844				
Compensated absences	10,257	13,118	15,783	39,158	33,289				
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,904,277	5,739,640	15,783	9,659,700	12,139,133				
Total liabilities	6,467,158	7,094,669	199,229	13,761,056	15,495,692				
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	69,334,492	5,865,921	19,598,172	94,798,585	91,553,814				
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	22,522	22,522	4,754				
Unrestricted	2,698,935	74,262	1,656,395	4,429,592	4,947,853				
Total net assets	72,033,427	5,940,183	21,277,089	99,250,699	96,506,421				
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 78,500,585	\$ 13,034,852	\$ 21,476,318	\$ 113,011,755	\$ 112,002,113				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Storm Water	Golf Course	Wichita	Totals					
	Utility	System	Transit	2004	2003				
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,513,078	\$ 293,119	\$ 1,607,720	\$ 7,413,917	\$ 7,079,172				
Fees	-	2,665,644	-	2,665,644	2,850,133				
Rentals	-	592,690	25,412	618,102	494,217				
Other		13,536	24,075	37,611	28,703				
Total operating revenues	5,513,078	3,564,989	1,657,207	10,735,274	10,452,225				
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services	1,483,147	1,457,948	5,116,758	8,057,853	7,782,222				
Contractual services	780,175	1,017,069	1,951,919	3,749,163	3,518,103				
Materials and supplies	70,063	461,493	1,237,667	1,769,223	1,504,881				
Administrative charges	61,680	72,600	298,390	432,670	376,700				
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	150,000	-	-	150,000	159,020				
Depreciation	1,199,367	981,756	2,014,399	4,195,522	3,981,510				
Total operating expenses	3,744,432	3,990,866	10,619,133	18,354,431	17,322,436				
Operating income (loss)	1,768,646	(425,877)	(8,961,926)	(7,619,157)	(6,870,211)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Operating grants	-	-	3,155,956	3,155,956	2,547,646				
Interest on investments	23,942	4,589	19,403	47,934	62,652				
Other revenues (expenses)	-	, -	(28,877)	(28,877)	(20,000)				
Interest expense	(255,767)	(358,154)	(353)	(614,274)	(713,562)				
Gain (loss) from sale of assets	-	6,876	3,838	10,714	(77,914)				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(231,825)	(346,689)	3,149,967	2,571,453	1,798,822				
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,536,821	(772,566)	(5,811,959)	(5,047,704)	(5,071,389)				
Capital contributions and operating transfers:									
Capital contributions	3,640,476	-	570,421	4,210,897	7,294,567				
Transfers from other funds	308,000	-	3,967,430	4,275,430	3,818,080				
Transfers to other funds		(60,120)	(634,225)	(694,345)	(181,606)				
Change in net assets	5,485,297	(832,686)	(1,908,333)	2,744,278	5,859,652				
Total net assets - beginning	66,548,130	6,772,869	23,185,422	96,506,421	90,646,769				
Total net assets - ending	\$ 72,033,427	\$ 5,940,183	\$ 21,277,089	\$ 99,250,699	\$ 96,506,421				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Storm Water	Golf Course	Wichita	Tot	Totals			
	Utility	System	Transit	2004	2003			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,577,271	\$ 3,550,630	\$ 1,728,151	\$ 10,856,052	\$ 10,279,406			
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(957,416)	(1,582,785)	(3,476,233)	(6,016,434)	(5,318,553)			
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,481,325)	(1,449,539)	(5,112,108)	(8,042,972)	(7,797,307)			
Payment in lieu of franchise fees	(150,000)	-	-	(150,000)	(159,020)			
Other operating revenues	-	13,536	24,075	37,611	28,703			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,988,530	531,842	(6,836,115)	(3,315,743)	(2,966,771)			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Operating grant received	-	-	3,281,702	3,281,702	2,674,226			
Transfers from other funds	308,000	-	3,475,080	3,783,080	3,818,080			
Transfers to other funds	-	(60,120)	(141,875)	(201,995)	(54,050)			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	308,000	(60,120)	6,614,907	6,862,787	6,438,256			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S							
Payment of temporary notes	374,600	-	-	374,600	(2,983,800)			
Proceeds from capital debt	-	-	-	-	2,821,660			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(2,193,990)	(279,961)	(579,893)	(3,053,844)	(3,314,703)			
Debt service - principal	(1,751,320)	(104,038)	(16,010)	(1,871,368)	(2,138,992)			
Debt service - interest	(261,861)	(361,215)	(424)	(623,500)	(714,824)			
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	6,876	4,061	10,937	(77,914)			
Capital contributed for capital purposes	475,243	-	-	475,243	-			
Capital contributed by local government	70,286	-	(3,429)	66,857	61,571			
Capital contributed by other government	-	-	165,886	165,886	407,646			
Capital grants received	-	-	464,372	464,372	1,565,605			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(3,287,042)	(738,338)	34,563	(3,990,817)	(4,373,751)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on investments	23,942	4,589	19,403	47,934	62,652			
Net cash provided by investing activities	23,942	4,589	19,403	47,934	62,652			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	33,430	(262,027)	(167,242)	(395,839)	(839,614)			
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	2,605,707	493,450	1,263,660	4,362,817	5,202,431			
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 2,639,137	\$ 231,423	\$ 1,096,418	\$ 3,966,978	\$ 4,362,817			

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	S	storm Water	G	olf Course		Wichita		То	tals	
		Utility		System		Transit		2004		2003
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$	1,768,646	\$	(425,877)	\$	(8,961,926)	\$	(7,619,157)	\$	(6,870,211)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		1,199,367		981,756		2,014,399		4,195,522		3,981,510
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		64,193		-		95,019		159,212		(144,542)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(15,478)		-		5,275		(10,203)		33,788
(Increase) decrease in fixed assets due to expenditure reclass		-		-		218,243		218,243		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable/accrued expenses		(30,020)		(31,623)		(211,775)		(273,418)		47,343
Increase (decrease) in deposits		-		(823)		-		(823)		426
Increase in compensated absences	_	1,822	_	8,409		4,650	_	14,881		(15,085)
Total adjustments	_	1,219,884		957,719		2,125,811		4,303,414		3,903,440
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	2,988,530	\$	531,842	\$	(6,836,115)	\$	(3,315,743)	\$	(2,966,771)
Noncash, investing, capital and financing activities:	¢	2 004 047	¢		r.		¢.	2 004 047	¢	4 724 070
Assets contributed by benefit districts Contribution of capital assets	\$	3,094,947	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,094,947	\$	4,724,076 486,779
Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		_		-		-		_		(127,556)
Transfer of accets between proprietary rands										(127,000)

WATER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2003 Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Charges for services and sales Interest earnings Other	\$ 37,725,420 1,500,000	\$ 38,736,870 600,000	\$ 37,456,330 387,931 105,667	\$ (1,280,540) (212,069) 105,667	\$ 36,673,180 550,601 102,053		
Total revenues	39,225,420	39,336,870	37,949,928	(1,386,942)	37,325,834		
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services	7,025,800	6,775,160	7,512,545	(737,385)	7,291,688		
Contractual services	6,101,120	7,414,220	5,678,448	1,735,772	4,965,964		
Materials and supplies	3,380,380	4,431,210	2,899,970	1,531,240	2,552,187		
Capital outlay	3,244,110	3,446,810	2,963,322	483,488	2,376,316		
Administrative charges	792,740	851,130	851,130	-	787,760		
Debt service	12,575,410	12,522,860	12,359,357	163,503	11,177,017		
Bond discount/premium amortization	88,040	33,380	12,540	20,840	16,834		
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,831,000	1,838,510	1,838,510	-	1,826,000		
Other non-operating expenses	-	-	261,361	(261,361)	182,168		
Contingency	1,000,000	287,000		287,000			
Total expenditures	36,038,600	37,600,280	34,377,183	3,223,097	31,175,934		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	3,186,820	1,736,590	3,572,745	1,836,155	6,149,900		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to other funds	(1,952,150)	(1,954,380)	(1,850,603)	103,777	(1,309,988)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,952,150)	(1,954,380)	(1,850,603)	103,777	(1,309,988)		
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	1,234,670	(217,790)	1,722,142	1,939,932	4,839,912		
Unencumbered cash - beginning	26,102,027	47,800,413	47,800,413	-	26,102,027		
Proceeds/expenditures							
in (anticipation) of bond sales			(15,241,827)	(15,241,827)	16,858,474		
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 27,336,697	\$ 47,582,623	\$ 34,280,728	\$ (13,301,895)	\$ 47,800,413		

SEWER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	2003 Actuals Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 28,466,600	\$ 27,614,470	\$ 28,002,364	\$ 387,894	\$ 25,942,128	
Interest earnings	800,000	400,000	246,156	(153,844)	360,290	
Other		1,252,130	344,491	(907,639)	203,074	
Total revenues	29,266,600	29,266,600	28,593,011	(673,589)	26,505,492	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	8,495,670	8,495,340	8,618,382	(123,042)	8,227,081	
Contractual services	4,156,230	4,039,230	4,018,333	20,897	4,247,963	
Materials and supplies	2,204,170	2,239,170	2,078,553	160,617	2,014,557	
Capital outlay	847,850	811,040	534,758	276,282	699,256	
Administrative charges	187,540	205,060	205,060	-	187,540	
Debt service	10,663,800	10,935,950	10,404,191	531,759	9,005,649	
Bond amortization expense	30,460	(48,180)	(48,180)	-	(41,782)	
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,397,000	1,304,690	1,304,690	-	1,355,000	
Other non-operating expenses	-	-	2,035	(2,035)	196	
Contingency	50,000	50,420		50,420		
Total expenditures	28,032,720	28,032,720	27,117,822	914,898	25,695,460	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	1,233,880	1,233,880	1,475,189	241,309	810,032	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds	(1,175,650)	(1,175,650)	(1,175,650)		(738,810)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,175,650)	(1,175,650)	(1,175,650)		(738,810)	
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	58,230	58,230	299,539	241,309	71,222	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	14,304,230	33,474,612	33,474,612	-	14,304,230	
Proceeds/expenditures						
in (anticipation) of bond sales	<u> </u>		(11,189,180)	(11,189,180)	19,099,160	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 14,362,460	\$ 33,532,842	\$ 22,584,971	\$ (10,947,871)	\$ 33,474,612	

STORM WATER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	2003 Actuals Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,793,500	\$ 5,655,000	\$ 5,618,464	\$ (36,536)	\$ 5,181,292	
Interest earnings	44,430	48,000	23,942	(24,058)	32,260	
Other		134,930	70,286	(64,644)	44,371	
Total revenues	5,837,930	5,837,930	5,712,692	(125,238)	5,257,923	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	1,717,130	1,731,070	1,481,325	249,745	1,587,248	
Contractual services	1,022,090	1,022,210	757,889	264,321	863,938	
Materials and supplies	149,840	149,840	126,257	23,583	66,245	
Capital outlay	196,000	270,000	175,343	94,657	413,813	
Administrative charges	51,020	61,680	61,680	-	51,020	
Debt service	2,018,190	2,018,190	2,013,181	5,009	1,704,128	
Other non-operating expenses	775,000	-	-	-	-	
Contingency	1,295,000	-	-	-		
Revised Budget adjustment		1,971,280		1,971,280		
Total expenditures	7,224,270	7,224,270	4,615,675	2,608,595	4,686,392	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,386,340)	(1,386,340)	1,097,017	2,483,357	571,531	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	_	_	308.000	308.000	343.000	
Transfers to other funds	(875,000)	(875,000)	(574,291)	300,709	(657,748)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(875,000)	(875,000)	(266,291)	608,709	(314,748)	
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	(2,261,340)	(2,261,340)	830,726	3,092,066	256,783	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	2,665,945	2,399,725	2,399,725	-	2,057,691	
Proceeds/expenditures						
in (anticipation) of bond sales			(415,753)	(415,753)	85,251	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 404,605	\$ 138,385	\$ 2,814,698	\$ 2,676,313	\$ 2,399,725	

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— INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ——

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing and administration of general services rendered to the various departments of the City.

<u>Information Technology</u> - responsible for coordination of the City's total computer automation efforts and provides a City-owned telephone system to the organization.

<u>Fleet and Buildings</u> - purchases, repairs, and maintains vehicles and equipment used by City departments.

<u>Stationery Stores</u> - provides all departments with office supplies, printing services, mail room service, photocopying and microfilming services.

<u>Self Insurance</u> - accounts for self insurance programs of health insurance, workers' compensation, group life insurance, auto liability and general liability.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2004

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Information Technology	Fleet and Buildings			
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,541,843	\$ 5,875,684			
Investments	-	-			
Receivables, net	8,330	95,990			
Due from other funds	-	-			
Inventories	-	366,334			
Prepaid items					
Total current assets	2,550,173	6,338,008			
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	-	71,340			
Buildings	53,364	3,279,073			
Machinery, equipment and other assets	9,501,459	29,440,154			
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,571,385)	(23,849,152)			
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	983,438	8,941,415			
Total assets	\$ 3,533,611	\$ 15,279,423			
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 245,963	\$ 112,988			
Deposits	-	-			
Current portion of long-term obligations:					
Claims payable	-	-			
Compensated absences	114,380	142,868			
Total current liabilities	360,343	255,856			
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Claims payable	-	-			
Compensated absences	19,709	21,494			
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,709	21,494			
Total liabilities	380,052	277,350			
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets	983,438	8,941,415			
Unrestricted	2,170,121	6,060,658			
Total net assets	3,153,559	15,002,073			
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 3,533,611	\$ 15,279,423			

S	tationery		Self		Totals				
	Stores		Insurance	_	2004		2003		
\$	334,339	\$	32,118,174	\$	40,870,040	9	41,951,938		
	-		244,091		244,091		246,984		
	3,651		-		107,971		886,088		
	-		3,500,000		3,500,000		3,500,000		
	-		4,616		370,950		366,462		
	14,271			_	14,271	_	681		
	352,261		35,866,881	_	45,107,323		46,952,153		
	-		-		71,340		71,340		
	-		-		3,332,437		3,293,131		
	109,070		362,364		39,413,047		39,573,935		
	(75,574)		(140,570)	_	(32,636,681)	<u> </u>	(32,507,123)		
_	33,496	_	221,794		10,180,143		10,431,283		
\$	385,757	\$	36,088,675	\$	55,287,466		57,383,436		
\$	36,039	\$	1,830,837	\$	2,225,827	\$	876,092		
	-		-		-		1,094,200		
	-		5,686,565		5,686,565		5,051,000		
	-		22,302		279,550		263,294		
	36,039		7,539,704		8,191,942	_	7,284,586		
	_		13,398,055		13,398,055		12,211,000		
	_		3,843		45,046		38,051		
			13,401,898	_	13,443,101	_	12,249,051		
	36,039		20,941,602		21,635,043		19,533,637		
	<u> </u>			_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	33,496		221,794		10,180,143		10,431,283		
_	316,222		14,925,279		23,472,280		27,418,516		
	349,718		15,147,073	_	33,652,423	_	37,849,799		
\$	385,757	\$	36,088,675	\$	55,287,466	\$	57,383,436		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Information Technology	Fleet and Buildings		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 7,040,095	\$ 940,597		
Rentals	-	9,121,874		
Employer contributions	-	-		
Employee contributions	-	-		
Other	<u>-</u> _	106,834		
Total operating revenues	7,040,095	10,169,305		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	3,002,479	2,795,172		
Contractual services	2,499,499	1,575,062		
Materials and supplies	241,757	2,502,429		
Cost of materials used	-	1,620,676		
Administrative charges	79,330	189,560		
Depreciation	293,168	2,308,790		
Employee benefits	-	-		
Insurance claims	-	-		
Total operating expenses	6,116,233	10,991,689		
Operating income (loss)	923,862	(822,384)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest earnings	-	-		
Gain (loss) on the sale of assets	(247,970)	28,370		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(247,970)	28,370		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	675,892	(794,014)		
Capital contributions and operating transfers:				
Capital contributions	336,932	18,030		
Transfers from other funds	193,190	161,400		
Transfers to other funds	(562,000)			
Change in net assets	644,014	(614,584)		
Total net assets - beginning	2,509,545	15,616,657		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 3,153,559	\$ 15,002,073		

- 9,121,874 7,6 - 21,729,851 21,729,851 20,5 - 6,177,412 6,177,412 5,0 - 369,531 476,365 4 - 751,707 28,276,794 46,237,901 41,6 54,557 - 5,852,208 5,7 57,674 - 4,132,235 3,1 762 - 2,744,948 2,7 650,954 - 2,271,630 2,1 44,770 - 313,660 2 11,653 34,709 2,648,320 2,9 - 25,208,985 25,208,985 19,5 - 6,876,993 6,876,993 5,9 820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	
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650,954 - 2,271,630 2,1 44,770 - 313,660 2 11,653 34,709 2,648,320 2,9 - 25,208,985 25,208,985 19,5 - 6,876,993 6,876,993 5,9 820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) 307,917 87,680 5	09,855
44,770 - 313,660 2 11,653 34,709 2,648,320 2,9 - 25,208,985 25,208,985 19,5 - 6,876,993 6,876,993 5,9 820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) 307,917 87,680 5	75,227
11,653 34,709 2,648,320 2,9 - 25,208,985 25,208,985 19,5 - 6,876,993 6,876,993 5,9 820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	34,270
- 25,208,985 25,208,985 19,5 - 6,876,993 6,876,993 5,9 820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	82,889
820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	04,044
820,370 32,120,687 50,048,979 42,5 (68,663) (3,843,893) (3,811,078) (8 - 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	68,039
- 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	24,376
- 307,917 307,917 4 (637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	
(637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	44,035)
(637) - (220,237) (637) 307,917 87,680 5	
(637) 307,917 87,680 5	55,649
	73,030
(69,300) (3,535,976) (3,723,398) (3	28,679
	15,356)
354,962 4	90,051
35,000 313,220 702,810 6	62,108
<u>- (969,750)</u> <u>(1,531,750)</u> <u>(2,5</u>	46,763)
(34,300) (4,192,506) (4,197,376) (1,7	09,960)
	59,759
\$ 349,718 \$ 15,147,073 \$ 33,652,423 \$ 37,8	49,799

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Information Technology	Fleet Buildings
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,040,660	\$ 10,154,092
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,789,139)	(6,045,320)
Cash payments to employees for services	(3,005,391)	(2,780,197)
Other operating revenues		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,246,130	1,328,575
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	193,190	161,400
Transfers to other funds	(562,000)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(368,810)	161,400
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(129,765)	(2,260,944)
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	128,254
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(129,765)	(2,132,690)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	-	-
Interest on investments	_	_
Net cash provided by investing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	747,555	(642,715)
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	1,794,288	6,518,399
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 2,541,843	\$ 5,875,684

S	Stationery	Self	Totals				
	Stores	Insurance		2004		2003	
\$	752,071	\$ 28,699,665	\$	46,646,488	\$	37,506,893	
	(762,206)	(29,891,709)		(39,488,374)		(31,537,222)	
	(54,557)	11,188		(5,828,957)		(5,753,199)	
		369,531		369,531		436,626	
	(64,692)	(811,325)		1,698,688		653,098	
	35,000	313,220		702,810		662,108	
		 (969,750)		(1,531,750)		(2,546,763)	
	35,000	 (656,530)		(828,940)		(1,884,655)	
	-	-		(2,390,709)		(2,130,041)	
		 		128,254	_	73,030	
		 		(2,262,455)		(2,057,011)	
		2,892		2,892		65,000	
	_	307,917		307,917		460,170	
		 310,809		310,809	_	525,170	
		 310,009	_	310,009	_	323,170	
	(29,692)	(1,157,046)		(1,081,898)		(2,763,398)	
	364,031	 33,275,220		41,951,938		44,715,336	
\$	334,339	\$ 32,118,174	\$	40,870,040	\$	41,951,938	

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	 oformation echnology	Fleet and Buildings
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Operating income (loss)	\$ 923,862	\$ (822,384)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation	293,168	2,308,790
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	565	(15,213)
Decrease in inventory	-	128
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	31,447	(157,721)
Increase in claims payable	-	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	 (2,912)	 14,975
Total adjustments	 322,268	 2,150,959
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,246,130	\$ 1,328,575
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Capital contributed by local government	\$ 336,932	\$ 18,030

S	tationery		Self	 Totals			
	Stores	1	Insurance	 2004			
\$	(68,663)	\$	(3,843,893)	\$ (3,811,078)	\$	(844,035)	
	_						
	11,653		34,709	2,648,320		2,982,889	
	364		792,402	778,118		(3,736,822)	
	-		-	128		112,476	
	(13,590)		(4,616)	(18,206)		1,986	
	5,544		376,265	255,535		270,593	
	-		1,822,620	1,822,620		1,825,000	
			11,188	 23,251		41,011	
	3,971		3,032,568	 5,509,766		1,497,133	
\$	(64,692)	\$	(811,325)	\$ 1,698,688	\$	653,098	
\$	_	\$	-	\$ 354,962	\$	490,051	
				*		•	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS SELF INSURANCE FUNDS

	Life	Health	Workers'	General	Totals		
	Insurance	Insurance	Compensation	Liability	2004	2003	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Employer contributions	\$ 202,015	\$ 17,138,220	\$ 3,059,135	\$ 1,330,481	\$ 21,729,851	\$ 20,529,764	
Employee contributions	359,153	5,818,259	-	-	6,177,412	5,072,706	
Other			280,995	88,536	369,531	369,093	
Total operating revenues	561,168	22,956,479	3,340,130	1,419,017	28,276,794	25,971,563	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation	-	-	999	33,710	34,709	35,896	
Employee benefits	708,214	24,500,771	-	-	25,208,985	19,504,044	
Insurance claims			141,907	6,735,086	6,876,993	5,968,039	
Total operating expenses	708,214	24,500,771	142,906	6,768,796	32,120,687	25,507,979	
Operating income (loss)	(147,046)	(1,544,292)	3,197,224	(5,349,779)	(3,843,893)	463,584	
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
Interest earnings	50,466	22,750	124,891	109,810	307,917	455,649	
Total nonoperating revenues	50,466	22,750	124,891	109,810	307,917	455,649	
Income (loss) before operating transfers	(96,580)	(1,521,542)	3,322,115	(5,239,969)	(3,535,976)	919,233	
Operating transfers:							
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	3,209,051	3,209,051	309,630	
Transfers to other funds			(2,895,831)	(969,750)	(3,865,581)	(156,432)	
Change in net assets	(96,580)	(1,521,542)	426,284	(3,000,668)	(4,192,506)	1,072,431	
Total net assets - beginning	3,088,622	3,785,849	1,681,203	10,783,905	19,339,579	18,267,148	
Total net assets - ending	\$ 2,992,042	\$ 2,264,307	\$ 2,107,487	\$ 7,783,237	\$ 15,147,073	\$ 19,339,579	

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted Amounts					Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive	2003	
	Origi	nal	Final		Act	ual Amounts	(Negative)		Actu	ual Amounts
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales	\$ 6.9	57,390	\$	6,858,960	\$	7,033,282	\$	174,322	\$	6,282,323
Other revenue				98,430		4,466		(93,964)		5,919
Total revenues	6,9	57,390		6,957,390		7,037,748		80,358		6,288,242
EXPENDITURES										
Personal services	3,0	84,300		3,194,530		3,002,480		192,050		2,923,397
Contractual services	2,4	56,330		2,659,910		2,657,950		1,960		2,264,955
Materials and supplies	4	41,180		289,220		264,606		24,614	313,46	
Capital outlay	2	68,600		284,400		235,796		48,604	149,503	
City administrative charges		53,620	79,330			79,330		-		53,620
Cost of materials used		50,000	150,000		47,542		102,458		133,782	
Contingency	1	25,000		914,740		-		914,740		-
Total expenditures	6,5	79,030		7,572,130		6,287,704		1,284,426		5,838,718
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	3	78,360		(614,740)		750,044		1,364,784		449,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from other funds	1	93,190		193,190		193,190		-		193,192
Transfers to other funds	(1,5	55,100)		(562,000)		(562,000)				(1,605,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,3	61,910)		(368,810)		(368,810)				(1,411,908)
Net change in unencumbered cash	(9	83,550)		(983,550)		381,234		1,364,784		(962,384)
Unencumbered cash - beginning	1,3	45,150		1,927,146		1,110,836		(816,310)		2,073,220
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 3	61,600	\$	943,596	\$	1,492,070	\$	548,474	\$	1,110,836

FLEET AND BUILDINGS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2003		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,397,000	\$ 1,407,000	\$ 1,351,538	\$ (55,462)	\$ 1,113,734		
Rental/lease income	8,980,570	8,951,690	8,841,875	(109,815)	7,634,563		
Other revenue	145,500	164,380	104,037	(60,343)	57,838		
				<u></u> _			
Total revenues	10,523,070	10,523,070	10,297,450	(225,620)	8,806,135		
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services	3,079,410	2,738,550	2,795,172	(56,622)	2,765,493		
Contractual services	1,141,960	1,289,810	1,244,454	45,356	1,400,700		
Materials and supplies	2,477,400	2,386,300	2,502,455	(116,155)	2,285,240		
Capital outlay	2,650,000	2,730,000	2,639,059	90,941	1,589,246		
City administrative charges	145,450	189,560	189,560	-	145,450		
Cost of materials used	1,250,000	1,600,000	1,657,560	(57,560)	1,590,265		
Contingency	290,000	100,000		100,000			
Total expenditures	11,034,220	11,034,220	11,028,260	5,960	9,776,394		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(511,150)	(511,150)	(730,810)	(219,660)	(970,259)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds			464 400	161,400			
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	-	-	161,400	161,400	(691,045)		
Transiers to other fullus					(091,043)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	161,400	161,400	(691,045)		
Net change in unencumbered cash	(511,150)	(511,150)	(569,410)	(58,260)	(1,661,304)		
Unencumbered cash - beginning	728,956	4,454,652	4,473,532	18,880	6,134,836		
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 217,806	\$ 3,943,502	\$ 3,904,122	\$ (39,380)	\$ 4,473,532		

STATIONERY STORES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2003		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Charges for services and sales Other revenue	\$ 950,000	\$ 920,000 60,100	\$ 738,478 -	\$ (181,522) (60,100)	\$ 757,201 413		
Total revenues	950,000	980,100	738,478	(241,622)	757,614		
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services	61,160	63,040	54,556	8,484	53,201		
Contractual services	114,770	74,770	57,684	17,086	37,992		
Materials and supplies	5,000	5,000	762	4,238	4,914		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	40,620		
City administrative charges	46,240	44,770	44,770	-	46,240		
Cost of materials used	800,000	800,000	636,796	163,204	597,697		
Contingency	175,000	214,590	-	214,590			
Total expenditures	1,202,170	1,202,170	794,568	407,602	780,664		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(252,170)	(222,070)	(56,090)	165,980	(23,050)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from other funds	65,100	35,000	35,000		65,100		
Total other financing sources (uses)	65,100	35,000	35,000		65,100		
Net change in unencumbered cash	(187,070)	(187,070)	(21,090)	165,980	42,050		
Unencumbered cash - beginning	226,803	473,469	318,979	(154,490)	276,929		
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 39,733	\$ 286,399	\$ 297,889	\$ 11,490	\$ 318,979		

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— FIDUCIARY FUNDS —

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others and, therefore, are not used to support the government's own programs.

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> - accounts for the receipt, investment and distribution of retirement contributions made for the benefit of police, fire and other City employees.

Police and Fire Retirement System Employees' Retirement Employees' Retirement Plan 3

<u>Agency Funds</u> - accounts for resources received and held by the City as agent which are to be expended as directed by the party for which the City is acting as agent.

Payroll Liability
Special Assessment Advance Payments
Neighborhood Revitalization
IRB, Payment-in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

		Police and Fire Retirement		Employees' Retirement		Employees' Retirement	Totals			
		System		System		Plan 3		2004		2003
ASSETS										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	10,908,336	\$	11,941,517	\$	486,516	\$	23,336,369	\$	15,818,927
Receivables:										
Investment sales pending		4,895,469		5,628,513		143,814		10,667,796		1,366,652
Interest and dividends		826,060		949,754		24,267		1,800,081		1,783,275
Other		<u> </u>								481,785
Total receivables		5,721,529		6,578,267		168,081		12,467,877		3,631,712
Investments, at fair value:										
Government securities: long term		14,605,378		16,792,017		437,136		31,834,531		24,237,380
Corporate debt instruments: long term		28,800,102		33,111,902		861,980		62,773,984		65,662,034
Mortgage-backed securities		19,345,558		22,241,873		579,008		42,166,439		36,666,427
Corporate stocks: domestic common		139,431,974		160,306,995		4,173,168		303,912,137		273,185,685
Corporate stocks: international common		54,347,685		62,484,335		1,626,614		118,458,634		80,016,126
Real estate		10,349,622		11,899,113		309,762		22,558,497		-
Value of interest in pooled funds: domestic fixed income		42,358,760		48,700,491		1,267,788		92,327,039		90,051,833
Value of interest in pooled funds: international fixed income		-		-		-		-		46,445,521
Value of interest in pooled funds: domestic equities		49,439,947		56,841,836		1,479,726		107,761,509		92,011,175
Value of interest in pooled funds: international equities		31,697,250		36,442,795		948,691		69,088,736		61,295,276
Total investments	_	390,376,276		448,821,357	_	11,683,873	_	850,881,506		769,571,457
Total assets		407,006,141		467,341,141		12,338,470		886,685,752		789,022,096
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,128,255		2,130,998		110,759		4,370,012		3,960,476
Investment purchases pending		5,100,668		5,864,438		149,843		11,114,949		2,340,467
Securities lending obligations		16,703,158		19,204,277		490,690		36,398,125		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		23,932,081		27,199,713		751,292	_	51,883,086		6,300,943
NET ASSETS										
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	383,074,060	\$	440,141,428	\$	11,587,178	\$	834,802,666	\$	782,721,153

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Police and Fire Retirement			Employees' Retirement		Employees' Retirement	Totals			
		System		System		Plan 3		2004	raio	2003
ADDITIONS		Cyclom	_	Cyclom		i idii o		2001		2000
Contributions:										
Employer	\$	6,925,467	\$	2,084,558	\$	1,219,589	\$	10,229,614	\$	8,265,984
Employee	•	3,482,237	-	2,279,422	•	1,219,589	•	6,981,248	•	6,908,919
Total contributions		10,407,704	_	4,363,980		2,439,178		17,210,862		15,174,903
		,,	_	.,,				,,		,,
Investment income:										
From investment activities										
Net appreciation in fair value										
value of investments		28,537,947		32,815,383		944,715		62,298,045		135,784,440
Interest and dividends		6,652,899		7,718,781		205,825		14,577,505		11,481,262
Commission recapture		66,011		74,085		1,666		141,762		114,056
Total investing activity income		35,256,857		40,608,249		1,152,206		77,017,312		147,379,758
Less investment expense		1,583,615		1,816,989		46,091		3,446,695		3,266,382
Net income from investing activities		33,673,242		38,791,260		1,106,115		73,570,617		144,113,376
From securities lending activities										
Securities lending income		191,413		218,948		5,546		415,907		932,443
Securities lending activities expenses:										
Borrower rebates		135,962		156,116		3,959		296,037		668,348
Management fees		11,796		13,621		343		25,760		78,726
Total securities lending activities expenses		147,758		169,737		4,302		321,797		747,074
Net income from securities lending activities		43,655		49,211		1,244		94,110		185,369
Total net investment income	_	33,716,897	_	38,840,471		1,107,359		73,664,727	-	144,298,745
Transfers from other funds				1,528,790				1,528,790		1,138,869
Transiers from other funds	_		_	1,320,790	_			1,328,790		1,130,009
Total additions		44,124,601		44,733,241		3,546,537		92,404,379		160,612,517
DEDUCTIONS										
Pension benefits		16,759,781		18,882,250		-		35,642,031		34,289,067
DROP and Back DROP payments		635,674		879,053		-		1,514,727		1,863,183
Pension administration		262,061		271,128		33,056		566,245		562,634
Employee contributions refunded		283,197		387,089		400,787		1,071,073		853,838
Transfers to other funds		-		-		1,528,790		1,528,790		1,138,869
Total deductions		17,940,713		20,419,520		1,962,633		40,322,866		38,707,591
Change in net assets		26,183,888		24,313,721		1,583,904		52,081,513		121,904,926
Net assets - beginning		356,890,172		415,827,707		10,003,274		782,721,153		660,816,227
	_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_		_	
Net assets - ending	\$	383,074,060	\$	440,141,428	\$	11,587,178	\$	834,802,666	\$	782,721,153

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

	Jan	Balance luary 1, 2004	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2004		
Payroll Liability Fund				 			
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$	348,573	\$ 97,099,709	\$ 95,069,073	\$	2,379,209	
Accounts receivable		1,184,472	 -	 1,184,472		-	
Total assets	\$	1,533,045	\$ 97,099,709	\$ 96,253,545	\$	2,379,209	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	1,533,045	\$ 52,292,499	\$ 51,446,335	\$	2,379,209	
Total liabilities	\$	1,533,045	\$ 52,292,499	\$ 51,446,335	\$	2,379,209	
Special Assessment Advance Payments F	<u>und</u>						
ASSETS							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,759,885	\$ 1,020,577	\$ 1,048,843	\$	5,731,619	
Investments		400,820	19,173	2,272		417,721	
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		12,221 3,541	9,375	9,375		12,221 3,541	
interest receivable		3,341	 9,373	 9,373		3,341	
Total assets	\$	6,176,467	\$ 1,049,125	\$ 1,060,490	\$	6,165,102	
LIABILITIES							
Deposits	\$	6,176,467	\$ 917,251	\$ 928,616	\$	6,165,102	
Total liabilities	\$	6,176,467	\$ 917,251	\$ 928,616	\$	6,165,102	
Neighborhood Revitalization Fund							
ASSETS							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	15,912	\$ 70,678	\$ 57,372	\$	29,218	
Total assets	\$	15,912	\$ 70,678	\$ 57,372	\$	29,218	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 57,543	\$ 57,543	\$	-	
Deposits		15,912	 70,679	 57,373		29,218	
Total liabilities	\$	15,912	\$ 128,222	\$ 114,916	\$	29,218	

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2004

IRB, PILOT Fund	Balance January 1, 2004			Additions	 Deductions	Balance December 31, 2004		
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	50,694	\$ 50,694	\$	-	
Accounts receivable		17,133		50,694	 50,694		17,133	
Total assets	\$	17,133	\$	101,388	\$ 101,388	\$	17,133	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	50,694	\$ 50,694	\$	-	
Deposits		17,133		50,694	 50,694		17,133	
Total liabilities	\$	17,133	\$	101,388	\$ 101,388	\$	17,133	
Totals - All Agency Funds								
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,124,370	\$	98,241,658	\$ 96,225,982	\$	8,140,046	
Investments		400,820		19,173	2,272		417,721	
Accounts receivable		1,213,826		50,694	1,235,166		29,354	
Interest receivable	_	3,541		9,375	 9,375		3,541	
Total assets	\$	7,742,557	\$	98,320,900	\$ 97,472,795	\$	8,590,662	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,533,045	\$	52,400,736	\$ 51,554,572	\$	2,379,209	
Deposits		6,209,512		1,038,624	 1,036,683		6,211,453	
Total liabilities	\$	7,742,557	\$	53,439,360	\$ 52,591,255	\$	8,590,662	

COMPONENT UNIT

The Wichita Building Commission (WPBC) is reported as a discretely presented component unit within the financial statements of the City of Wichita (the reporting entity) to emphasize its separate legal status. The WPBC acquires and finances buildings or facilities for the City of Wichita or other local, state and federal agencies, school districts, and the Wichita State University Board of Trustees.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - WICHITA PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

For the year ended December 31, 2004

	_	2004	_	2003
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from long term debt	\$	-	\$	15,580,000
Project expenditures		(19,584)		(1,622,756)
Received on direct financing lease		1,430,000		4,225,000
Debt service - principal		(1,430,000)		(4,225,000)
Debt service - refunding		-		(15,320,000)
Debt service - interest		(1,332,194)		(1,792,293)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	=	(1,351,778)		(3,155,049)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of investment		-		973,305
Interest on lease investment		1,285,305		2,116,462
Net cash (used in) investment activities	-	1,285,305	_	3,089,767
Net increase in cash and temporary investments		(66,473)		(65,282)
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	-	1,918,271		1,983,553
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$	1,851,798	\$	1,918,271

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— ADDITIONAL INFORMATION —

Additional schedules represent various financial schedules of the City. Included are supplementary schedules pertaining to long-term debt obligations and investments.

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BONDS PAYABLE Year ended December 31, 2004

	Balance January 1, 2004	Issued	Retired	Balance December 31, 2004
General obligation bonds payable from:	 			
Ad valorem property taxes	\$ 78,744,178	\$ 19,930,000	\$ 23,421,091	\$ 75,253,087
Special assessments	160,865,000	78,940,000	33,085,000	206,720,000
Tax increment financing	18,549,848	13,469,395	3,896,818	28,122,425
Transient guest tax	10,552,208	935,605	1,377,633	10,110,180
Airport Authority	4,315,000	-	575,000	3,740,000
Golf Course System	7,014,486	-	633,982	6,380,504
Transit	16,010	-	16,010	-
Local sales tax	92,690,000	36,000,000	6,510,000	122,180,000
Storm Water Utility	7,476,660	-	1,751,320	5,725,340
Revenue bonds payable from:				
Water Utility	129,913,970	-	5,881,628	124,032,342
Sewer Utility	122,999,027	-	4,528,274	118,470,753
Airport Special Facilities	77,569,852	-	3,403,699	74,166,153
Wichita Public Building Commission	 33,505,000	 	 1,430,000	 32,075,000
	\$ 744,211,239	\$ 149,275,000	\$ 86,510,455	\$ 806,975,784

RECONCILIATION OF BONDS PAYABLE December 31, 2004

General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 458,231,536 348,744,248
Total bonds payable	\$ 806,975,784
Serial bonds payable exclusive of bond anticipation notes Bonds payable from component unit Bonds payable from proprietary funds	\$ 442,385,692 32,075,000 332,515,092
Total bonds payable	\$ 806,975,784

SUMMARY OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE CHARGES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004

PAYABLE FROM TAXES

PAYABLE FROM TRANSIENT GUEST TAX

Year	Principal	Interest	Debt Service Charges		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges
2005	\$ 13,041,600	\$ 2,565,950	\$ 15,607,550	\$	1,219,967	\$	720,737	\$	1,940,704
2006	10,897,920	2,180,079	13,077,999		2,173,598		756,597		2,930,195
2007	10,757,493	1,821,728	12,579,221		1,162,385		731,702		1,894,087
2008	9,757,139	1,431,818	11,188,957		915,686		751,669		1,667,355
2009	8,788,137	1,051,780	9,839,917		901,477		778,128		1,679,605
2010	6,710,580	742,556	7,453,136		889,911		796,976		1,686,887
2011	5,381,076	505,070	5,886,146		891,553		811,924		1,703,477
2012	5,390,073	308,154	5,698,227		891,264		824,992		1,716,256
2013	3,509,069	125,146	3,634,215		896,914		829,966		1,726,880
2014	 1,020,000	 16,830	1,036,830		167,425	_	8,371	_	175,796
	\$ 75,253,087	\$ 10,749,111	\$ 86,002,198	\$	10,110,180	\$	7,011,062	\$	17,121,242

PAYABLE FROM TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

PAYABLE FROM LOCAL SALES TAX

Year	 Principal	 Interest	Debt Service Charges	Principal	 Interest	Debt Service Charges
2005	\$ 6,900,909	\$ 1,090,726	\$ 7,991,635	\$ 8,680,000	\$ 5,741,665	\$ 14,421,665
2006	3,492,121	871,678	4,363,799	8,995,000	5,143,888	14,138,888
2007	2,117,121	726,911	2,844,032	6,800,000	4,721,538	11,521,538
2008	2,285,303	642,925	2,928,228	7,090,000	4,416,688	11,506,688
2009	2,463,485	548,110	3,011,595	7,485,000	4,095,981	11,580,981
2010	2,108,636	451,238	2,559,874	7,820,000	3,766,475	11,586,475
2011	2,284,849	364,471	2,649,320	8,205,000	3,417,000	11,622,000
2012	2,464,091	268,651	2,732,742	8,555,000	3,042,913	11,597,913
2013	1,623,334	163,626	1,786,960	8,955,000	2,635,200	11,590,200
2014	647,576	89,648	737,224	9,335,000	2,193,825	11,528,825
2015	405,000	64,094	469,094	9,730,000	1,746,300	11,476,300
2016	425,000	49,919	474,919	10,150,000	1,272,888	11,422,888
2017	445,000	34,513	479,513	10,600,000	806,250	11,406,250
2018	460,000	17,825	477,825	6,710,000	392,388	7,102,388
2019	 	 	 <u> </u>	 3,070,000	69,075	3,139,075
	\$ 28,122,425	\$ 5,384,335	\$ 33,506,760	\$ 122,180,000	\$ 43,462,074	\$ 165,642,074

TOTAL PAYABLE FROM PROPERTY TAXES

PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Year	 Principal	 Interest	Debt Service Charges	_	Principal	 Interest	Debt Service Charges
2005	\$ 29,842,476	\$ 10,119,078	\$ 39,961,554	\$	30,790,000	\$ 8,409,628	\$ 39,199,628
2006	25,558,639	8,952,242	34,510,881		21,790,000	7,355,538	29,145,538
2007	20,836,999	8,001,880	28,838,879		20,265,000	6,427,072	26,692,072
2008	20,048,128	7,243,100	27,291,227		16,315,000	5,587,422	21,902,422
2009	19,638,100	6,473,999	26,112,099		15,890,000	4,976,475	20,866,475
2010	17,529,127	5,757,245	23,286,372		16,135,000	4,354,290	20,489,290
2011	16,762,478	5,098,464	21,860,943		15,320,000	3,710,478	19,030,478
2012	17,300,427	4,444,710	21,745,138		14,440,000	3,077,955	17,517,955
2013	14,984,317	3,753,938	18,738,255		13,520,000	2,450,643	15,970,643
2014	11,170,001	2,308,675	13,478,675		12,065,000	1,839,950	13,904,950
2015	10,135,000	1,810,394	11,945,394		10,505,000	1,304,925	11,809,925
2016	10,575,000	1,322,807	11,897,807		6,885,000	828,398	7,713,398
2017	11,045,000	840,763	11,885,763		5,760,000	537,200	6,297,200
2018	7,170,000	410,213	7,580,213		4,615,000	293,784	4,908,784
2019	3,070,000	69,075	3,139,075		2,250,000	100,799	2,350,799
2020	-	-	-		35,000	8,068	43,068
2021	-	-	-		35,000	6,528	41,528
2022	-	-	-		35,000	4,953	39,953
2023	-	-	-		35,000	3,308	38,308
2024	 	 	 _		35,000	1,663	36,663
	\$ 235,665,692	\$ 66,606,583	\$ 302,272,275	\$	206,720,000	\$ 51,279,077	\$ 257,999,077

SUMMARY OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE CHARGES PAYABLE FROM PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Airpo	rt Autho	uthority Golf Course			ırse S	System		Storm Water Utility		
Year	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2005	\$	590,000	\$	196,305	\$	653,982	\$	324,486	\$	1,831,320	\$	186,878
2006		625,000		163,900		632,602		286,254		1,917,377		107,352
2007		605,000		129,149		464,026		254,256		282,377		62,688
2008		640,000		94,933		479,947		232,213		282,377		55,275
2009		675,000		58,306		504,947		208,958		282,377		46,804
2010		525,000		19,563		525,000		184,243		282,378		37,274
2011		80,000		4,240		555,000		158,255		282,378		27,179
2012		-		-		590,000		130,228		282,378		16,660
2013		-		-		620,000		99,990		282,378		5,648
2014		-		-		660,000		67,750		-		-
2015		_		-		695,000		34,750		_		-
	\$	3,740,000	\$	666,396	\$	6,380,504	\$	1,981,383	\$	5,725,340	\$	545,758

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

			Totals		
Year	Principal		 Interest	Debt Service Charges	
2005	\$	3,075,302	\$ 707,668	\$ 3,782,970	
2006		3,174,979	557,507	3,732,486	
2007		1,351,403	446,093	1,797,496	
2008		1,402,324	382,421	1,784,745	
2009		1,462,324	314,068	1,776,392	
2010		1,332,378	241,079	1,573,457	
2011		917,378	189,674	1,107,052	
2012		872,378	146,888	1,019,266	
2013		902,378	105,638	1,008,016	
2014		660,000	67,750	727,750	
2015		695,000	 34,750	 729,750	
	\$	15,845,844	\$ 3,193,536	\$ 19,039,380	

SUMMARY OF REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE CHARGES PAYABLE FROM PROPRIETARY FUND AND COMPONENT UNIT REVENUES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water Utility			 Sewer Utility				Wichita Airport Authority			
Year		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2005	\$	6,175,624	\$	5,874,435	\$ 4,760,898	\$	5,641,282	\$	3,691,173	\$	4,680,116
2006		6,457,088		5,600,644	4,966,606		5,450,386		1,268,218		4,504,341
2007		6,768,507		5,309,109	5,202,936		5,244,666		1,359,317		4,415,832
2008		6,652,820		4,997,523	5,096,978		5,018,690		300,000		4,340,666
2009		7,265,900		4,708,407	5,452,887		4,799,878		11,747,445		4,321,186
2010		7,196,760		4,386,191	5,171,678		4,567,215		450,000		3,389,950
2011		7,554,459		4,029,756	5,944,327		4,310,635		480,000		3,360,934
2012		7,902,734		3,646,028	6,727,127		4,011,866		505,000		3,329,794
2013		7,081,905		3,282,505	6,119,793		3,701,716		470,000		3,296,067
2014		7,448,164		2,945,286	6,406,172		3,411,547		435,000		3,266,457
2015		7,863,719		2,588,064	6,774,091		3,103,208		-		3,237,094
2016		8,342,708		2,204,286	7,189,452		2,766,348		-		3,237,094
2017		5,578,392		1,797,390	5,049,036		2,409,075		-		3,237,094
2018		5,934,887		1,538,921	5,358,772		2,156,300		-		3,237,094
2019		3,330,897		1,264,284	4,510,000		1,888,199		-		3,237,094
2020		3,489,190		1,098,991	4,725,000		1,662,699		-		3,237,094
2021		3,663,588		925,844	4,975,000		1,426,449		1,300,000		3,159,365
2022		3,275,000		750,576	5,225,000		1,177,699		-		3,139,594
2023		3,450,000		586,826	5,475,000		916,449		-		3,139,594
2024		1,550,000		414,326	2,400,000		642,699		-		3,139,594
2025		1,745,000		336,826	2,695,000		522,699		-		3,139,594
2026		1,745,000		253,451	2,695,000		393,924		-		3,139,594
2027		1,740,000		170,076	2,700,000		265,149		-		3,139,594
2028		1,820,000		86,939	2,850,000		136,137		-		3,139,594
2029		-		-	-		-		-		3,139,594
2030		-		-	-		-		-		3,139,594
2031		-		-	-		-		2,860,000		3,129,870
2032					 				49,300,000		1,540,625
	\$	124,032,342	\$	58,796,684	\$ 118,470,753	\$	65,624,915	\$	74,166,153	\$	94,414,113

COMPONENT UNIT

Wichita Public

Building (Totals							
Principal	 Interest		Principal		Interest		Charges			
\$ 2,560,000	\$ 1,203,196	\$	17,187,695	\$	17,399,029	\$	34,586,724			
2,760,000	1,126,466		15,451,912		16,681,837		32,133,749			
2,525,000	1,035,824		15,855,760		16,005,431		31,861,191			
2,425,000	949,209		14,474,798		15,306,088		29,780,886			
2,505,000	865,586		26,971,232		14,695,057		41,666,289			
2,595,000	773,228		15,413,438		13,116,584		28,530,022			
2,695,000	677,553		16,673,786		12,378,878		29,052,664			
2,790,000	581,495		17,924,861		11,569,183		29,494,044			
2,890,000	473,696		16,561,698		10,753,983		27,315,681			
3,010,000	354,263		17,299,336		9,977,553		27,276,889			
1,480,000	220,960		16,117,810		9,149,326		25,267,136			
1,555,000	146,315		17,087,160		8,354,043		25,441,203			
1,630,000	69,196		12,257,428		7,512,755		19,770,183			
100,000	28,420		11,393,659		6,960,735		18,354,394			
100,000	24,420		7,940,897		6,413,997		14,354,894			
105,000	20,020		8,319,190		6,018,804		14,337,994			
110,000	15,400		10,048,588		5,527,058		15,575,646			
115,000	10,560		8,615,000		5,078,429		13,693,429			
125,000	5,500		9,050,000		4,648,369		13,698,369			
-	-		3,950,000		4,196,619		8,146,619			
-	-		4,440,000		3,999,119		8,439,119			
-	-		4,440,000		3,786,969		8,226,969			
-	-		4,440,000		3,574,819		8,014,819			
-	-		4,670,000		3,362,670		8,032,670			
-	-		-		3,139,594		3,139,594			
-	-		-		3,139,594		3,139,594			
-	-	2,860,000 3,129,870			3,129,870	5,989,870				
 	 		49,300,000		1,540,625	_	50,840,625			
\$ 32,075,000	\$ 8,581,307	\$	348,744,248	\$	227,417,019	\$	576,161,267			

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS - ALL FUNDS

December 31, 2004

	Inte Ra	rest tes		urity tes	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
	From	<u>To</u>	From	<u>To</u>			
Special Revenue Funds Wichita Housing Authority:							
Certificates of Deposits	1.150	2.320	01/05	05/05	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 1,900,000	
Total Wichita Housing Authority					1,900,000	1,900,000	
HUD 108 Loan:							
U.S. Government Obligations	1.625	2.251	03/05	05/05	\$ 2,590,617	\$ 2,600,000	
Total HUD 108 Loan					2,590,617	2,600,000	
Total Special Revenue Funds					4,490,617	4,500,000	
Permanent Fund Cemetery Fund:							
U.S. Government Obligations	13.875	13.875	05/11	05/11	171,009	177,475	
Common Stocks	-	-	-	-	80,437	80,437	
Total Permanent Fund					251,446	257,912	
Internal Service Funds							
Self Insurance Fund:							
Group Life Insurance Fund:	40.075	40.075	05/44	05/44	10.1.000	202.275	
U.S. Government Obligations	13.875	13.875	05/11	05/11	194,228	200,375	
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	6.125	6.125	01/06	01/06	49,863	51,211	
Total Internal Service Funds					244,091	251,586	
Fiduciary Funds							
Police and Fire Retirement System:							
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	2.750	6.625	02/05	09/12	13,206,497	13,206,497	
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	2.750	9.340	02/05	04/32	28,074,622	28,074,622	
Common Stocks	-	-	-	-	181,775,637	181,775,637	
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities	4.500	11.500	07/05	01/40	16,772,233	16,772,233	
Securities Lending Collateral Pool	-	-	-	-	16,703,158	16,703,158	
Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-	133,844,129	133,844,129	
Total Police and Fire Retirement					390,376,276	390,376,276	

(Continued)

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS - ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2004

	Interest Rates			urity Ites	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	From	<u>To</u>	From	<u>To</u>		
Wichita Employees' Retirement System: ¹						
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	2.750	6.625	02/05	09/12	15,579,284	15,579,284
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	2.750	9.340	02/05	04/32	33,118,737	33,118,737
Common Stocks	-	-	-	_	214,434,922	214,434,922
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities	4.500	11.500	07/05	01/40	19,785,668	19,785,668
Securities Lending Collateral Pool	-	-	-	-	19,694,967	19,694,967
Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-	157,891,652	157,891,652
Total Wichita Employees' Retirement					460,505,230	460,505,230
Total Wichita Employees Nethernent					+00,000,200	+00,000,200
Special Assessment Prepay:						
U.S. Government Obligations	9.375	9.375	02/06	11/16	\$ 417,721	\$ 434,363
Total Special Assessment Prepay					417,721	434,363
Total Fiduciary Funds					851,299,227	851,315,869
Component Unit						
Wichita Public Building Commission:						
Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-	1,851,798	1,851,798
Total Public Building Commission					1,851,798	1,851,798
Transcript Dealed Cook						
Treasurer's Pooled Cash Municipal Investment Pool	1.695	2.014	12/04	01/05	27,042,504	27,042,504
Certificates of Deposits	1.095	2.710	01/05	12/05	22,200,000	22,200,000
U.S. Government Obligations	1.125	7.000	01/05	08/07	215,268,530	214,213,592
o.o. Government Obligations	1.123	7.000	0 1/03	30/07	210,200,000	217,210,032
Total Treasurer's Pooled Cash					264,511,034	263,456,096
Total Investments - All Funds					\$ 1,122,648,213	\$ 1,121,633,261

¹ The investments for the Wichita Employees' Retirement System include investments held by the Employees' Retirement Plan 3.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE

December 31, 2004

	Policy Period		_
Company	From	То	Details of Coverage
Allianz	01-04	01-05	Property Insurance - All risk coverage on real and personal property of the City and property of others for which the City is legally liable, per I.A.W statement of values on replacement cost basis.
Allianz	01-04	01-05	Property Insurance - Comprehensive coverage for steam boilers, air conditioning and electric motors. Property coverage for repair or replacement cost basis.
Allianz	01-04	01-05	Data processing property protection
Hartford Fire	01-04	01-05	Burglary and/or theft coverage for monies and securities
Hartford Fire	01-04	01-05	Blanket position bond - coverage per dishonest acts of employees
Housing Authority Risk Retention Group, Inc.	06-04	06-05	WHA general liability
Travelers Indemnity Co.	06-04	06-05	WHA fire insurance on owned units
Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance	12-04	12-05	WHA flood insurance on owned units
Employers Reinsurance Corp Company	01-04	01-05	Excess workers' compensation coverage - all City employees
Zurich	01-04	01-05	Travel accident insurance
AIG Aviation	01-04	01-05	Helicopter liability coverage - property damage and bodily damage
AIG Aviation	01-04	01-05	Helicopter hull coverage

Terms	 Deductible	 Liability Limits
Per occurrence	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000,000
Per occurrence	10,000	55,000,000
Hardware	100,000	10,000,000
Per occurrence	10,000	500,000
Per loss/per employee	5,000	1,000,000
Per occurrence	10,000	5,000,000
Per occurrence	5,000	48,029 combined limit based ndividual property value
Per occurrence	5,000	48,000 per unit
Per occurrence - liability imposed by law	500,000	Unlimited
Per person / occurrence Per occurrence	0	100,000 500,000
Per occurrence	0	500,000
Per occurrence	120,000	1,200,000

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2004

	Policy I	Period	
Company	From	То	Details of Coverage
WICHITA AIRPORT AUTHORITY			
Aircraft Aviation	07-04	07-05	Comprehensive general liability and property damage
Great American Alliance Insurance Company	04-04	04-05	Underground storage tank liability
US Fidelity & Guarranty	04-04	04-05	General Liability - skycap services
WICHITA ART MUSEUM Ace Fire Underwriters Insurance Company	01-04	01-05	All risk coverage for fine arts collections, on premises, worldwide transit coverage and other locations
WICHITA PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION	- STATE OF	FICE BUILI	<u>DING</u>
St. Paul	01-04	01-05	Property - buildings and earnings State Office Building and parking facility
Western Heritage	01-04	01-05	Comprehensive general liability

Terms	Deductible	Liability Limits
Per occurrence	\$ 10,000	\$ 50,000,000
Per occurrence	10,000	1,000,000
Per occurrence	0	300,000
Per occurrence Permanent Collection and Loan Collection	1,000	80,858,350 @ insured's premises; \$20,000,000 @ any other locatoin; \$20,000,000 in transit; \$50,000,000 any one loss / disaster
Per occurrence as scheduled	5,000	27,500,000
Per occurrence	1,000	2,000,000

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— STATISTICAL SECTION—

The Statistical Section includes schedules showing ten-year financial trends as extracted from current and prior years' financial reports and other supplemental information relevant to the City. The statistical schedules reflect social and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the City.

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GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE 1

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

<u>Year</u>	 Taxes	<u>_</u> A	Special Assessments	 Franchise Fees	 Local Sales Tax	 ntergovern- mental	 Licenses and Permits
1995	\$ 59,109,590	\$	28,338,380	\$ 24,093,937	\$ 33,183,589	\$ 48,580,678	\$ 3,601,599
1996	59,962,122		28,529,206	26,138,340	33,492,240	58,069,696	3,451,183
1997	63,692,486		26,894,346	26,455,348	35,359,410	59,292,126	4,484,107
1998	66,415,469		24,778,035	27,208,461	39,129,814	58,699,654	4,657,614
1999	68,046,858		23,915,289	27,636,037	38,237,574	75,954,075	4,714,786
2000	75,663,130		25,876,797	29,088,392	37,778,881	73,681,578	5,272,042
2001	81,585,715		26,294,749	31,521,170	40,187,186	71,329,574	6,382,478
2002	86,915,250		27,557,210	28,792,310	40,952,104	66,352,482	6,331,427
2003	90,843,658		25,875,386	29,259,353	39,735,404	90,491,983	5,614,375
2004	99,288,559		26,371,062	29,555,657	44,738,968	96,078,213	6,069,181

¹ All Governmental Fund types including Expendable Trust Funds are reported for 1995-2001.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION 1 1995 TO 2004

Year	(General Government	 Public Safety	 Highways and Streets	 Sanitation	 Health and Welfare
1995	\$	22,833,395	\$ 62,162,833	\$ 17,098,696	\$ 2,296,627	\$ 29,159,834
1996	_	21,660,305	66,256,654	15,528,097	2,528,351	29,722,211
1997		21,952,110	68,125,546	14,784,097	4,261,661	32,923,765
1998		23,021,931	71,029,077	16,706,548	4,618,925	29,287,476
1999		24,452,917	72,930,754	15,960,318	5,407,763	31,573,314
2000		23,979,859	76,700,135	17,368,273	4,649,402	37,618,452
2001		25,496,253	78,639,160	17,685,470	6,814,361	38,740,569
2002		29,643,689	84,887,467	18,658,540	4,466,424	36,821,609
2003		25,342,630	86,742,013	17,726,020	3,590,546	38,100,143
2004		29,835,598	91,575,588	18,795,807	3,592,423	34,741,362

¹ All Governmental Fund types including Expendable Trust Funds are reported for 1995-2001.

 Fines and Penalties	 Rentals	Interest Earnings		f	Charges for Services and Sales		her Revenues	 Total	
\$ 4,679,451	\$ 3,188,435	\$	7,217,020	\$	11,042,673	\$	13,560,612	\$ 236,595,964	
5,695,209	3,008,191		6,700,032		12,015,048		9,113,406	246,174,673	
6,515,083	2,815,832		7,101,566		18,936,042		12,028,020	263,574,366	
8,998,905	3,245,227		7,881,271		21,238,172		22,486,769	284,739,391	
9,181,475	3,949,500		8,489,135		18,722,159		17,038,890	295,885,778	
7,399,707	4,147,772		10,211,981		19,775,297		13,470,521	302,366,098	
6,851,819	4,331,335		10,441,337		18,443,762		16,592,383	313,961,508	
8,139,288	4,601,521		7,827,183		9,950,483		12,925,040	300,344,298	
8,453,523	4,175,241		5,053,383		9,841,535		15,340,542	324,684,383	
7,933,219	4,061,404		5,395,775		10,414,054		18,053,333	347,959,425	

Culture and Recreation	Debt Service	С	apital Outlay	Total
 			<u> </u>	
\$ 20,620,601	\$ 56,365,121	\$	48,540,879	\$ 259,077,986
21,535,199	58,782,974		78,466,561	294,480,352
22,821,354	74,909,826		71,485,686	311,264,045
23,796,658	71,406,993		73,175,976	313,043,584
23,723,105	65,056,260		94,253,708	333,358,139
24,386,160	62,857,860		78,919,861	326,480,002
25,098,424	68,993,318		115,791,635	377,259,190
27,270,944	108,846,914		123,827,952	434,423,539
25,986,538	70,888,409		171,333,093	439,709,392
27,883,116	80,085,838		146,567,881	433,077,613

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS GENERAL AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

1995 to 2004 INCLUSIVE (Includes Tangible Property Taxes Only)

						Ratio of Total
			Percentage	Prior Years		Collections to
	Total Tax	Current Tax	Current Tax	Delinquent Tax	Total Tax	Current Tax
Year 1	Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	Levy
1995	\$ 47,839,850	\$ 44,721,966	93.48%	\$ 1,548,661	\$ 46,270,627	96.72%
1996	48,606,040	45,891,724	94.42	1,071,021	46,962,745	96.62
1997	50,127,520	48,453,454	96.66	1,059,780	49,513,234	98.77
1998	52,357,401	50,552,832	96.55	892,780	51,445,612	98.26
1999	54,978,750	52,894,709	96.21	1,118,586	54,013,295	98.24
2000	59,640,740	56,956,649	95.50	1,050,126	58,006,775	97.26
2001	65,180,140	61,319,251	94.08	1,138,608	62,457,859	95.82
2002	68,935,070	65,482,585	94.99	1,509,304	66,991,889	97.18
2003	72,658,900	68,607,004	94.42	1,579,345	70,186,349	96.60
2004	74,459,530	74,179,924	99.62	2,863,353	77,043,277	103.47

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS TAX INCREMENT FINANCE DISTRICTS

1995 to 2004 INCLUSIVE (Includes Tangible Property Taxes Only)

Year ¹	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percentage Current Tax Collected	De	Prior Years linquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Collections to Current Tax Levy
1995	\$ 463,000	\$ 348,300	75.23%	\$	14,410	\$ 362,710	78.34%
1996	472,000	419,174	88.81		10,118	429,292	90.95
1997	925,770	883,832	95.47		16,777	900,609	97.28
1998	800,000	750,460	93.81		21,604	772,064	96.51
1999	1,895,880	1,376,153	72.59		21,726	1,397,879	73.73
2000	2,655,850	2,148,679	80.90		33,870	2,182,549	82.18
2001	4,422,170	3,823,155	86.45		52,416	3,875,571	87.64
2002	4,467,370	3,851,044	86.20		94,646	3,945,690	88.32
2003	4,137,950	4,280,190	103.44		140,673	4,420,863	106.84
2004	6,032,810	4,524,408	75.00		241,486	4,765,894	79.00

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

1995 to 2004 INCLUSIVE

							Ratio of
			Percentage				Total
	Assessments	Current	Current		Prior Years	Total	Collections
	Certified	Assessment	Assessments	-	Assessments	Assessment	to Current
Year 1	to County	Collections ²	Collected		Collected	Collections	Assessment
1995	\$ 25,351,548	\$ 24,017,851	94.74%	\$	1,098,876	\$ 25,116,727	99.07%
1996	25,662,300	24,371,950	94.97		900,252	25,272,202	98.48
1997	25,263,304	24,094,281	95.37		900,990	24,995,271	98.94
1998	22,134,813	21,152,108	95.56		822,551	21,974,659	99.28
1999	21,625,243	20,758,882	95.99		989,461	21,748,343	100.57
2000	22,964,692	21,960,411	95.63		758,196	22,718,607	98.93
2001	24,537,934	23,275,284	94.85		751,457	24,026,741	97.92
2002	24,206,238	22,925,598	94.71		1,244,564	24,170,162	99.85
2003	23,787,996	22,607,207	95.04		1,083,634	23,690,841	99.59
2004	24,659,183	23,334,678	94.63		481,434	23,816,112	96.58

¹ The year shown is the year in which collections were received. The levy or assessment is certified to the county the previous year.

² Special assessments to proprietary funds and any advance payments not included.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE TANGIBLE PROPERTY

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

	Real	Property	Tangible Personal Property					
	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated				
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value				
1995	\$ 1,208,721,313	\$ 7,923,388,216	\$ 218,194,371	\$ 877,170,530				
1996	1,260,063,412	8,689,848,424	226,437,965	914,773,380				
1997	1,322,922,200	9,116,262,709	233,093,559	943,477,660				
1998	1,398,595,181	9,660,784,011	240,784,909	987,508,010				
1999	1,521,203,304	10,572,931,388	258,933,472	1,067,548,300				
2000	1,666,014,499	11,620,282,660	291,867,085	1,214,677,550				
2001	1,787,594,359	12,475,184,748	273,783,041	1,153,727,190				
2002	1,888,529,721	13,132,042,982	277,106,015	1,154,746,660				
2003	2,064,518,376	14,310,944,391	276,057,054	1,147,883,620				
2004	2,147,334,072	14,958,321,316	275,515,975	1,142,835,620				

	Property A	ssessed by	State		Totals			
Year	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		
1995	\$ 118,913,895	\$	360,345,136	\$ 1,545,829,579	\$	9,160,903,882		
1996	117,722,543		356,734,979	1,604,223,920		9,961,356,783		
1997	120,750,610		365,910,939	1,676,766,369		10,425,651,308		
1998	119,767,969		362,933,239	1,759,148,059		11,011,225,260		
1999	118,859,506		360,180,322	1,898,996,282		12,000,660,010		
2000	120,686,046		365,715,291	2,078,567,630		13,200,675,501		
2001	128,885,519		390,562,179	2,190,262,919		14,019,474,117		
2002	116,025,979		351,593,877	2,281,661,715		14,638,383,519		
2003	118,371,640		358,701,939	2,458,947,070		15,817,529,950		
2004	123,092,095		373,006,348	2,545,942,142 1		16,474,163,284		

¹ The total assessed valuation for 2002 times the tax rate for 2003 produces revenue for 2004 operations Source: Sedgwick County Clerk and Sedgwick County Appraiser.

TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 ASSESSED VALUATION)

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

Year ²	General	Debt and Interest	Total	State	Sedgwick County	Board of Education USD 259	Wichita State University	Totals
1995	21.394	10.049	31.443	1.500	26.660	53.609	1.500	114.712
1996	21.261	9.986	31.247	1.500	26.561	51.874	1.500	112.682
1997	21.232	9.993	31.225	1.500	28.717	44.383	1.479	107.304
1998	21.251	10.002	31.253	1.500	28.138	37.636	1.500	100.027
1999	21.355	10.051	31.406	1.500	27.199	37.526	1.500	99.131
2000	21.323	10.036	31.359	1.500	27.057	46.163	1.543	107.622
2001	21.437	10.037	31.474	1.500	27.154	54.926	1.500	116.554
2002	21.727	10.118	31.845	1.500	27.276	51.839	1.500	113.960
2003	21.886	10.019	31.905	1.500	27.317	51.408	1.500	113.630
2004	21.852	9.976	31.828	1.500	27.268	51.296	1.495	113.387

² Represents year taxes were levied to provide support for ensuing budget year.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES 1995 to 2004 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total Debt Service ¹	 Total General Government Expenditures ²	_	Ratio of Debt Service to General Government Expenditures
1995	\$ 38,048,794	\$ 12,713,137		\$ 50,761,931	\$ 259,077,986		19.59%
1996	40,824,242	12,562,333		53,386,575	294,480,352		18.13
1997	45,123,160	14,084,625		59,207,785	311,264,045		19.02
1998	30,964,711	12,624,084		43,588,795	313,043,584		13.92
1999	32,731,124	13,191,494		45,922,618	333,358,139		13.78
2000	35,299,048	14,103,933		49,402,981	326,480,002		15.13
2001	45,819,066	14,118,702		59,937,768	377,259,190		15.89
2002	37,999,607	13,925,542		51,925,149	434,423,539		11.95
2003	40,241,278	14,481,523		54,722,801	439,709,392		12.45
2004	38,570,487	16,473,317		55,043,804	433,077,613		12.71

¹ Excludes debt service related to Section 108 loan.

² Includes expenditures of all governmental fund types.

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT Year ended December 31, 2004

Equalized assessed valuation of taxable tangible property Estimated tangible valuation of motor vehicles					\$	2,545,942,142 435,709,661
Equalized tangible valuation for computation of bonded indebtedness limitations					\$	2,981,651,803
Debt limit (30.0% of equalized tangible valuation)					\$	894,495,541
Total bonded indebtedness Temporary notes (1)						806,975,785 52,300,000
Total debt						859,275,785
Less: Assets in Debt service fund available for payment for pr Water Utility revenue bonds Sewer Utility revenue bonds Airport facilities revenue bonds Public Building Commission revenue bonds Other deductions allowed by law (2) Airport (3) Sewer improvements (3) Park improvements (4) Local Sales Tax (5) Total deductions	rincipal		\$	20,507,080 124,032,342 118,470,754 74,166,153 32,075,000 3,740,000 54,423,482 11,909,690 122,180,000		561,504,501
Legal debt applicable to debt limit						297,771,284
Legal debt margin					\$	596,724,257
(1) G.O. series 211 dated 08/19/04, due 02/17/05	\$	52,300,000				
Total temporary notes	\$	52,300,000				
Amount reclassified as bond anticipation notes Remaining temporary notes	\$	23,160,000 29,140,000				
Total temporary notes	\$	52,300,000				
(2) Kanada Statutas Annatatad 70 5027						

- (2) Kansas Statutes Annotated 79-5037
- (3) Bonds and notes issued for any improvement to airport and sewer system including those payable from special assessments.
- (4) Exempted from debt limitation as of July 1, 1975
- (5) Kansas Statutes Annotated 12-195b

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA 1995 to 2004 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal Year	Population	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt ¹	Debt Service Monies Available	Debt Payable From Local Sales Tax
1001	- r opalation	Value	2001	7 (Valiable	Culco Tux
1995	323,192	1,803,873,557	271,645,000	8,758,360	35,000,000
1996	324,991	1,932,627,650	298,825,000	6,449,650	55,000,000
1997	328,576	2,015,713,886	279,215,000	2,525,891	47,500,000
1998	333,680	2,079,605,936	293,130,366	10,598,695	40,000,000
1999	335,562	2,213,539,119	305,885,369	15,490,109	32,500,000
2000	344,284	2,384,870,895	314,685,359	25,036,511	25,000,000
2001	345,474	2,514,971,481	279,827,300	6,393,033	17,500,000
2002	346,664	2,624,261,870	327,648,632	20,079,218	56,000,000
2003	346,505	2,811,767,428	380,223,390	26,286,111	92,690,000
2004	354,980	2,981,651,803	458,231,536	20,507,080	122,180,000

¹ Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

Debt Payable	Debt Payable From Proprietary And	Debt Payable		Ratio of Net Bonded Debt	Net Bonded
From Transient	Component Unit	From Special	Net Bonded	To Assessed	Debt Per
Guest Tax	Revenues	Assessments	Debt	Value	Capita
7,700,000	26,421,566	131,972,087	61,792,987	3.43	191.20
7,040,000	37,599,496	131,445,100	61,290,754	3.17	188.59
8,650,000	31,522,790	132,085,952	56,930,367	2.82	173.26
17,407,988	25,267,501	140,993,973	58,862,209	2.83	176.40
17,509,400	19,098,427	149,115,000	72,172,433	3.26	215.08
16,203,204	25,062,472	158,375,000	65,008,172	2.73	188.82
14,397,547	21,278,480	149,255,000	71,003,240	2.82	205.52
12,519,875	18,689,488	148,540,000	71,820,051	2.74	207.17
10,552,208	18,822,156	160,865,000	71,007,915	2.53	204.93
10,110,180	15,845,844	206,720,000	82,868,432	2.78	233.45

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002, 2003 AND 2004

	December 31, 2002		
	Percentage of debt applicable to City	City of Wichita share of debt	
Direct Debt:			
General obligation bonded debt Payable from ad valorem taxes		\$ 71,979,724	
Temporary note debt		94,640,000	
Total direct debt		166,619,724	
Less - assets in debt service fund available for payment of principal		20,079,218	
Total net direct debt		146,540,506	
Overlapping debt: Sedgwick County USD 259 Wichita Public Building Commission	75.05% 66.86% 100.00%	80,228,450 176,741,067 18,785,000	
Total overlapping debt		275,754,517	
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$ 422,295,023	

Decembe	er 31, 2003	Decembe	er 31	, 2004
Percentage of debt applicable to City	City of Wichita share of debt	Percentage of debt applicable to City		City of Wichita share of debt
	\$ 78,744,178		\$	75,253,087
	73,310,000			52,300,000
	152,054,178			127,553,087
	26,286,111			65,957,965
	125,768,067			61,595,122
74.68%	84,664,716	74.61%		76,738,883
65.94%	166,633,677	65.41%		179,747,968
100.00%	17,925,000	100.00%		16,550,000
	269,223,393			273,036,851
	\$ 394,991,460		\$	334,631,973

SCHEDULE OF WATER UTILITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

Year	Gross Revenues ¹	Operating Expenses ²	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirements ³	Coverage Ratio
1995	\$ 24,806,078	\$ 12,880,976	\$ 11,925,102	\$ 5,259,342	2.27%
1996	24,659,040	13,871,715	10,787,325	5,127,548	2.10
1997	25,418,775	13,532,744	11,886,031	6,519,080	1.82
1998	30,785,734	15,244,191	15,541,543	6,853,266	2.27
1999	27,341,518	15,425,735	11,915,783	7,254,413	1.64
2000	32,777,828	16,627,483	16,150,345	8,580,246	1.88
2001	39,639,003	17,479,825	22,159,178	9,067,078	2.44
2002	41,247,215	17,829,147	23,418,068	9,289,867	2.52
2003	40,431,959	17,911,055	22,520,904	10,892,117	2.07
2004	41,635,698	18,752,444	22,883,254	12,074,457	1.90

¹ Total revenues (including interest). Beginning in 2001, in accordance with GASB 33, amounts previously reported as contributed capital are now included in revenue, as capital contributions.

SCHEDULE OF SEWER UTILITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

	Gross	Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Annual Debt Service	Coverage
Year	Revenues	1 0	Debt Service	Requirements	Ratio
1995	\$ 21,888,91	12 \$ 12,055,854	\$ 9,833,058	\$ 3,974,760	2.47%
1996	22,390,85	56 12,671,220	9,719,636	3,958,638	2.46
1997	22,041,01	16 12,416,509	9,624,507	4,790,108	2.01
1998	23,776,07	72 12,744,377	11,031,695	5,890,201	1.87
1999	22,269,29	90 13,173,497	9,095,793	6,433,431	1.41
2000	25,015,39	90 13,494,073	11,521,317	6,778,935	1.70
2001	52,684,64	45 14,768,401	37,916,244	7,000,505	5.42
2002	30,205,78	35 15,938,358	14,267,427	6,506,508	2.19
2003	33,054,18	16,251,949	16,802,239	9,005,649	1.87
2004	35,454,56	16,486,958	18,967,611	10,404,191	1.82

¹ Total revenues (including interest). Beginning in 2001, in accordance with GASB 33, amounts previously reported as contributed capital are now included in revenue, as capital contributions.

² Total operating expenses including payments required under the contract with Bureau of Reclamation and exclusive of depreciation.

³ Total debt service requirements excludes the unbonded payments required under the contract with Bureau of Reclamation.

² Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

DECEMBER 31, 2004

Taxpayer	Type of Business		2004 Assessed Valuation	Percent of T Assessed Valu \$2,981,651,8
City of Wichita:	Communication	Φ.	40,400,040	4.50
Southwestern Bell	Communication	\$	46,483,343	1.56
Kansas Gas & Electric	Electric utility		43,470,596	1.46
Simon Property Group	Shopping mall		27,753,650	0.93
Wesley Medical Center	Health care services		23,519,104	0.79
Koch Industries Inc Kansas Gas Service	Oil and gas		14,861,012	0.50 0.49
	Gas utility		14,612,815 8,344,216	0.49
Boeing Military Airplane AT & T	Aircraft manufacturing Communication		6,386,598	0.26 0.21
Builders Inc	Real Estate		5,489,495	0.21
Learjet Inc	Aircraft manufacturing		5,469,495	0.17
Learjet IIIC	All Craft manufacturing	-	5, 147,429	0.17
		\$	196,068,258	6.57
			· · ·	
			2004 Assessed Valuation	Percent of T Assessed Valu \$3,412,388,4
Sedgwick County:				
Kansas Gas & Electric	Electric utility	\$	75,697,566	2.22
Boeing Military Airplane	Aircraft manufacturing		59,592,571	1.75
Southwestern Bell	Communication		52,491,895	1.54
Wesley Medical Center	Health care services		38,847,176	1.14
Simon Property Group	Shopping mall		30,464,043	0.89
Cessna Aircraft	Aircraft manufacturing		22,995,266	0.67
Raytheon Aircraft Company	Aircraft manufacturing		19,408,139	0.57
Kansas Gas Service	Gas Utility		16,461,933	0.48
Vulcan Materials Co	Chemical manufacturing		13,441,677	0.39
Western Resources Electric	Electric utility		12,180,729	0.36
		\$	341,580,995	10.01

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal		Per Capita	Median	School	Percent
Year	Population ¹	Income ²	Age ³	Enrollment⁴	Unemployment⁵
1995	323,192	23,208	32.8	46,579	4.7%
1996	324,991	24,554	32.9	47,423	4.3
1997	328,576	25,724	33.0	47,875	3.4
1998	333,680	27,273	33.1	48,454	3.3
1999	335,562	27,156	33.3	48,547	3.3
2000	344,284	28,165	33.4	49,100	4.2
2001	345,474	28,954	33.6	49,147	4.1
2002	346,664	29,417	33.7	48,962	6.3
2003	346,505	30,411	33.9	49,065	7.1
2004	354,980	31,836	34.0	48,818	5.7

¹1995-2003. Bureau of the Census:

2004 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated)

2003-2004 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated)

2000, Bureau of the Census

2002-2004, Claritas (Estimated)

BANK DEPOSITS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

1995 TO 2004 INCLUSIVE

	ı	Sedgwick Urban Residential Real Estate	City of Wichita Building Permits ²				Sedgwick Cty Commercial Bank
Year		Valuation ¹	Number		Valuation		Deposits ³
1994	\$	7,633,075,504	5,929	\$	252,986,262	\$	3,577,648,000
1995		7,864,025,661	5,744		292,963,801		3,609,795,000
1996		8,292,245,817	6,600		363,253,891		3,807,705,000
1997		8,809,701,983	6,566		385,392,078		3,966,725,000
1998		9,699,726,226	8,333		304,871,674		4,156,833,000
1999		10,683,463,157	7,349		324,796,525		3,491,000,000
2000		11,511,701,522	8,040		405,610,935		3,977,000,000
2001		12,083,753,826	8,441		415,663,000		4,317,000,000
2002		13,135,061,087	7,366		485,037,000		4,547,000,000
2003		NA	7,495		542,872,000		4,695,000,000

¹State of Kansas, Department of Revenue, Division of Property Valuation for Sedgwick County.

²1995-2002 Bureau of Economic Analysis;

³1995-1999, 2001 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated);

⁴Wichita School District, USD 259

⁵Kansas Department of Human Resources, Wichita MSA

²City of Wichita, Office of Central Inspection

³Center for Economic Development and Business Research, Wichita State University. Commercial bank deposits in Sedgwick County as of June 30, 2003 as reported by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

—— SINGLE AUDIT SECTION ——

The Single Audit Section contains Independent Auditors' Reports, schedules, and exhibits reflecting Federal, State and local matching participation in various projects and programs of the City.

Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Wichita, Kansas

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wichita, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wichita's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wichita's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

March 25, 2005 Wichita, Kansas Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM, THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM, AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Wichita, Kansas

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Wichita, Kansas, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and in the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide) for the year ended December 31, 2004. The City of Wichita's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and to its passenger facility charge program is the responsibility of the City of Wichita's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Wichita's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB *Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the Guide. Those standards, OMB *Circular A-133*, and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Wichita's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Wichita's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Wichita complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and to its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the City of Wichita is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs and the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wichita's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB *Circular A-133* and the Guide.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

March 25, 2005 Wichita, Kansas This page intentionally left blank.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2004

Federal Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce Public Works and Development Facilities (7)	11.300	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Community Development Block Grants/			
Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 4,242,906	\$ 4,544,036
Special Purpose Grant	14.225	6,824	68,506
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	213,110	215,201
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	562,709	562,709
HOME Investment Partnerships Program Community Development Block Grants/	14.239	2,675,067	2,940,398
Economic Development Initiative	14.246	154,390	152,842
Community Development Block Grants/			
Section 108 Loan Guarantees	14.248	2,999,070	448,617
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	1,567,034	1,567,034
Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.870	62,476	62,476
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	12,845,836	12,969,856
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	905,974	905,974
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		\$ 26,235,396	\$ 24,437,649
U. S. Department of the Interior			
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid (5)	15.904	56,584	36,565
Outdoor Recreation - Acquisition, Development			
and Planning	15.916	120,706	7,986
Total U.S. Department of the Interior		\$ 177,290	\$ 44,551
U.S. Department of Justice			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	\$ 134,786	\$ 123,716
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law	10.010	Ψ 101,700	Ψ 120,710
Enforcement Assistance Discretionary Grants Program	16.580	21,272	22.734
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	76,644	176,395
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	3,698	1,510
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	323,240	226,678
Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$ 559,640	\$ 551,033
U.S. Department of Labor			
WIA Adult Programs (3)	17.258	(8,636)	(2,543)
WIA Youth Programs (3)	17.259	(37,932)	4,091
Welfare-to-Work Grants to States and Localities (3)	17.253	93,383	93,383
Wellare-to-Work Orants to States and Educatities (5)	17.233	90,000	90,000
Total U.S. Department of Labor		\$ 46,815	\$ 94,931
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	\$ 8,526,498	\$ 8,892,837
Highway Planning and Construction (4)	20.205	22,184,307	18,128,303
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	3,037,395	2,928,381
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$ 33,748,200	\$ 29,949,521

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2004

Federal Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Revenue	
Program Title	Number	Recognized	Expenditures
11091411111110			Experience
Institute of Museum and Library Services			
State Library Program	45.310	\$ 80,085	\$ 83,552
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Air Pollution Control Program Support (1)	66.001	\$ 134,601	\$ 140,655
Water Pollution Control Program Support (1)	66.419	294,189	289,615
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water (1)	66.468	44,398	143,041
Environmental Protection Consolidated Grant	66.600		8,561
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		\$ 473,188	\$ 581,872
Total 0.3. Environmental Flotection Agency		φ 473,100	φ 301,072
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Public Assistance Grants (6)	83.544	\$ 458,956	\$ 458,393
Department of Education			
Twenty-First Century Community Learning	84.287	\$ 56,881	\$ 50,493
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Community Services Block Grant (2)	93.569	1,012,037	1,049,481
Child Care Facility License (1)	93.596	\$ 285,765	\$ 293,296
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$ 1,297,802	\$ 1,342,777
. Sta. C.S. 2 Sparanski S Salar and Haman SSI 11990		+ .,_0,,002	+ .,012,777
Total revenue and expenditures of federal awards		\$ 66,634,253	\$ 61,094,772

Pass-through Agency

- (1) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Health and Environment
- (2) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Commerce and Housing
- (3) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Human Resources
- (4) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Transportation
- (5) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Administration
- (6) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Adjutant General Other
- (7) Administered by Sedgwick County

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2004

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Wichita and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Wichita provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 ount Provided Subrecipients
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 4,382,367
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	\$ 3,212,283

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2004

3. COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT PASSED THROUGH THE KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND HOUSING

Grant Program Year Ended June 30, 2004						
	Budget	Actual Vai			Variance	
		July 1, 2003 January 1, 2004		Total		
		Through	Through			
		December 31, 2003	June 30, 2004			
Grant revenue	\$1,014,637	\$422,800	\$591,837	\$1,014,637	\$ -	
Personnel	\$257,048	\$111,754	\$145,294	\$257,048	\$0	
Contractual	678,025	163,605	492,862	656,467	21,558	
Commodities	74,915	4,515	69,925	74,440	475	
Capital outlay	4,649	-	4,649	4,649	-	
Total						
expenditures	\$1,014,637	\$279,874	\$712,730	\$992,604	\$22,033	

Grant Program Year Ending June 30, 2005				
	Budget	Actual		
		July 1, 2004		
		Through		
		December 31, 2004		
Grant revenue	\$1,008,571	\$420,200		
Personnel	\$314,466	\$119,440		
Contractual	634,339	203,015		
Commodities	39,766	14,296		
Capital outlay	20,000	-		
Total				
expenditures	\$1,008,571	\$336,751		

4. EMERGENCY COMMUNITY SERVICES FOR THE HOMELESS GRANT PASSED THROUGH THE KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND HOUSING

Grant Program Year Ended June 30, 2004					
	Budget		Actual		Variance
		July 1, 2003	January 1, 2004	Total	
		Through	Through		
		December 31, 2003	June 30, 2004		
Grant revenue	\$60,039	\$12,076	\$47,963	\$60,039	\$0
Personnel	\$16,367	\$4,266	\$12,101	\$16,367	\$ -
Contractual	34,070	7,344	26,726	34,070	-
Commodities	9,602	486	9,099	9,585	17
Total					
expenditures	\$60,039	\$12,096	\$47,926	\$60,022	\$17

Grant Program Year Ending June 30, 2005				
	Budget	Actual		
		July 1, 2004		
		Through		
		December 31, 2004		
Grant revenue	\$60,553	\$21,194		
Personnel	\$16,073	\$8,265		
Contractual	\$33,562	7,611		
Commodities	10,918	5,335		
Total				
expenditures	\$60,553	\$21,211		

Wichita Airport Authority SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Year ended December 31, 2004

Federal Agency/ Pass Through Agency Name	Application Approved Number	 Beginning Balance Unliquidated PFC	 PFC Collected	Expenditures or expenses)	 Ending Balance Jnliquidated PFC
Passenger Facility Charges					
PFC Projects PFC Projects PFC Projects	96-02-C-00 98-03-C-00 03-04-C-00	\$ 1,249,191 4,542,230 16,446 5,807,867	\$ 2,071,956 2,071,956	\$ 324,565 852,918 1,177,483	\$ 1,249,191 4,217,665 1,235,484 6,702,340

SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Year ended December 31, 2004

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the of the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT	AUDI	TORS'	RESU	LTS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqu	alified	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?		_ yes	_X_	no
 Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		_ yes	_X_	none reported
 Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 	?	_ yes	_X_	no
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over major programs:				
• Material weaknesses identified?		_ yes	_X_	no
 Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		_ yes	_x_	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unqu	alified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB <i>Circular A-133</i> ?		_ yes	_X_	na

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Continued)

SECTION I - SUM	MARY OF INDEPENDENT	AUDITORS' RESULTS (Continued)				
Identification of major pr	oarame:					
ndentinoation of major pr	ograms.					
CFDA NUMBER	NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM					
11.300	Public Works and Deve	elopment Facilities				
14.850	Public and Indian Hous					
14.871	Section 8 Housing Cho	•				
Dollar threshold used to	_					
between type A and type B programs: \$1,832,843						
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	X yes no				
SEC	CTION II - FINANCIAL STA	TEMENT FINDINGS				
None were reported.						
SECTION III – F	FEDERAL AWARD FINDIN	GS AND QUESTIONED COSTS				
None were reported						

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WATER AND SEWER SECTION

The Water and Sewer Section contains schedules and exhibits that fulfill the requirements of the Water and Sewer bond covenants.



Water & Sewer Director's Office City Hall – Eighth Floor 455 North Main Wichita, Kansas 67202

April 23, 2005

To our Water and Sewer Bondholders:

On behalf of the City of Wichita and its Water and Sewer Utility, I am pleased to present our 2004 Annual Report.

Wichita continues to uphold its tradition of excellence. Our mission as the premier water and sewer utility in the region is to provide quality, reliable, customer convenient water and sewer service that represents extraordinary value. That mission is achieved by ensuring effectiveness, efficiency, fiscal responsibility, accountability, responsiveness, customer friendliness, and accessibility, while increasing productivity.

The Wichita Water and Sewer Department treats and distributes potable water, and collects and processes wastewater, for about 500,000 people in south central Kansas. Services include maintaining about 3,800 miles of sewer and water mains, with related facilities, and working with developers to provide infrastructure for continued growth.

2004 was a watershed year for the Water and Sewer Utility. The Cowskin Creek Water Quality Reclamation Facility, brought on-line in 2003, won more awards this past year. Rehabilitation projects at Sewage Treatment Plant 1 included additional odor control, solids pumping improvements, and electrical upgrades. Site studies were conducted for two additional sewage treatment plants.

The utility significantly improved customer access to billing information with the installation of software that enables web access to customer accounts, credit card payment, payment by telephone, automated telephone access to customer information, and an integrated call center. As a result, the amount of time customers wait to speak with a customer account representative decreased dramatically, as did the telephone abandonment rate. The utility also initiated a program to systematically install automated meter reading devices for about 20 percent of our

customers. The automated meter reading devices enable staff to read in 2 hours what formerly required approximately 50 hours.

After several 2003 events that resulted in undesirable taste and odor in the treated water, the Utility began feeding powdered activated carbon (PAC) to the raw water from Cheney Reservoir while proceeding with a design/build project for ozonation. The ozonation plant is targeted for completion in the late spring of 2005. Since the Utility began using PAC, no additional episodes of taste or odor problems have resulted. The City also built an elevated storage tank to improve water pressure for new development, including service to several northeast medical facilities and completed replacement of all motors at Hess Pump Station.

The Department is continuing its efforts on an integrated water supply plan to meet the needs of our customers through 2050.

I want to express my gratitude to our employees for making our operation successful. Without your continuous efforts the utility would be unable to provide our customers with quality, reliable water and sewer service.

David R. Warren, Director

Water and Sewer Department

The City of Wichita, Kansas

WATER AND SEWER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

For year ended December 31, 2004

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

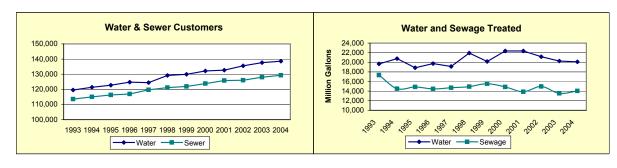
UNAUDITED

WATER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

	Number of C	Sustomers	Water R	levenues	Water Co (Million C	
CUSTOMER CLASS	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Residential	121,529	119,747	\$ 20,633,247	\$ 20,170,559	9,355	10,109
Commercial / Industrial	12,687	12,446	10,583,041	10,007,306	7,362	6,987
Institutional	-	876	-	-	-	938
Wholesale	12	11	1,316,910	771,112	1,373	732
Lawn Services	2,912	2,855	-	-	-	-
Fire Protection	1,103	1,281	116,749	97,106	-	-
Contract	361	376	584,576	734,139	318	399
Other Sales	-	-	220,550	197,755	83	40
Estimated Leaks	-	-	-	-	28	9
Water Utility Uses	22	-	-	-	264	200
Unaccounted for Water	-	_	-	-	1,327	856
	138.626	137.592	\$ 33.455.073	\$ 31.977.977	20.110	20.270

SEWER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

	Number of Customers		Sewer R	levenues		
CUSTOMER CLASS	2004	2003	2004	2003		
Residential	117,548	116,309	\$ 13,958,288	\$ 14,072,768		
Commercial	10,868	10,851	6,941,262	7,093,215		
Industrial	22	22	3,093,437	2,982,715		
Institutional	801	807	569,310	614,128		
Wholesale	1	1	76,720	-		
Other	-	-	37,658	37,806		
Extra Strength	26	26	1,203,819	913,391		
	129,266	128,016	\$ 25,880,494	\$ 25,714,023		



REPORT IN BRIEF

	2004	2003	CHANGE
Number of Water Customers	138,626	137,592	0.75%
Number of Sewer Customers	129,266	128,016	0.98%
Miles of Water Line	2,006	1,903	5.41%
Miles of Sanitary Sewer Line	1,919	1,816	5.67%
Water Produced (Million Gallons)	20,110	20,270	-0.79%
Wastewater Treated (Million Gallons)	14,033	13,534	3.69%
Cost of Treated, Pressurized Water per 1000 gal.	\$0.36	\$0.33	9.09%
Cost of Treated Wastewater per 1000 gal.	\$0.58	\$0.57	1.75%

CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES

NET REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES MADE FROM OPERATING REVENUES

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

		Water		Sewer		Combined
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	33,455,073	\$	25,880,494	\$	59,335,567
Investment earnings		387,931		246,156		634,087
Capital contributions		7,765,899		9,157,697		16,923,596
Bond discount amortization		-		48,180		48,180
Transfers from other funds		-		99,058		99,058
Other		26,795		22,984		49,779
Gross earnings		41,635,698		35,454,569		77,090,267
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE						
Personal services		7,539,116		8,587,551		16,126,667
Contractual services		5,214,503		4,118,502		9,333,005
Materials and supplies		2,890,235		2,070,705		4,960,940
Administrative charges		851,130		205,060		1,056,190
Contributions to the city		1,972,560		1,505,140		3,477,700
Payment for cheney reservoir		284,900		-		284,900
Total operations and maintenance		18,752,444		16,486,958		35,239,402
Net revenues available for debt service	\$	22,883,254	\$	18,967,611	\$	41,850,865
REVENUE BONDS DEBT SERVICE	\$	12,074,457	\$	10,404,191	\$	22,478,648
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO		1.90		1.82		1.86
Gross earnings	\$	41,635,698	\$	35,454,569	\$	77,090,267
Less: investment earnings	·	387,931	,	246,156	•	634,087
Less: capital contributions		7,765,899		9,157,697		16,923,596
Less: bond discount amortization		-		48,180		48,180
Less: transfers from other funds		-		99,058		99,058
Operating revenues	\$	33,481,868	\$	25,903,478	\$	59,385,346
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FROM OPERATING REVENUES	\$	2,659,705	\$	537,530	\$	3,197,235

PROPERTY INSURANCE

	THE ENT HEODING								
Insurance									
Company	2004 Premium	Period covered	Detail of Coverage						
Allianz	\$161,940	1-04 to 1-05	* All risk coverage on real and personal property. \$100,000 deductible per occurrence.						
Allianz	(included in property)	1-04 to 1-05	*Comprehensive coverage for steam boilers, air conditioning and electric motors. \$10,000 deductible per occurrence.						

^{*}Property insurance for the Utility is included in the City's coverage. Limits shown are for the entire City. Premiums shown are the amounts paid by the Wichita Water & Sewer Department.

WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2004

(with comparative totals for December 31, 2003)

	2004	2003
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 7,011,170	\$ 6,525,281
Receivables, net	6,702,654	6,935,179
Inventories	1,127,246	1,223,624
Prepaid items	1,054	1,508
Restricted assets:	12 970 942	12 406 947
Cash and temporary investments Total current assets	13,879,842 28,721,966	13,496,847 28,182,439
Total current assets	20,721,900	20,102,439
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and temporary investments	40,851,529	65,915,030
Capital assets:		
Land	11,732,843	10,914,570
Buildings	147,703,726	131,310,005
Improvements other than buildings	567,679,343	522,423,559
Machinery, equipment and other assets	57,806,870	50,821,014
Construction in progress	77,021,154	102,484,321
Less accumulated depreciation	(190,152,487)	(175,478,443)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	671,791,449	642,475,026
Other assets Total noncurrent assets	3,574,271 716,217,249	3,799,199 712,189,255
Total Horiculterit assets	710,217,249	7 12, 169,255
Total assets	\$ 744,939,215	\$ 740,371,694
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,300,540	\$ 1,581,871
Accrued interest payable	226,019	250,158
Deposits	1,885,881	1,776,900
Current portion of long-term obligations:		
Contracts payable	277,803	270,507
Compensated absences	664,866	652,042
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	2.042.220	2.000.045
Accrued interest payable Revenue bonds payable	2,943,320 10,936,522	3,086,945 10,409,902
Total current liabilities	18,234,951	18,028,325
Total current habilities	10,234,331	10,020,323
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Revenue bonds	231,566,573	242,503,095
Unamortized deferred refunding	(805,511)	(914,291)
Unamortized revenue bond premium	5,254,065	5,514,633
Contracts payable	-	277,803
Compensated absences	103,224	90,308
Total noncurrent liabilities	236,118,351	247,471,548
Total liabilities	254,353,302	265,499,873
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	432,948,727	392,668,990
Restricted for:		
Debt service	2,840,144	2,978,169
Revenue bond reserves	40,612,961	65,389,333
Unrestricted Total pot accets	14,184,081	13,835,329 474.871.821
Total net assets	490,585,913	4/4,8/1,821
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 744,939,215	\$ 740,371,694

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended December 31, 2004

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	2004			2003	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$	59,633,044	\$	57,867,457	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(15,798,030)		(15,382,319)	
Cash payments to employees for services		(16,130,927)		(15,518,769)	
Payment in lieu of franchise fees		(3,477,700)		(3,515,500)	
Other operating revenues		43,968		42,045	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		24,270,355		23,492,914	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating grant received Transfers to other funds		(2,480,153)		(1 502 609)	
Interfund loan		(2,460,153)		(1,502,698)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(2,480,153)		(1,502,698)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payment of temporary notes				(50,000,000)	
Proceeds from capital debt		_		(50,000,000) 120,365,000	
Premuims from the sale of bonds		-		5,467,418	
Accrued interest from the sale of bonds		-		309,310	
Bond issuance costs paid				(2,259,730)	
Payment of inerfund loan				(2,239,730)	
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(30,693,983)		(40,472,175)	
Debt service - principal		(10,680,409)		(9,222,396)	
Debt service-refunding		(10,000,403)		(3,222,330)	
Debt service - interest		(12,083,140)		(10,960,270)	
Proceeds from sale of assets		87,463		(1,317,644)	
Capital contributions		6,751,163		6,223,054	
Net cash provided by (used in)	-	0,701,100		0,220,001	
capital and related financing activities		(46,618,906)		18,132,567	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments		634,087		910,891	
Net cash provided by investing activities		634,087		910,891	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments Cash and temporary investments - January 1		(24,194,617) 85,937,158		41,033,674 44,903,484	
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$	61,742,541	\$	85,937,158	
Castralia temperary investmente. Bessinder et	<u> </u>	01,112,011		00,007,100	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH					
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$	9,531,129	\$	10,265,870	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				., .,,.	
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		14,869,715		13,592,411	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		232,525		112,638	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		96,378		(180,758)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		454		(1,508)	
(Decrease) in accounts payable/accrued expenses		(544,727)		(374,039)	
(Decrease) increase in deposits		59,141		60,479	
Increase in compensated absences		25,740		17,821	
Total adjustments		14,739,226		13,227,044	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	24,270,355	\$	23,492,914	
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities					
Assets contributed by benefit districts	\$	9,903,254	\$	8,438,129	
Contribution of capital assets	*	269,179	7	126,348	
Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		-		127,556	
				, 000	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2004 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	2004	2003	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 59,335,567	\$ 57,692,000	
Rentals	5,811	2,340	
Other	43,968	42,045	
Total operating revenues	59,385,346	57,736,385	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	16,156,667	15,536,590	
Contractual services	9,333,005	9,287,221	
Materials and supplies	4,960,940	4,563,493	
Administrative charges	1,056,190	975,300	
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	3,477,700	3,515,500	
Depreciation	14,869,715	13,592,411	
Total operating expenses	49,854,217	47,470,515	
Operating income (loss)	9,531,129	10,265,870	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Operating grants	-	-	
Interest on investments	634,087	910,891	
Other revenues (expenses)	(263,396)	(182,364)	
Interest expense	(8,466,659)	(6,771,891)	
Gain (Loss) from sale of assets	(200,152)	(1,317,644)	
Bond discount amortization	35,640	24,948	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(8,260,480)	(7,336,060)	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,270,649	2,929,810	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND OPERATING TRANSFERS			
Capital contributions	16,923,596	14,787,531	
Transfers from other funds	99,058	195,652	
Transfers to other funds	(2,579,211)	(1,570,794)	
Change in net assets	15,714,092	16,342,199	
Net assets - beginning, as previously reported	474,871,821	463,675,041	
Prior period adjustment		(5,145,419)	
Net assets - beginning, as restated	474,871,821	458,529,622	
Total net assets - ending	\$ 490,585,913	\$ 474,871,821	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wichita is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying combined financial statements represent the proprietary Water and Sewer Utility Funds of the municipal government. The Water Utility Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water supply component of the combined utility. The Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sewer component of the combined utility, including wastewater treatment plants and the sewer mains and laterals.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All users, including other City Departments, are charged for services. Uncollected sales, billed or unbilled, are recorded in the financial statements net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible as of December 31, 2004.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services and the portion of tap fees intended for recovery of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses of the utilities include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Consistent with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 33, capital contributions resulting from nonexchange transactions are included in nonoperating revenues.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments, which is managed by the Director of Finance (except for investments of the pension trust funds). The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and also, effectively, may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities, carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Interest income earned is allocated to contributing funds based on average daily cash balances and in accordance with the adopted budget.

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows, is defined as all cash and temporary investments, both restricted and unrestricted. Temporary investments generally have an original maturity of 90 days or less.

D. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method except for the Water Utility, which is valued using an average unit cost method.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost (if actual historical cost is not available). Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets, including the depreciation of capital leased assets, is charged as an expense against the utility operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheet. Capital assets of the utilities are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets Classification	Year
Buildings and improvements	1-42
Improvements other than buildings	1-50
Equipment	1-33
Vehicles	1-20
Water/Sewer mains and drainage	75-85

F.Capitalized Interest

Interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets. During 2003 and 2004, total interest costs of the combined Water and Sewer Utility Fund were \$11,811,894 and \$12,128,149 of which \$5,040,003 and \$3,661,490, respectively, was capitalized.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

Annually, the Water Utility and Sewer Utility pay to the General Fund of the City, in lieu of franchise fees, an amount not to exceed five percent of gross revenues for the preceding year, which is included in the annual budget. The combined utility paid to the General Fund of the City \$3,515,500 in 2003 and paid to the General Fund of the City in 2004 a total of \$3,477,700. The payment in lieu of franchise fees is an operating expense passed through to the Utilities' customers.

H. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts to employees who separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the financial statements.

All permanent full-time and permanent part-time employees of the reporting entity within six months of continuous employment are eligible for vacation benefits in varying amounts. City policy provides that exempt employees may accumulate and carry forward each year, not more than 30 days of vacation leave. Non-exempt employees may accumulate and carry forward each year, not more than 240 hours of vacation leave.

Sick leave benefits accrue to full time employees at varying rates, depending on the employees length of service to the City. A limitation has not been placed on the amount of unused sick leave that may accumulate. Upon retirement, employees may apply unused sick leave benefits to increase the employee's retirement benefit.

I. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are being amortized using the straight-line method of amortization over the life of the bonds.

J. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

2. Cash and Investments

A. Cash

At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the combined Utility's cash and temporary investments in the amount of \$61,742,541 and \$85,937,158 respectively are included in the City's pooled cash and temporary investments fund of \$318,778,285 and \$289,803,805 respectively.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reporting entity to categorize their cash deposits at year-end according to three credit risk categories. Category 1 includes cash deposits that are insured under a federal depository insurance fund or are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes cash deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes cash deposits that are uncollateralized or collateralized with securities which are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

As of December 31, 2004, the reporting entity's cash deposits were categorized as follows:

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Total
Bank Deposits	\$37,512,967	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,512,967
Reconciling Items				(7,730,793)
Book Balance				\$ 29,782,174

Reconciling items primarily include outstanding checks and deposits that were in transit at year-end.

B. Investments

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker, dealer, or financial institution, or financial institution's trust department or safekeeping department, or agent but not in the City's name. Additional information on the investments including the year-end investment totals for the primary government are reported in the Notes to the Financial Statement for the City of Wichita, located in the Financial Section of this publication.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2004

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the of the Water and Sewer Utilities for the year ended December 31, 2003 was as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	 Balance January 1	 Additions	 Deletions	 Balance December 31
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,915	\$ 878	\$ (60)	\$ 11,733
Construction in progress	 102,484	 33,090	(58,553)	77,021
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 113,399	 33,968	 (58,613))	 88,754
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	131,310	20,820	(4,426)	147,704
Improvements other than buildings	522,423	45,507	(251)	567,679
Machinery, equipment and other assets	 50,821	 7,287	(301)	57,807
Total capital assets being depreciated	 704,554	 73,614	 (4,978)	 773,190
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(47,738)	(2,892)	-	(50,630)
Improvements other than buildings	(103,395)	(7,852)	12	(111,235)
Machinery, equipment and other assets	(24,345)	 (4,126)	 184	 (28,287)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (175,478)	 (14,870)	196	(190,152)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 642,475	\$ 92,712	\$ (63,395))	\$ 671,792

4. Retirement Funds

The reporting entity contributes to a defined single-employer retirement benefit plan, the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WERS) and a single-employer defined contribution plan, the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3. Both plans are governed by the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees. All full-time employees of the Utilities participate in one of the retirement plans. The payroll for the Utilities' employees covered by the systems for the years ended December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003 was \$13,666,948 and \$12,839,146 respectively, which was also the total payroll for the utilities.

Additional information on the retirement systems is reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements for the City of Wichita, located in the Financial Section of this publication. The Wichita Retirement System also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for WERS and Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Wichita Retirement System, City Hall, 12th Floor, 455 N. Main, Wichita, KS 67202 or by calling (316) 268-4544.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

4. Retirement Funds (continued)

The WERS was established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, disability benefits, death benefits, and other benefits for all regular full-time civilian employees of the reporting entity and their dependents. Plan 1 was established by City ordinance on January 1, 1948 and became closed to new entrants as of July 19, 1981. With the initiation of Plan 2, which was established by City ordinance on July 18, 1981, all covered employees of Plan 1 were given the option of converting to the new plan. Plan 2 was also closed to new entrants with the establishment of Plan 3, effective January 1, 1994. However, upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in Plan 3 may convert to participation in Plan 2. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WERS are authorized by the City Council.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. Members of Plan 1 and 2 are required to contribute 6.4 and 4.7 percent of covered salaries, respectively. The Utility is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2003 was 4.7 percent of annual covered payroll for both Plans 1 and 2.

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2004, the Utility's annual pension cost of \$561,678 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the second year this smoothing method has been used.

The actuarial value of the entire WERS assets as of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003 were respectively \$462,994,000 and \$446,794,000 while the actuarially determined accrued liability was \$413,159,000 and \$387,037,000 respectively. Assets in excess of the actuarial accrued liability at the end of 2004 were \$49,835,000 and at the end of 2003 \$59,757,000.

For the year ending December 31, 2004, employee and employer contributions to all pension plans for the Utility totaled \$575,222 and \$561,678 respectively.

5. Self-Insurance Fund

The Utility participates in self-insurance fund programs of workers' compensation, group life insurance, employee liability, property damage, auto liability and general liability.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

The workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the reporting entity. The annual requirements of the workers' compensation program are determined based on current claims outstanding and estimates of future liability based on pending claims, maintaining a 90 percent confidence level.

The City maintains a cost plus life insurance program administered by Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company, which provides life, accidental death and dismemberment, and conversion privileges to participants and life insurance to designated dependents. Benefit levels are based on employee compensation.

The City's general liability program provides for legal defense and claims against employees of the reporting entity when an incident occurs during the course of employment. The program also includes vehicle liability and building and content insurance.

6. Long-Term Debt

A. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are issued by the City of Wichita where income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2004 are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Interest	Final Maturity	Amount
	Rates	<u>Date</u>	Outstanding
1997-Water & Sewer	4.50 - 7.875%	2016	\$ 47,480
1998-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 4.70%	2012	19,345
1999-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 6.00%	2018	38,900
2000A-Water	4.69%	2021	2,382
2000B-Water	4.69%	2021	4,101
2001-Water & Sewer	3.00 - 5.00%	2009	10,930
2003-Water & Sewer	2.00 - 5.25%	2028	<u>119,365</u>
Total Water and Sewer Utility			\$ 242.503

Changes in the long-term liability for the year ended December 31, 2004 are summarized in the following table:

ioliowing table.					
ŭ	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$252,913	\$ -	\$ (10,410)	\$242,503	\$10,937
Unamortized premium	5,515	-	(261)	5,254	(261)
Deferred amount on refunding	(914)	_	109	(805)	109
Total bonds payable	257,514	-	(10,562)	246,952	10,785
Contract payable	548	-	(270)	278	278
Compensated absences	742	912	(886)	768	665
Total long-term liabilities –					
Water and Sewer Utility	\$258,804	\$ 912	\$(11,718)	\$247,998	<u>\$ 11,718</u>

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. Revenue Bonds (continued)

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2005	\$ 10,937	\$ 11,516
2006	11,424	11,051
2007	11,971	10,554
2008	11,750	10,016
2009 - 2013	66,418	41,444
2014 - 2018	65,945	24,920
2019 - 2023	42,118	11,698
2024 - 2028	<u>21,940</u>	3,222
Totals	<u>\$242,503</u>	\$ 124,421

B. Contract Payable

The Water Utility maintains a contract payable to the U.S. Department of Interior for construction of Cheney Reservoir, which was issued for \$5,754,025 in January, 1961. The liability is payable in annual installments on October 1. The remaining balance on December 31, 2004 is \$277,803 calling for one principal installments, \$277,803 in 2005 plus interest at 2.625 percent. Debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Utility contract payable are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2005	278	7

C. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond ordinances related to the issuance of revenue bonds provide for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2004, the City was in compliance with all significant reserve requirements of the respective Water and Sewer Utility revenue bond ordinances.

Account	Amount	Expenses
Unrestricted revenue	Amount deemed reasonable and necessary to pay expense of operation and maintenance for the ensuing 60 days	Expenses for operation, repair and maintenance for the Utility
Principal and Interest	An equal prorate portion of the next semi- annual interest payment plus the semiannual principal maturity on the first day of each month which is sufficient to meet the maturing bond and interest requirements.	Payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements (continued)

Account	Amount	Expenses
Bond Reserve	All Utility revenue bonds are guaranteed by an alternate credit facility. Therefore a bond reserve is not required.	
Depreciation and replacement	\$5,000 monthly, or the amount available after above allocations, until 15% of the operating revenues of the preceding year are accumulated.	To be used for the purpose of making extraordinary maintenance and repairs, capital improvements, and if other funds are not available, for the cost of operating and maintaining the Utility.
Improvement	Amount remaining in the Revenue Fund on each January 1, which shall not be required for the operation and maintenance of the Utility or for the transfers required to the above accounts for a period of 90 days shall be credited to the account.	May be used for (1) operational and maintenance expenses of the Utility, (2) increase amounts in any of the other accounts to cover potential deficiencies, (3) improvements, repairs or extensions of the utility, (4) redemption of bonds issued under provisions of the ordinance prior to maturity, or (5) to make transfers to the Revenue Fund.

At December 31, 2004 and 2003, cash determined in accordance with the revenue requirements was \$7,011,169 and \$6,525,281.

Assets segregated and restricted are as follows:

	2004	2003
Principal and Interest	\$14,118,410	\$14,022,544
Depreciation and Replacement	5,719,102	5,469,486
Improvement	34,893,860	59,919,847
	\$54,731,372	\$79,411,877

7. Temporary Notes Payable

Kansas Statutes permit the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects that will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

7. Temporary Notes Payable (continued)

governing body must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing, and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. As of December 31, 2004, the Utility did not have any temporary notes outstanding.

8. Segment Information

The Utility maintains separate funds for water and sewer services. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2004 is located in the Financial Section of this publication.

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